

Track and Systems Agreement No.: [●]

Part A-3: SCHEDULES TO GENERAL PROVISIONS

INDUSTRY DRAFT - May 9, 2019

Table of Contents

Schedule 1 - Baseline Program and Reporting

Schedule 2 – Testing and Commissioning Program Requirements

Schedule 3 - Milestones

Schedule 4 – Escalation Adjustment

Schedule 5 - Form of Certificates of Acceptance

Schedule 5-1 – Certificate of Acceptance for Preliminary Submittals

Schedule 5-2 - Certificate of Acceptance for Baseline Program and PMP

Schedule 5-3 – Certificate of Acceptance for Mock-Ups

Schedule 5-4 – Certificate of Acceptance for Test Track

Schedule 5-5 – Certificate of Acceptance for Maintenance Training Plan and Maintenance Plan

Schedule 5-6 - Certificate of Provisional Acceptance

Schedule 5-7 - Certificate of Conditional Acceptance

Schedule 5-8 - Certificate of Final Acceptance

Schedule 5-9 - [RESERVED]

Schedule 5-10 – [RESERVED]

Schedule 5-11 - [RESERVED]

Schedule 5-12 - Non-Conformances

Schedule 6 - Performance Standards

Appendix 1 to Schedule 6 – Allowable Percentages of Missed Trips for first 360 days of Revenue Service

Schedule 7 – Design Development and Review

Schedule 8 - Verification Validation and Self Certification

Schedule 9 - Schedule of Values

Schedule 10 - Asset Management

Schedule 11 – Maintenance Facility Requirements

Schedule 12 - Community Benefits Agreement

Schedule 13 – Governmental Approvals

Schedule 14 – Integration and Interface Requirements



SCHEDULE 1

BASELINE PROGRAM AND REPORTING

1.0 Project Controls Requirements

[Under development.]

1.1. General Requirements

In addition to the requirements contained in Article 6 of the General Provisions, Contractors shall follow the following requirements as related to Project Controls, the Baseline Program, and Reporting.

1.1.1. Completion, Timeliness and Review of Submittals

To promote the efficient use of Contractor and Authority resources, the submittal requirements have been phased. Part of the Authority's review of the proposed Baseline Schedule will be a concurrent and repetitive process with the Contractor's preparation of the Baseline Schedule. The Contractor shall complete and submit portions of the Baseline Schedule in accordance with the submittal deadlines contained in Table 1. For the determination of submittal deadline dates, the date of NTP shall be the first Working Day.

Baseline Schedule submittals will be reviewed for conformity with the Contract. Each submittal required by this section shall reflect the incorporation of all of the Authority's comments on the Baseline Schedule to date. With each submittal, the Contractor shall provide a written response to each of the Authority's comments to-date, to enhance the Authority's ability to conduct timely, efficient reviews of the submittals.

Failure of the Contractor to provide complete, timely Baseline Schedule submittals as specified and, in the sequence, and time frames, as specified below, may result in delays or extensions to the Authority review periods. Baseline Schedule Submittals may be rejected for incompleteness or failure to meet the specification requirements and a re-submittal will be required. The Authority will not be obligated to accelerate its review to compensate for the Contractor's failure to meet submittal requirements or deadlines. The Contractor may submit information earlier than required in the Baseline Schedule Submittal Schedule in Table 1; however, the Authority will not be obligated to complete its review of that information any earlier than the deadline specified for its review.

The WBS and activity codes are essential to the Authority's review for accessing the information contained in the Baseline Schedule. If the values of any WBS or activity code are incorrectly assigned the submittal may be returned, at the Authority's discretion, for correction and resubmittal.



1.1.2. Weekly Meetings

The Contractor shall meet, at a minimum, once each week with the Authority and its representatives, until the proposed Baseline Schedule is accepted, to discuss the preparation of the Baseline Schedule and the administration of the Project Schedules. Members of the Contractor's project management staff, and/or, sub-contractors and suppliers shall be present at the Contractor's discretion or when requested by the Authority. Meeting minutes shall be taken by the Contractor in accordance with Article 24 of the General Provisions.

1.1.3. Preliminary Baseline Schedule Information

At each weekly meeting, unless waived in writing by the Authority, the Contractor shall provide an electronic data file containing the Baseline Schedule in its current state. These schedule files will be for informational purposes only. A waiver of any weekly submittal of the electronic Baseline Schedule does not relieve the Contractor of its duty to update the Baseline Schedule nor of its duty to submit the electronic data file at subsequent weekly meetings.

1.1.4. Baseline Schedule Submittal

In the course of developing the Baseline Schedule, the Contractor shall submit the following deliverables for Authority review in accordance with the following schedule:

Table 1: Baseline Schedule Submittal Schedule

Step	Description	Submittal Deadline ¹	Authority Review Period ²
1	Schedule Framework and initial proposed Payment Breakdown	[10]	[10]
2	Schedule Framework Re-submittal and Project Schedule Administration Plan	[20]	[10]
3	CPM Logic with coding and Narrative Submittal	[40]	[10]
4	Activity Resource Loading and Cost Loading	[60]	[10]
5	Baseline Schedule Submittal	[80]	[10]
6	Corrected Baseline Schedule Submittal	[100]	[10]

¹Working days after NTP

²Working days from the Contractor submittal



All submittals shall be in accordance with Article 8 of the General Provisions.

1.1.4.1. Schedule Framework Submittal (Step 1)

No later than the deadline specified in the Baseline Schedule Submittal Schedule (in Table 1), the Contractor shall submit for SONO the Schedule Framework Submittal, which shall include the following components:

- (a) Work Breakdown Structure (WBS) the Contractor defined WBS. The Contractor shall incorporate the Authority WBS and the Contractor WBS shall be an extension to the Authority WBS;
- (b) Activity Codes All Contractor defined activity code values with identification of those required to meet the Authority's reporting requirements;
- (c) Calendars, and
- (d) Submittal List All submittals required by the Contract.

1.1.4.2. Schedule Framework Re-Submittal (Step 2)

No later than the deadline specified in the Baseline Schedule Submittal Schedule, the Contractor shall resubmit for SONO the updated and corrected Schedule Framework Submittal with the addition of:

- (a) Resource Definitions Including labor resources and work types, and incorporating all Authority comments to date; and
- (b) Contract Schedule Administration Plan

1.1.4.3. CPM Logic and Narrative Submittal (Step-3)

No later than the deadline specified in the Baseline Schedule Submittal Schedule, the Contractor shall complete the CPM logic submittal including all logically linked activities for the complete scope of Work together with activity durations in accordance with the Article 6. The CPM logic submittal for SONO shall include the coding for each activity and categorized by the WBS. The CPM logic submittal shall include the following:

- (a) Contractor's detailed plan and methodology for carrying out Works;
- (b) Graphical illustration of construction methodology and sequence;
- (c) Narrative Report; and
- (d) Electronic Schedule Files. This shall include PDF print outs as well as Primavera P6 and TILOS files (xer and hsp format).



1.1.4.4. Activity Resource and Cost Loading Submittal (Step 4)

No later than the deadline specified in the Baseline Schedule Submittal Schedule, the Contractor shall resubmit for SONO the updated and corrected Baseline Schedule that addresses the comments received from the Authority together with Cost Loading to the lowest level of activities. The cost loaded activities shall be coded with the Federal Rail Authority (FRA) Standard Cost Categories (SCC). The resource and cost loading submittal for SONO shall include the following:

- (a) Electronic schedule file. This shall include PDF print outs as well as Primavera P6 and TILOS files (xer and hsp file format);
- (b) Activity Budget Report;
- (c) Identification and explanation of all logic changes since the logic submittal;
- (d) The cost loaded schedule activities coded to the Cost Account Structure, which roll up to a summary cost for each Quality Milestone as well as the Cost Account Structure;
- (e) Rules of credits (earning rules) for accruing activity percentage complete and earned value for payment;
- (f) Labor hours and major quantity loaded to the entire schedule for all the Work; and
- (g) Activities representing provisional sums and Hazmat allowances.

1.1.4.5. Baseline Schedule Submittal (Step 5)

No later than the deadline specified in the Baseline Schedule Submittal Schedule, the Contractor shall complete the Baseline Schedule submittal for acceptance representing all Work required by the Contract. The Baseline Schedule submittal shall include the following:

- (a) Narrative Report including productivity assumptions used; a quantity, labor, and an equipment resource report; and Contractor's detailed plan and methodology for carrying out Works;
- (b) Electronic schedule files. This shall include PDF print outs as well as Primavera P6 files (xer file) and TILOS linear schedule (hsp file);
- (c) PDF print outs shall include Activity ID, Activity Name, Original Duration, Remaining Duration, Start, Finish, Late Start, Late Finish, Total Float, and Budgeted Cost columns. This shall be organized using the WBS;
- (d) Cost Loading Report a report detailing all costs loaded to the schedule by activities and per Cost Account Structure;



- (e) Rules of credits (earning rules) for accruing activity percentage complete and earned value for payment;
- (f) Labor Resource Report a report detailing all resources assigned throughout the schedule;
- (g) Predecessor / Successor Report a report detailing each activity's list of predecessors and successors;
- (h) Submittal Report a report detailing all submittal, review and approval activities contained in the schedule per detail in Section 6.2.12;
- (i) Cumulative and monthly total project cost curves, reflecting the total contract amount. Similar curves shall also be furnished for each FRA Category/Subcategory;
- (j) Cumulative and monthly resource curves;
- (k) Planned production curves by craft for individual sections and the entire Project; and
- (I) Network Plots depicting CPM logic of the Critical Path and near critical paths in the project and the CPM logic for individual project segments.

1.1.4.6. Corrected Baseline Submittal (Step 6)

In the event that the Baseline Schedule submittal is not accepted, no later than the deadline specified in the Baseline Schedule Submittal Schedule for Step 6, the Contractor shall complete the corrected Baseline Schedule. The Contractor shall correct Step 5 Baseline Schedule submittal for acceptance by incorporating all the Authority's comments on the corrected Baseline Schedule submittal.

1.2. Interim Schedule Submittal

The Contractor shall submit, within 10 Working Days after NTP, an Interim Schedule detailing activity to be performed within the first 180 days after NTP. The Authority will review and may approve the Interim Schedule within 14 days of the submittal. The Authority may require the full Interim Schedule or parts thereof to be resubmitted throughout the review period.

The Interim Schedule shall include a separate proposed Schedule of Values for its duration, which upon written approval by the Authority shall be used by the Contractor for payment purposes during the Interim Schedule period. Once the Baseline Schedule is approved by the Authority, the approved Baseline Schedule replaces the Interim Schedule.

Approval of the Interim Schedule is a condition precedent for any payment under the Contract.



1.3. Schedule Requirements

For the purpose of enabling both the Authority and the Contractor to readily evaluate the Contract Schedules, including derived data and reports, the Contract Schedules shall be administered in accordance with the following requirements.

1.3.1. Oracle Primavera P6 (P6) Settings

P6 Settings shall be as follows:

- (a) Authority Work Breakdown Structure (AWBS)
 - (i) Upon issuing NTP, the Authority may issue AWBS for the Contractor to incorporate into the Contract Schedules. The Contractor can further extend this AWBS to provide further details.
- (b) P6 Project ID
 - (i) At Level 1 the Project ID will be [under development], appended as described in the following Section titled "Project ID Suffix", and the Project Name shall be "CHSR Construction Package CPXX".
 - (ii) Project ID Suffix Each schedule submittal shall have a unique identifier appended to the Project ID specified in the previous Section titled "P6 Project WBS", in the form of:
 - (A) For Baseline Schedules, "-BLaa", where aa is sequential number starting at 01.
 - (B) For Proposed Schedules, "-PSbb", where bb is sequential starting at 01.
 - (C) For Revised Baseline Schedules, "-RBcc", where cc is sequential starting at 01.
 - (D) For Schedule Progress Updates, "-Uyymm", where yy and mm correspond to the year and month of the monthly submittal.
- (c) Resources
 - (i) The top level of the Resource hierarchy will consist of 3 Resource ID's CPXXLABOR (Resource Type = Labor), CPXXEQPT (Resource Type = Nonlabor), and CPXXCOST (Resource Type = Nonlabor). The Contractor may populate the hierarchy under CPXXLABOR and CPXXEQPT with staff, craft, and construction equipment whereas CPXXCOST will have no subordinates.



(ii) Activities shall be resource loaded with CPXXLABOR and CPXXEQPT (or subordinates as applicable), and all activities shall be resource loaded with CPXXCOST.

(d) Cost Accounts

- (i) The Cost Account hierarchy will correspond to the "Cost Account Structure" attached to this document as Appendix B. The Cost Account Structure elements associated with the whole CHSRA program and the Contractor shall adopt the relevant sections of the Cost Account Structure in the baseline Schedule. The bottom most level of the Cost Account Structure represents the FRA Standard Cost Categories for Capital Projects/Programs, thereby fulfilling a reporting requirement for this program. All Change Order activities shall also be coded with the Cost Account Structure.
- (ii) For Cost Loading of all activities, Contractor will assign resource TS1COST to each activity along with a corresponding Cost Account per Paragraph (1.) above. The contract price for each activity will then be assigned as a Budgeted Cost. The resource may be assigned to an activity more than once if multiple Cost Accounts are warranted.

(e) Activity Codes

- (i) Activity Codes must be maintained at the Project level.
- (ii) The following Activity Codes, at a minimum, shall be established and assigned to each activity as applicable to integrate into the program level schedules maintained by the Authority:
 - (A) "Location" with Code Value/Description "040 Fresno to Bakersfield".
 - (B) "Function" with Code Values/Descriptions "DD Environmental", "FF Right-of- Way", "GG Project Management", "JJ Final Design", "KK Construction", or "QQ Professional Services-Other".
 - (C) "Contract Segment" with Code Value/Description.
 - (D) "Phase" with a Code Value/Description of "1 Phase 1" only.
 - (E) "Construction Element" with Code Values/Descriptions identifying major construction element categories such as Earthwork, Viaduct, etc.



"Responsibility" identifying the party responsible for the work including the Authority, third parties, subcontractors, etc.

- (iii) The Authority may require other additional activity code to facilitate filtering and reporting the schedule data and the Contractor shall incorporate such coding in the Contract Schedules.
- (f) TILOS Import and Export Requirements
 - (i) In order facilitate the schedule data import and export to TILOS, the Contractor should incorporate the following data fields and populate them in the P6 Project Schedules:
 - (A) TILOS Start Chainage User Defined Field (Text)
 - (B) TILOS Finish Chainage User Defined Field (Text)
 - (C) TILOS Task Template User Defined Field (Text)
 - (D) TILOS Quantity User Defined Field (Text)

(g) Constraints

(i) Constraint Types, if approved for use in the schedule, shall be limited to "Start On or After" (Start-No-Earlier-Than) and "Finish On or Before" (Finish-No-Later-Than).

(h) Calendars

- (i) Calendars must be maintained at the Project level.
- (ii) Calendars shall be created to account for all work scenarios in the Contract including seasonal restrictions, inclement weather allocations, river restrictions, CA State holidays, etc. The details of the calendars shall be included in the Schedule Narrative. Addition of inclement weather day activities to the end of the critical path is not allowed; such weather days shall be included within the calendars and assigned to the affected activities in the Contract Schedule.

(i) P6 Settings

- (i) Duration Type shall be "Fixed Duration & Units".
- (ii) Percent Complete Type shall be either "Physical" or "Duration"; however, the progress percentage entries shall be based on physical percentage complete.



(iii) Schedule calculation mode shall be "Retained Logic". All the out of sequence activities in the Schedule Progress Updates shall be corrected and explained in the narrative.

1.3.2. Activity Data

1.3.2.1. Activity Identification

Each activity in the Project Schedules shall have a unique activity identifier (Activity ID). The Contractor shall utilize an Activity ID that is simple and allows space between existing activities for the future addition of activities for continuing sort and display capability. The Activity ID of an existing activity shall not be modified or assigned to another activity, nor should any Activity ID be deleted from the Project Schedule. Any Activity ID that is no longer required should be marked as "DELETED" within the activity description and moved to a section of the schedule marked as 'Deleted Activities.' The scope of work or description of an activity shall not be changed once the Baseline Schedule is approved since this would result in re-use of the Activity ID for a different scope of work.

1.3.2.2. Activity Description

The activity description shall identify the unique scope of the activity. There shall not be any two activities with the same activity description. It shall not be necessary to investigate activity code assignments or logic relationships to identify the scope of an activity. For example, the description "POUR FOOTING" will not be acceptable; the description "POUR FOOTING RAMP RT-Sta. 42+00-42+50 will be acceptable. At the same time the Activity Description shall be concise enough so as to not require excessive column width in the P6 layout. The terms "Miscellaneous," "Misc." or other vague adjectives shall not be used as an activity description. The Contractor shall standardize the use of terms and their spelling in all activity descriptions. Abbreviations used in activity descriptions shall be consistent with the abbreviations used throughout the Contract and the Contractor's design drawings. Activity descriptions shall not be modified, except at the direction or with the consent of the Authority.

1.3.2.3. Activity Duration

Unless otherwise differently by the Authority, construction activities shall have duration from five (5) to thirty (30) working days. The Contractor shall substantiate the need for specific activities having shorter or longer durations than stated herein. After approval of the Baseline Schedule, changes in activity durations shall be addressed exclusively using the Remaining Duration data field.

1.3.2.4. Activity Dates

Early and Late start and finish dates of activities shall be calculated for each activity based upon the schedule data date, actual dates, schedule logic, schedule constraints, calendars, and



original duration or remaining duration, in accordance with the scheduling parameters defined in this specification.

1.3.2.5. Activity Predecessors and Successors

Every activity shall have logically assigned predecessors and successors in conformance with the requirements of this section. The logical predecessors for each activity will be limited to those activities whose scope of work necessarily must be completed in order to perform the current activity. The Contract Schedules shall not contain discretionary logic that suppresses the TF. Unless otherwise agreed differently by the Authority, NTP shall be the only activity in the Contract Schedules without predecessors and Final Acceptance Deadline shall be the only activity in the Project Schedules without a successor.

1.3.2.6. Activity Constraints

Activity Constraints can affect activity float calculations and shall not be used unless approved by the Authority. Unless otherwise authorized by the Authority, constraint types shall be limited to Start-On-Or-After, and Finish-On-Or-Before. The imposition of a date constraint on any activity other than the Completion Deadlines will only be permitted when the Contractor substantiates the need for the constraint to the satisfaction of the Authority. All date constraints shall be reviewed and corrected as part of the monthly update procedure, which includes review during the joint monthly update meeting.

1.3.2.7. Activity Percent Complete

Activity remaining durations and percent complete shall be entered in the Contract Schedules by the Contractor as appropriate to indicate activity progress and status as of the current Data Date for the update. The Contractor is to ensure that progress is based on a current estimate of remaining duration to complete the Work and not the activity's percent complete which calculates the remaining duration based on the original estimated duration.

1.3.3. Activity Codes and Work Breakdown Structure (WBS)

The Project Schedules shall contain activity code classifications and code values. The coding shall also incorporate the appropriate Authority provided WBS data elements to allow reporting by any individual element or a combination thereof. These WBS codes shall be the first codes defined for the activities, followed by any other codes, and shall use the values in the WBS to be provided by the Authority following award. The Contractor may add additional levels of WBS or activity codes to satisfy its own requirements.

In addition to the Authority's WBS codes the Contractor shall propose a coding structure for the Authority's review and acceptance. The activity code structure combined with the activity identification number shall provide the capability to organize information by location, road or ramp, structure, work type, subcontractor, discipline, etc., as deemed necessary by the Authority.



1.3.4. Activity Calendar

The planning unit for the Work shall be working days. The use of other calendars may be used as required with a clear definition within the calendar description and/or the Baseline Schedule Narrative as to what the calendar is intended to be used for and/or what specific non-working periods they include. Shifts and shift hours shall be discussed in the narrative with each Project Schedule submittal.

1.3.5. Resource and Quantity Loading

All Contract Schedules shall be resource and major quantity loaded with labor hours for both the Contractor and all of its sub-contractors.

1.3.6. Work Interfaces with Railroads

The Contractor shall coordinate with any interfacing railroad companies with respect to working near or within the railroad property and allow in the Contract Schedules any constraints and nonwork periods associated with working near or within the railroad property and any Third-Party facilities. The Contractor price shall also include any costs associated with this including any flagging requirements.

1.3.7. Cost Loading

Contractor shall allocate the total Contract Amount to lowest level of the activities scheduled in the Baseline Schedule such that each activity has a value which accurately shows the amount payable to Contractor for such activity. The overhead and indirect costs shall be distributed to all the activities and added to each activity as a percentage. The identified percentage for overhead and other indirect costs shall be the same for all activities within each bid classification and shall not be changed without the authority prior written approval, which may be withheld at the authority sole discretion. For Work, which is the subject of a Change Order, the schedule shall show the identified percentages set forth in the approved Change Order. The sum of the prices of all activities in the Baseline Schedule shall be equal the total Contract Amount. Once the Baseline Schedule has been approved, no changes to any allocated amount will be initiated without the Authority's approval.

1.3.8. Mobilization Payments and Recovery

The Contract may allow mobilization payments to the Contractor and these amounts shall not be included in the Contract Schedules and handled separately in the payment applications and certifications. Any mobilization or advance payments paid to the Contractor shall be deducted from the subsequent payment certifications using a percentage of the payment due to the Contractor until the mobilization or advance payment amount is fully recovered. This percentage is based on the mobilization payment divided by the Contract Amount. This mobilization payment or advance payment shall not be an addition to the schedule of payments but a portion of each schedule of payment.



1.3.9. Unincorporated Materials

Payment for storage of any materials shall not be made unless the material is stored on site within a secured facility acceptable to and accessible by the Authority. The payment for such material is only be made at [30%] of the schedule of payments associated to it. The activities in the Contract Schedules shall not be progressed based on the stored material but only based on the actual work done on site.

All stored material brought to the site and paid for is the property of the Authority and shall not be removed from site without a written approval from the Authority.

1.3.10. CPM Logic

The Contractor shall be responsible for developing the CPM logic of the Baseline Schedule and for updating that CPM logic each month to accurately reflect the progress of the Work and the Contractor's current plan for the timely completion of the Work.

- (a) Activity Relationships The schedule CPM logic for each activity shall be constructed in conformance with the following requirements:
 - (i) Determine predecessors Activities that must be completed before the activity can start.
 - (ii) Determine parallel activities Activities that can occur concurrently with the activity.
 - (iii) Determine successors Activities that cannot start until the activity is complete.

Determine the impact of all resource limitations on activity sequencing, activity durations and activity dates.

All paths through the Contract Schedules shall proceed in the direction representing the progression of time. Activity lag and lead durations shall not have a negative value. Activity lags and leads shall not be used in lieu of activities.

All the lags included in the Baseline Schedule shall be explained in the narrative and are subjected to the Authority's approval. Redundant ties to preceding activities in a sequential series of activities will not be permitted. For example, if activity C is the successor in a Finish-Start relationship to activity B, and activity B is the successor in a Finish-Start relationship to activity A, then activity A shall not have a redundant Finish-Start relationship to activity C. A tie representing a different constraint will not be considered redundant. For example, a logic tie showing that the completion of the work scope of a predecessor is required before the successor can start is different from a logic tie representing a resource limitation and will not be considered redundant.



The Quality Milestones in the CPM schedule shall not be open ends. They will be tied to logical predecessor activities and shall be tied to an administrative activity or milestone such as contract close-out as a successor.

1.3.11. Narratives

1.3.11.1. Baseline Schedule Narratives

The Baseline Schedule narrative shall demonstrate a feasible approach to achieving or improving the planned schedule and contains the following information:

- (a) Identification of the Data Date and schedule file name;
- (b) Contractors' detailed methodology for carrying out Work;
- (c) Graphical illustration of construction sequence and plan;
- (d) The basis and assumptions for all the activity durations;
- (e) A description of the planned flow of work, identifying all key or driving resources. Identify key constraints and potential problems influencing the Contractor's approach to the work. Describe all construction interfaces with third parties at the Project site. Also, identify temporary Contractor plants, facilities or fixed equipment that the Contractor or subcontractor plan to use within the right-of-way. Include in this discussion the length of time the plant is to be used, any planned moves, and any potential conflicts that could arise, if the plan is not adhered to:
- (f) A summary of planned labor utilization for the Contract, identifying the average and maximum number of workers on site each month based on the resource loaded Contract Schedules. Identify actual and potential labor resource limitations;
- (g) A summary of planned equipment utilization for the Contract, identifying each type of operated equipment to be used on the Work, the planned quantity of each type of operated equipment utilized each month, and the criteria for mobilizing and demobilizing each piece of equipment to and from the site. Identify actual and potential equipment resource limitations;
- (h) An explanation of how adverse weather conditions have been addressed in the Baseline Schedule. Identify all activities, if any, that contain contingency days for adverse weather conditions and the duration of such contingency included for each;
- (i) An explanation of special calendars that only allow work to take place during a pre- defined window of time; and
- (j) The narrative shall address the Contractor's material and equipment procurement plan and identify the strategy for any long lead item(s). There shall



be no fabrication and delivery activities for concrete and asphalt concrete. Fabrication and delivery activities for short lead-time items shall not be included in the project schedules "Short lead-time" shall be defined as a period of two weeks or less from placement of order to delivery of material to the Project site.

1.3.11.2. Schedule Progress Update Narrative

All Schedule Progress Update submittals shall include a narrative containing the following information:

- (a) Identification of the update period, the Data Date, and the schedule file name;
- (b) A description of key issues in progress period, including delays, and activities undertaken to mitigate those delays, as well as progress achieved, and other issues faced.
- (c) Identification of activities with critical or near critical float (within 14 Days of the Critical Path) that were planned to occur during the update period, of which did not occur or occurred later than the scheduled Late Start or Late Finish date, and an explanation of these delays. Provide a listing of all activities which may overrun or have overrun their planned duration by more than 20 percent and any justification for maintaining original planned durations for future activities of like Work;
- (d) Identification of delays occurring to activities taking place off the Project site, e.g., submittal preparation, fabrication, and delivery activities;
- (e) A summary of planned labor utilization for the Contract, identifying the average and maximum number of workers on site each month. Identify actual and potential labor resource limitations. A summary of the actual labor utilization used over the past month;
- (f) A summary of planned equipment utilization for the Project, identifying each type of operated equipment to be used on the Work, the planned quantity of each type of operated equipment utilized each month, and all changes to the criteria for mobilizing and demobilizing each piece of equipment to and from the Project site. Identify actual and potential equipment resource problems. A summary of the actual equipment utilized over the past month;
- (g) Revisions to logic or duration(s) by the Contractor to effectively use labor and resources which have no adverse effect on Completion Deadlines or Contract Price shall be detailed in the update. These revisions shall contain the following information:
- (h) Identification of the activities changed;
- (i) A description of the scope of the logic change and identification of the advantages and disadvantages of implementing the change;



- (j) Identification of all driving resources, if any; and
- (k) Identification of key constraints influencing the Contractor's approach to the Work.

1.3.12. Required Submittal and Delivery Activities

1.3.12.1. Submittal List

The Contractor shall submit a list of all submittals required by the Contract, as part of the Schedule Framework Submittal, not later than the deadline identified in Table 1.

The submittal list shall conform to the following format or any other format approved by the Authority:

Table 2: Submittal List Format

Submittal List					
Submittal Reference Number	Description of Submittal	Activity ID			

1.3.12.2. Submittal Activities

Submittal activities shall be included in the Project Schedules in a manner consistent with the level of detail shown below:

Table 3: Submittal Activity Detail

Activity	Abbreviation in Activity Description
Prepare and Submit	P/S
Review and Approve	R/A
Revise and Re-submit	R/R
Fabricate and Deliver (Material or Equipment)	F/D or FAB or DEL

1.3.12.3. Submittals with Multiple Activities

When multiple items are included in a single submittal, that submittal shall be represented in the schedule by an activity in accordance with the following conditions:

- (a) The "Review and Approve" activity for that submittal shall be a predecessor to every activity representing the fabrication and delivery of any of the materials submitted.
- (b) If the submittal is returned and the disposition is sufficient to enable the commencement of a successor activity, then the original submittal activity shall



- be broken down into multiple activities, as necessary, to accurately reflect the logic of the Contractor's current plan.
- (c) As part of the monthly update procedure, submittal activities shall be reviewed and modified to ensure that the scope and logic of the activities are consistent with the Contractor's current plan.

1.3.12.4. Delivery Activities

Activities representing the delivery of materials or equipment for more than one installation activity will be permitted in accordance with the following conditions:

- (a) The material delivery activity shall be a predecessor to the first activity representing the installation of that material in each area;
- (b) When partial deliveries are received, and those deliveries are adequate to enable the commencement of some, but not all, successor activities, then the original delivery activity shall be broken down into multiple activities, as necessary to accurately reflect the logic of the Contractor's current plan;
- (c) As part of the monthly update procedure and during the joint update schedule meeting, a discussion of delivery activities shall be reviewed and modified to ensure that the scope and logic of delivery activities are consistent with the Contractor's current plan; and
- (d) There shall be no fabrication and delivery activities for concrete and asphalt concrete. Fabrication and delivery activities for short lead-time items shall not be included in the project Schedules "Short-lead time" shall be defined as a period of two weeks or less from placement of order to delivery of material to the Project site.

1.3.13. Timely Completion

Unless otherwise specified, timely completion shall refer to completion on or before a date that supports the Completion Deadlines.

1.3.14. Resource Distribution

The Contractor may elect to use nonlinear resource distribution curves. The Contractor may elect to use resource lags and resource durations. If the Contractor does utilize this resource option, the use shall be explained in its Baseline Schedule narrative and any other narrative that changes the Baseline Schedule resource assumptions.

1.3.15. Use of Constraints or Float Suppression Techniques

Any use of Early Start constraints within the schedule shall be documented in the activity notebook and discussed within the schedule narrative. The only instance where a Late Finish constraint may be used is for the Substantial Completion Deadline. Any other use of constraints



is prohibited unless otherwise agreed by the Authority. This includes the following: Zero Free Float, Start On, Expected Finish, Mandatory Start or Finish, and As Late As Possible. The use of negative lags or the use of any other float suppression techniques is also prohibited from use in project schedules.

1.3.16. Resource Leveling

In schedule submittals to the Authority, the Contractor shall not use P6 resource restraints options to optimize and/or level manpower and equipment requirements. All the activities shall be duration driven.

1.3.17. Default Progress Data

Actual Start and Finish dates shall not be automatically updated by default mechanisms that may be included in the CPM scheduling software systems.

1.3.18. Out-of-Sequence Logic

The Contractor shall correct all incorrect logic relationships in the schedule updates to eliminate any out-of-sequence logic. The Contractor shall make all changes in the logic or other adjustments found to be incorrect by the Authority.

1.3.19. Electronic Schedule Naming and Formatting

The Authority will provide guidance on schedule name designation to be used. The Contractor shall not submit any two schedules with the same file name.

1.3.20. Electronic Contract Schedule Files

Each electronic file submission shall be submitted on the Authority Electric Document Management System (EDMS) unless otherwise requested differently. Electronic schedule files shall be in ".xer" format compatible with Oracle Primavera P6 and for the linear schedules, the files should be compatible with TILOS linear scheduling software (hsp file format). Electronic narrative files shall be in readable, OCR enabled, PDF format (not scanned).

1.3.21. Schedule Progress Updates

The Contractor shall update the Current Baseline Schedule on a monthly basis to provide Schedule Progress Updates. These Schedule Progress Updates shall not constitute a modification of the Current Baseline Schedule. The purpose of Schedule Progress Updates shall be to accurately document the progress of the Work to date and to correct the schedule to accurately reflect the Contractor's current plan for the timely completion of the Work. The Schedule Progress Updates shall not contain significant changes such as addition of activities, deletion of activities, significant changes to logic, changes to activity descriptions, significant changes to activity durations; such changes will result in rejection of the schedule. Any



significant changes shall be submitted as a proposed Revised Baseline for the Authority approval. The Schedule Progress Updates shall also be used to record progress for payment purposes and to reflect how the Work is being performed.

Submission of and obtaining either a "Statement of No Objection", or a "Statement of No Objection With Comments" on the submitted Schedule Progress Update is a condition precedence for a full payment due under a monthly invoice. The Contractor failure to achieving either a "Statement of Non Objection" or a "Statement of No Objection With Comments" status on a Schedule Progress Update will result in 10% withholding on the payment due to the Contractor. Such withholding will only be released to the Contractor once a "Statement of No Objections" or a "Statement of No Objection With Comments" is achieved on the schedule.

Schedule Progress Updates shall never be used as the basis for any adjustment in the Completion Deadlines. Any acceptance of the Schedule Progress Update by the Authority, either expressed or implied, shall only apply to the issue of progress and not to any issue of acceptability or accuracy of the Schedule Progress Update for use as a basis for measuring adjustments in Completion Deadlines. The Schedule Progress Update submittal shall be due with Contractor's invoice for payment and shall be a prerequisite to payment by the Authority.

1.4. Monthly Schedule Progress Update Period

A monthly Schedule Progress Update of the Current Baseline Schedule shall be submitted for each calendar month from the date of the NTP through the date of Final Acceptance. The Data Date of each monthly Schedule Progress Update shall be the first calendar day of the following month, meaning that the progress of the Work to date shall be documented through the last day of the month.

1.5. Monthly Schedule Progress Update Data

A joint monthly update meeting shall be scheduled in the last week of the month. The purpose of this meeting is to review and discuss the contents of the forthcoming Schedule Progress Update submittal and to agree on the progress for the update and for payment purposes and the as-built data included in the schedule is accurate.

The Contractor is required to bring a draft Schedule Progress Update for this meeting with any other information necessary to review the progress. Monthly Schedule Progress Update data shall be submitted within the first week of the month following the update period incorporating any comments and agreement on the progress from the monthly update meeting.

The Authority review period for the monthly Schedule Progress Update data submittal is 10 working days. The Schedule Progress Update data submittal shall consist of the following submittal components:

(a) A schedule narrative consistent with Article 6.2.11 above;



- (b) Electronic files with record schedule incorporating all submitted Schedule Update Data (UXXX) as required by Section 6.2.20;
- (c) PDF print out of schedules showing columns: Activity ID, Activity Description, Remaining Duration, Baseline Start, Baseline Finish, Start, Finish, Total Float, Variance with Baseline Finish, Budgeted Cost, and Earned Value Cost;
- (d) PDF print out of critical activities with a variance from the previous period;
- (e) An activity cost report listing of earned value for all the activities submitted for payment for the current period categorized by Cost Account Structure;
- (f) The actual progress achieved on each operation and its effect upon the timing of the remaining work;
- (g) An activity cost report listing of all Quality Milestones submitted for payment to date;
- (h) An activity cost report listing total Contract Price sorted by Quality Milestone;
- (i) All required documentation required under the Contract in support of the invoice;
- (j) A comparison report showing all changes made to the schedule since the last Schedule Update and an explanation for the changes;
- (k) Production curves showing the approved baseline production (planned) values, the actual production values, and forecast values;
- (I) Should any Work be conducted on a time and materials basis then this update shall contain all necessary data to record progress; and
- (m) Single level of effort activities representing Work conducted against each provisional sums and allowance.

In the event of discrepancies between the submitted data and Authority's records of progress, the Authority's records shall govern. The Authority's decision shall be final regarding all Schedule Progress Update data. The submittal of incomplete, illegible, or unchecked data or of reports that do not conform to the requirements of this specification may result in the rejection of Schedule Progress Update data, and as such will require a revision and re- submittal.

Approval of the Baseline Schedule is a condition precedent for payment beyond the Interim Schedule. Submittal to the Authority of the Contractor's monthly Schedule Progress Update is a condition precedent to payment to be initiated. Acceptance of the Schedule Progress Update shall not relieve the Contractor of its obligation to make appropriate corrections to all the Project Schedules.

The Authority shall not be liable for delays to the Contractor's Work that occur during a time when the Contractor has failed to provide a Schedule Progress Update in accordance with the



requirements of the Contract, when having the Schedule Progress Update at the specified time could have influenced the Authority's decisions or actions.

The Schedule Progress Update submittal shall reflect updated progress to the Data Date, forecasted finish for in-progress activities, and re-forecasted Early Dates and Late Dates for remaining activities. The Contractor shall submit any changes in activity durations, logic ties or constraints for review and acceptance by the Authority prior to inclusion of the change into the current Schedule Progress Update. The Authority may also submit changes to the Contractor for inclusion in the current Schedule Progress Update. These changes should be forwarded to the Contractor for review prior to the joint monthly update meeting for discussion in that meeting.

1.6. Weekly Progress Meetings

The Contractor shall meet with the Authority on at least weekly basis unless otherwise agreed by the Authority differently to review and discuss Work progress, issues impacting progress and plan for resolution. The Three Week Look-ahead Schedules are used in this meeting. Meeting minutes shall be taken by the Contractor in accordance with Article 24 of the General Provisions.

1.7. Progress Delays

The Contractor shall identify and promptly report to the Authority as soon as they become aware of any matter which could:

- (a) Increase the project budgeted cost or Contract Price,
- (b) Delay to the Substantial Completion Deadline,
- (c) Delay meeting a key date (if applicable),
- (d) Impair the performance of the works in use,
- (e) Affect the work of the Authority, Third-Party or other works required to support future CHSR elements.

The Contractor shall promptly develop a schedule recovery or mitigation plan whenever the Contractor's actual physical progress is behind schedule by 90 days when compared to the Current Baseline Schedule or could potentially be delayed by 60 days, or within 10 days of a written request by the Authority. The Contractor shall submit a schedule recovery or mitigation plan in the form of a Proposed Schedule, whenever the Contract Schedule becomes 90 or more days late to Substantial Completion. The submission of the recovery or mitigation plan shall be at no cost to the Authority unless agreed otherwise by the Authority in writing and shall be submitted within thirty (30) days of the submittal of the Schedule Progress Update that indicates the Project is thirty (90) or more Days late or the Authority's request. Failure to submit such a



recovery plan within the stated time frame shall provide a basis for future withholdings of payment, either in whole, or in part, by the Authority.

1.8. Risk Management

The Contractor on quarterly basis shall submit the Contractor's Risk Register to the Authority for information only. The Risk Register shall contain, risks that could possibly affect the Work, their probability, impact, their treatment strategy, and how the Contractor is managing the risks to eliminate or minimize the impacts.

In support of the Authority's Risk Management process, either the Authority or the Contractor may require the other party and its necessary personnel and/or technical experts to attend a risk assessment and mitigation workshop to discuss the Proposed Schedule to cooperate in:

- (a) Making and considering proposals for how the effect of the potential or actual delay could be avoided or reduced;
- (b) Seeking solutions that will bring advantage to all those who will be affected;
- (c) Deciding on the actions which will be taken and who, in accordance with this Contract, will take them; and
- (d) Deciding which risks have now been avoided or have passed and can be removed from the Risk Register as per the Authority's Risk Management process.

The Authority will revise the risk register or risk items of significance to record the decisions made at each risk assessment and mitigation workshop. If a decision requires a Change Order to the terms and conditions of the Contract Documents, then the Authority will issue a Change Order at the time the risk register is updated and issued. The Contractor's only entitlement to a Time Extension and Price Increase is in accordance with the requirements set forth in [Article 16.6] of the General Provisions.

1.9. Revised Baseline Schedules

A Revised Baseline Schedule shall be submitted by the Contractor whenever changes in the Current Baseline Schedule are required to:

- (a) accurately reflect any changes in the Contractor's plan for performing the Work;
- (b) Incorporate any Change Orders executed that do not have any impact on the completion date; and
- (c) Incorporate any Extension of Time granted by the Authority extending the Contract Deadlines.



Whenever the Work sequence or Contractor's plan is changed significantly such that it does not reflect the Current Baseline Schedule, the Contractor shall submit a Revised Baseline Schedule incorporating the Contractor's new plan and sequence of Work for the Authority acceptance. The Authority may request such changes if in Authority's opinion the Current Baseline Schedule does not accurately reflect the Contractor's plan. The Contractor within [28] days of such request submits a Revised Baseline Schedule for the Authority approval.

Within [14] days of any Change Order approval, the Contractor shall submit a Revised Baseline Schedule incorporating the Change Order scope within the Current Baseline Schedule and submit for approval. The payment for any Change Order scope shall not be processed until the Revised Baseline Schedule that incorporates the Change Order is approved by the Authority.

Any extensions to the Completion Deadlines shall have an approved Change Order that formalizes revised Completion Deadlines to be eligible for incorporation into the Revised Baseline Schedule.

The Revised Baseline Schedule shall include the revised scope in accordance with the original Contact, all the Change Orders executed as of that time, actual progress as of that time, and be in compliance with the Completion Deadlines. The Completion Deadlines can be extended from time to time in accordance with the Contract. The Revised Baseline Schedule shall include a Cost Loading for the Change Order Work.

Revised Baseline Schedule Submittals shall include a comprehensive narrative similar to the Baseline Schedule narrative including listing of all activities added to or deleted from the Current Baseline Schedule as well as a complete listing of all logic and activity relationship changes which have been made. All changes in the schedule must be fully described in an accompanying narrative. No Revised Baseline Schedule Submittal will be approved unless it satisfies the following:

- (a) Any out-of-sequenced logic is corrected;
- (b) Actual Start Dates, Actual Finish dates, and percentage complete are accurate up to the cut off date used for the Revised Baseline Schedule;
- (c) The schedule accurately reflects the Contractor's plan for completing the remaining Work; and
- (d) The schedule accurately reflects the Completion Deadlines in according with the Contract or Change Order that extends the Completion Deadlines.

Once the Revised Baseline Schedule is submitted, the Authority will review and provide their feedback within [14] days of the submission. Once a Revised Baseline Schedule Submittal is approved by the Authority, it shall become the Current Baseline Schedule (and be used for subsequent Schedule Progress Update Submittals), and shall be referred to by its revision number.



Except as otherwise designated by a Change Order, no Revised Baseline Schedule that extends performance beyond a Completion Deadline shall qualify as a Current Baseline Schedule, or schedule of record, allowing it to be used to demonstrate entitlement to an extension in a Completion Deadline. In no case, shall a Schedule Progress Update be construed as a Revised Baseline Schedule or schedule of record unless it is specifically submitted and approved as such by the Authority pursuant to this Schedule.

1.10. Short Term Schedule

Short Term Schedules shall be submitted by the Contractor upon request from the Authority and shall be provided for within the Contract Price. The Authority will specify the time frame the Short-Term Schedule shall encompass. The Contractor shall provide the Short-Term Schedule, electronically produced, in bar chart format, that details the daily work activities, including multiple shift work that the Contractor intends to conduct. The daily activities shall correspond to the Current Baseline Schedule activities but shall be at a greater level of detail. The Contractor shall be prepared to discuss the Short-Term Schedules, in detail, with the Authority to coordinate field inspection staff requirements, schedule of Work affecting any abutting and corresponding work with affected utilities.

1.11. Project Schedule Program Administration

The Contractor shall submit a Project Schedule Program Administration Plan consistent with Item 3 of Table 1: The Project Schedule Administration Plan should explain how the Contractor intends to meet the scheduling requirements of the Contract.

The Project Schedule Administration Plan submittal shall consist of a narrative explaining the Contractor's plan for providing a Project Schedule Program consistent with the requirements of the Contract. At a minimum the narrative shall address the following:

- (a) The Schedule Progress Update requirements, the Revised Baseline Schedule requirements, and the preparation of requests for time extensions including the following:
 - (i) Data input into the Project Schedules.
 - (ii) Verification that the Project Schedules accurately represent the progress of the Work to date.
 - (iii) Verification that the Project Schedules accurately represent the Contractor's current plan for the timely completion of the Work.
 - (iv) Preparation of schedule submittals.
 - (v) Internal quality control of schedule submittals prior to submission to the Authority.



- (b) The Project Schedule Administration Plan shall identify all personnel who will administer the Project Schedules. The plan shall include an organizational chart indicating the flow of communication and lines of authority for ensuring the Project Schedules are administered in accordance with the requirements of the Contract.
- (c) The purpose of the Project Schedule Administration Plan is the use of a joint scheduling meeting between the Contractor and the Authority. The purpose of this meeting is to agree on actual start and finish dates, actual progress on activities and remaining duration of these in-progress activities.
- (d) The review of submitted subnets from both the Contractor and the Authority, which if agreed to shall be placed into the current update schedule. Review of productivity trending charts, along with discussion as to the effect the trending has on the Work and whether duration adjustments are warranted.

The Authority's acceptance of the Contractor's Project Schedule Administration Plan shall be a condition precedent to approval of the Baseline Schedule by the Authority.

1.12. Review, Acceptance and Approval of Project Schedule Submittals

Failure to meet any of the following conditions shall result in the non-acceptance of the schedule submittal and potential withholding of payment:

- (a) The Contract Schedules shall contain the complete scope of Work;
- (b) The Cost Loading and the total of Schedule of Values in the schedule shall be equal to the Contract Amount;
- (c) The Contact Schedule shall be accompanied by the relevant narratives;
- (d) The schedule submittal shall show the timely completion of each activity, as well as, reflect all contractual access requirements and limitations of operations specified;
- (e) All activity relationships and date constraints shall comply with the requirements of the Contract Documents; and
- (f) The Submittal shall be complete in accordance with the requirements of this Specification.

If the schedule submittal is returned to the Contractor with comments, the submittal shall not be considered accepted until all of the Authority's comments are incorporated into the schedule to the Authority's satisfaction. If the comments are not satisfactorily incorporated into the schedule by the Contractor the submittal shall be deemed unacceptable by the Authority.

It is the Contractor's responsibility to ensure that all Contract Schedule documents comply with the requirements of the Contract. Errors in any Contract Schedule document accepted by the



Authority, including but not limited to activity durations, relationships between activities, resource allocation or other float suppression techniques that do not accurately reflect the Work, may be identified at any time and once identified, shall be corrected by the Contractor. The Authority is not responsible for any erroneous assumptions or information in any Project Schedule document, regardless of origin.

During the review of any Contract Schedule document review, if any of the following conditions are discovered, the document may be returned by the Authority without further review for correction and re-submittal:

- (a) The document is incomplete.
- (b) The document does not comply with the specified format;
- (c) A component of the document has not been prepared in accordance with the requirements of this article;
- (d) The Contract Schedule does not achieve at least 90% Schedule Quality Score; The quality indicates that the Contractor has failed to perform an internal quality control review prior to submission; The quality score is derived from analysis in Acumen Fuse; the Authority will provide the Contractor with the basis of the quality score. There is an inconsistency between electronic files and printed material;
- (e) The Contractor has made unauthorized changes to any Contract Schedule document; and
- (f) The Contractor has failed to incorporate Authority comments concerning the Contract Schedule submittal.

The Authority's return of a submittal shall not be construed to mean that the submittal is in compliance with the requirements of the Contract. The Authority may, at its discretion, choose to complete a review even though the submittal fails to meet one or more of the conditions for rejection stated herein. The Contractor shall be responsible for all delays due to its failure to submit complete Contract Schedule submittals in accordance with the requirements of the Contract.

The Authority's acceptance or approval of a Contract Schedule document indicates only that the submittal appears to comply with the requirements of the Contract. It is the Contractor's responsibility to ensure that each submittal is in compliance with the requirements of the Contract. Inconsistencies or errors in any Project Schedule document, including but not limited to activity durations, relationships between activities, resource allocation or other float suppression techniques that do not accurately reflect the Work, may be identified at any time and once identified, shall be immediately corrected by the Contractor.



The Authority shall review schedule submittals for conformance with the requirements of the Contract. Review comments by the Authority may address whether items of Work are omitted, activity durations are reasonable or that the level of labor, materials, and equipment, the means, methods, timing and sequencing of the Work are practicable. The planning, scheduling or execution of the Work and the accuracy of any Project Schedule shall remain the sole responsibility of the Contractor.

Notwithstanding any review, review comments, approval, acceptance, scheduling assistance or direction to change and/or revise any Contract Schedule by the Authority the Contract Schedules shall at all times be the Contractor's schedule for performing the Work and not be considered as any Authority direction constituting a change. The Contractor shall not be relieved from completing the Work within the Completion Deadlines due to the failure of the Contractor to submit acceptable Project Schedule documents.

1.13. Requirements for Demonstrating Entitlement to an Adjustment in the Contract Time

1.13.1. Schedule Analysis Requirements

All the Contractor's request for an extension of time or adjustment to the Completion Deadlines shall be accompanied by a schedule impact analysis (SIA) demonstrating entitlement to an adjustment to a Completion Deadline.

The Contractor shall submit a schedule impact analysis within [28] days of the issuing Notice of Delay. This [28] day period may be extended as necessary subject to the approval of the Authority. The schedule impact analysis shall be developed using duplicate electronic files of the Current Baseline Schedule and shall include all status to reflect current progress using information from agreed to Schedule Progress Updates. Multiple delays will be analyzed chronologically in the order of occurrence. Under no circumstances shall a Schedule Progress Update(s) be acceptable as a basis for an adjustment to a Completion Deadline. Unless otherwise agreed differently, windows schedule delay analysis method shall be used for demonstrating the extension of time entitlement under the contract.

Notwithstanding any other provision or provisions to the contrary, the Contractor shall have no claim for damages of any kind, or extension or increase to a Completion Deadline, or adjustment of Contract Price, due to any delay, interruption or suspension of the Work or any portion thereof (herein after collectively referred to as "Delay"), due to whatever cause, unless in addition to all other requirement of the Contract Documents the prerequisites of this section are strictly complied with.

If the Contractor does not submit a schedule impact analysis for a specific change order or delay within the specified period of time, the Contractor shall not be owed any additional time and cost and the Contractor shall be deemed to have irrevocably waived any rights to additional time and cost.



1.14. Mitigation of Delays

The Contractor shall be responsible to develop mitigation measures for all delays, regardless of responsibility for the delays, and to identify all time and cost impacts to the Work associated with those mitigation measures. Unless circumstances otherwise require, the Contractor shall not pursue mitigation action for which it expects the Authority to be liable, prior to notifying the Authority and receiving Authority authorization to proceed with the mitigation action.

All Contractor proposals for mitigation action, including proposed revisions for timely completion, shall confirm that the Contractor has verified the accuracy of all critical paths to the Substantial Completion Deadline.

Whenever it is possible for the Contractor to mitigate delay without added cost, the Contractor shall do so. The Contractor shall mitigate all delays as efficiently and economically as possible, with the objective of minimizing both the time and cost impact of the delay, regardless of responsibility for the delay. The Authority will not be liable for damages that the Contractor could have avoided by reasonable means, such as prudent scheduling of the Work and judicious handling of forces, equipment, or materials.

1.15. Concurrent Delays

The concurrent delay refers to where the Authority caused delay and Contractor delay events occur at the same time and cause a delay to progress for the same period, either of which, in the absence of the other, is likely to cause the same delay to the Completion Deadlines. For concurrent delay, the Contractor is entitled to a time extension; however, the Contractor is not eligible for any costs associated with the delay.

1.16. Contract Schedules Quality

The Contractor shall make sure that the quality Contract Schedules are submitted to the Authority. The Authority will check the Contract Schedule submittal for quality using Acumen Fuse Schedule Quality Metrics. Any Contract Schedule that does not achieve 90% of Schedule Quality Index will be returned immediately to the contractor for a corrected resubmission. The following quality metrics will be used for assessing the schedule quality: Missing Logic, Logic Density, Critical, Hard Constraints, Negative Float, Insufficient Detail, Number of Lags, Number of Leads, and Merge Hotspot.

1.17. Daily Reports

The Contractor shall submit Daily Reports daily for the previous day. This shall include, the site activity, labor, material, and equipment on site, weather, and photographs of site activity. The Contractor shall agree a format with the Authority for the daily reports.



Appendix 1 to Schedule 1: Monthly Report Content /Template

Monthly Report Content

- I. Progress Report
 - Table of Contents
 - 2. A copy of the progress report that was approved in the Monthly Schedule Progress Update Meeting, which is the basis of the invoice.
 - 3. The Contractor's Progress Report shall include the following monthly reports (These reports indicate information/results that are generated during the pay period):
 - a. Summary of work performed during the previous month (this will be a copy of the schedule update narrative).
 - b. Digital color photographs of the Project progress.
 - c. Safety/Security report
 - i. Summary of Project accidents (frequency and severity) and corrective actions taken
 - ii. Updates to emergency services access points to the Project Site
 - iii. Updates on safety training provided
 - d. Small Business Narrative Progress reports
 - e. Quality Report
 - iv. Log of Material Certifications, source inspection and materials releases, and field release certifications for each material.
 - v. Logs of all sampling and testing for each item including type of test, frequency, and cumulative frequency, results, corrective action when necessary and corresponding passing results.
 - vi. Listing of non-conformances and resolutions
 - vii. Log of Approved Work Plans
 - v.- Log of Design Change Notices and Field Change Notices vi.
 - f. Log of Contract Amendments or Change Orders
 - g. RFI Log
 - h. Submittal Log
 - Correspondence Log
 - j. Payment Log
 - k. Public Information updates



- viii. Summary of public input received and responses
- ix. Summary of media contacts
- x. Summary of complaints and resolution
- I. Unincorporated Materials
 - xi. Summary Report
 - xii. Backup Invoices for the prior month's changes
- m. Environmental Compliance
 - xiii. A report will be generated from the EMMA System showing the monthly environmental compliance on the project.
- n. Verification, Validation and Self-Certification
 - xiv. Monthly VV&SC reports per Verification, Validation and Self-Certification Procedures



Appendix 2 to Schedule 1: Authority Cost Account Structure

AWBS Description	AWBS ID	Asset ID	Quality Milestone ID
Trackwork - Tunnels	06001	xxxx	xxxx
Trackwork - Plain Line	06002	xxxx	xxxx
Trackwork - Special Trackwork	06003	xxxx	xxxx
Traction Power - Traction Power Substations	06004	xxxx	xxxx
Traction Power - Paralleling Stations	06005	xxxx	xxxx
Traction Power - Switching Stations	06006	xxxx	xxxx
Traction Power - Overhead Contact System (OCS)	06007	xxxx	xxxx
Communications - Radio	06008	xxxx	xxxx
Communications - Fiber Optic	06009	xxxx	xxxx
Automatic Train Control - Signaling System	06010	xxxx	xxxx
Automatic Train Control - Operational Control Center	06011	xxxx	xxxx
Wayside - SCADA	06012	xxxx	xxxx
Wayside - CCTV	06013	xxxx	xxxx
Wayside - Access Control	06014	XXXX	xxxx
Utility Connections	06015	xxxx	xxxx



SCHEDULE 2

TESTING AND COMMISSIONING PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS

1. DEVELOPMENT OF TESTING AND COMMISSIONING PROGRAM

No later than [80] days after NTP1 the Contractor shall submit its proposed Testing and Commissioning Program for review, which shall be dealt with under the procedure set out in [Appendix 7]. Following any revisions to the proposed Testing and Commissioning Program necessary to resolve all the review comments (including comments on resubmitted documents), it shall become the Testing and Commissioning Program. This program may be revised from time to time as provided for below. As set out in Articles [9 and 16] of the General Provisions, the Testing and Commissioning Program will be developed and expanded during the course of the Contract. The Contractor shall continuously monitor the Testing and Commissioning Program as the design, manufacture and installation of the Work is progressed, and propose such revisions, for the Authority review, as are necessary to ensure that the implementation of the Testing and Commissioning Program achieves the principal purpose set out in section 2 below. In addition, the Authority may from time to time, in consultation with the Contractor, propose revisions to the Testing and Commissioning Program as are, in its opinion, necessary, to achieve this principal purpose. Where a change to the inspection, testing and / or commissioning requirements is occasioned pursuant to Articles [9 and 16] of the General Provisions, the Contractor shall submit a revised Testing and Commissioning Program for the Authority's review.

2. OBJECTIVES

The principal purpose of the implementation of the Testing and Commissioning Program is to demonstrate that the Contract requirements, including performance, function, quality and safety have been met or exceeded and that execution is in accordance with design requirements and is fit for purpose. A key requirement is to prove that all parts of the system function correctly together in a properly integrated manner with no adverse effects to or from others. The Testing and Commissioning Program shall reflect the requirement on the Contractor to provide an entire and fully functioning rail system. The Authority may identify specific tests that will be required. The Contractor shall demonstrate that the test requirements consider:

- 1. Compliance with Schedule 1, Contract Performance and Technical Requirements, including but not limited to:
- 2. Comfort, which shall be considered to be a function of: track geometry and installation tolerances, including vertical and lateral accelerations and jerks; vibration and harshness:
- 3. Trainset qualification test, including traction and braking performance and an overspeed test to at least 242 miles per hour/
- 4. Other technical requirements, such as: current collection; power system unbalance and harmonics; SCADA indications; radio system coverage and functionality; and telephone system functionality
- 5. System stability under worst case traffic and alarm conditions, in particular the ability of Software to function effectively.
- 6. Compliance with environmental requirements, including but not limited to:
 - 1. EMI, EMC and psophometric currents
 - 2. Ambient conditions.



- 3. Conformance with the RAMS requirements, specifically including demonstration of safety items including but not limited to:
 - i. Signaling System, ATC, interlocking, etc
 - ii. Fire protection
 - iii. Emergency egress
 - iv. Electrification System protection
 - v. Disaster warning systems.
 - vi. Quality
 - vii. Operation Plan stability including:
 - viii. Recovery from an operational delay
 - ix. Abnormal operating conditions
 - x. Recovery from fault conditions, degraded modes of operation
 - xi. Single track operation over any section of route.

To achieve a satisfactory demonstration of the above, different types of tests will be required at different stages of the Works.

3. TESTING AND COMMISSIONING PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS

The Testing and Commissioning Program shall identify general requirements applicable to all tests and specific requirements for each test. The Contractor shall propose a series of recommended witnessing, including but not limited to the first article configuration inspection, that should be undertaken by the Authority in connection with the Testing and Commissioning Program.

3.1 General Requirements Applicable to All Tests

Safety shall be afforded the highest priority in the planning and undertaking of all tests. Particular attention shall be given to tests involving high voltages or movement of Trainsets. Only appropriately qualified personnel, using properly calibrated test equipment, shall undertake tests. Control systems shall be tested in all operating modes through simulation of their environment before installation at the Installation Site. All test specifications shall be submitted. Previous testing and service history of equipment may be used to demonstrate compliance. However, the Authority shall require repeat tests if the records of previous tests do not demonstrate to the reasonable satisfaction of the Authority's that the previous tests were comprehensive and representative of the operational requirements of the HSR. The Testing and Commissioning Program shall include an overview of the general requirements for testing and commissioning, including but not limited to:

- 1. Safety management
- 2. Organization chart and CV's of key personnel in the testing and commissioning team
- 3. Manpower requirements
- 4. Schedule of test specification submission
- 5. Scheduling of testing
- 6. Format and schedule of submission of results
- 7. Requirements and scheduled intervals for equipment calibration.

Each test shall be subject of a report. Each report shall be retained and recorded as objective evidences in the requirement management tool.



The Contractor shall inform the Authority of the schedule and location of every tests to allow witnessing of tests.

3.2 Specific Test Requirements

Fifty days before the scheduled commencement of each of the tests identified in the Testing and Commissioning Program, the Contractor shall submit individual detailed procedures to the Authority for review. The individual test procedures shall include, but not be limited to:

- 1. Objective of each test
- 2. Safety management
- 3. Functions to be monitored, and pass/fail criteria
- 4. Method of analysis
- 5. Format and schedule of submission of results
- 6. Applicable standards
- 7. Test equipment required
- 8. Schedule of testing
- 9. Locations of testing
- 10. Manpower requirements
- 11. Identification of test manager and key personnel
- 12. Organization chart and CV's of key personnel where not previously submitted.

3.3 Re-testing

Where, in the reasonable opinion of the Authority, the results of tests are unsatisfactory, including but not limited to where the results are incomplete, corrupted, inconclusive or demonstrate that the component or system under test failed to meet the requirements which were the subject of the test, the component or system shall be re-tested after completion of the necessary re-works. Where tests have been undertaken on parts of the Works but such parts, at the time of such tests, were not complete to the extent contemplated under the Testing and Commissioning Program, including but not limited to parts of the Works in respect of which there were Outstanding Items of Work at the Substantial Completion, then upon completion of such parts to the extent contemplated under the Testing and Commissioning Program, the Contractor shall carry out such further tests as are necessary to demonstrate compliance with the principal purpose of the implementation of the Testing and Commissioning Program set forth in [section 2].

4. PROVISION OF UTILITIES

The Authority will provide the 115/230 kV high voltage feeds to the Traction Power Facilities. The Employer will be responsible for the costs of energy consumed from the above feeds during the construction, commissioning and testing periods. The Contractor shall provide all other supplies necessary for the construction and commissioning of the Work, including temporary supplies, and provide any other permanent supplies required as part of the Work. The Contractor shall) provide all temporary utilities necessary for construction and commissioning.

4. TYPE TESTS

Type tests shall be conducted on first articles to demonstrate proof of design. The Contractor shall provide a list of all equipment to be covered by Type testing for the Authority review.



Further Type tests shall be undertaken on equipment following changes within the production build.

Type tests shall verify as appropriate:

- 1. Conformity with Schedule 1, Contract Performance and Technical Requirements, and detailed design
- 2. Ability to function satisfactorily in the railway environment of CHSRA
- 3. Compliance with safety standards
- 4. Protection, insulation, and enclosure requirements
- 5. Circuit protection
- 6. Procedures covered by instruction manuals
- 7. Degraded operation.

For software controlled systems where the final software will be tested as part of the acceptance testing, test software may be used to allow adequate type testing of the hardware.

Type tests shall be conducted, where possible, at the Contractor's or Subcontractors' sites. Type test certificates shall be provided before the production equipment is shipped, and detailed test reports submitted before the equipment is commissioned. In addition, the Authority or its authorized representative may perform a First Article Configuration Inspection (FACI) of the first or second production unit of each major system or subsystem.

5. ROUTINE TESTS

The Contractor shall perform routine tests, including pre-shipment tests, to demonstrate that all components, assemblies, and systems, are built to a consistent quality and that they meet the Schedule 1, Contract Performance and Technical Requirements at all stages of the production sequence. These tests shall also demonstrate adequate integration of all subsystems where appropriate.

6. INSTALLATION TESTS AND INSPECTIONS

The Contractor shall undertake installation tests and inspections as equipment, components and systems are installed to demonstrate correct installation in accordance with the requirements for the Works. The process of completing the assembly of the Track and System and putting it into a fit state to operate in accordance with the requirements for the Works is defined as commissioning. The commissioning process will include a number of preliminary tests on the Work to check for system integrity and correct functioning. These tests will include installation tests, installation verification and interface tests. Site test reports and certificates shall be submitted within one month of the date of tests.

7. ACCEPTANCE TESTS

The Contractor shall conduct tests on equipment, components and systems to demonstrate to the Authority the satisfactory performance of that equipment (Acceptance Tests). Acceptance tests shall include system integration tests. Acceptance test certificates shall be provided within one month of the date of tests.

8. SYSTEM INTEGRATION TESTS

The Contractor shall perform (in conjunction with the Rolling Stock Contractor) system



integration tests that will include static, dynamic and integrated testing to demonstrate satisfactory performance of all systems and components of the HSR functioning together. Initial tests shall use a single Trainset on the Test Track. Demonstration of proof of system design shall use multiple Trainsets on the Test Track and, if in the reasonable opinion of the Authority the results are satisfactory, will constitute completion of the system integration test identified in the payment Milestones. Additional system integration tests shall be conducted as each section of the Main Line is completed thereafter. These additional system integration tests shall form part of the normal acceptance tests.

9. FINAL ACCEPTANCE TEST

The Contractor shall (in conjunction with the Rolling Stock Contractor) demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Authority that the Work will support a complete start of Revenue Service Timetable, which shall involve a full trial of all the Works and the Rolling Stock System, and shall take account of station dwell times, and allowing sufficient turn-around time at Bakersfield and Merced for catering and cleaning to a standard compatible with the Authority's standards and the Operation Plan. The HSR shall operate trial running for [12 months] of pre-revenue service which shall include running to a full Timetable and shall include training and qualification of crews and staff in normal, abnormal and emergency scenarios. The period of trial running may be modified with the consent of the Authority. (Final Acceptance Test)

10. FRA TESTS

FRA tests are the tests to be performed to satisfy the requirements of the FRA as a condition to the operation of the HSR.



SCHEDULE 3

MILESTONES

[Under development]



SCHEDULE 4

ESCALATION ADJUSTMENT

In the event that the any of the indices set forth in this Schedule are discontinued from publication or deemed no longer applicable for the purposes of adjustment due to (i) significant changes to the components or sub-components of the Contract requirements, (ii) changes in the production process for components and sub-components, Contractor shall submit alternative indices and their applicable weightings for approval by Authority. Authority has sole approval right over the use of an alternative index and weighting proposed by Contractor.

1. Milestone Contract Amount

The Contract Amount shall be adjusted from the Close Date to the Price Adjust Date based on the following formula:

$$[P_{PAD} = P_0 \times [(W_M \times (M_{PAD} / M_0)) + (W_E \times (E_{PAD} / E_0)) + (W_L \times (L_{PAD} / L_0))]$$

Where:

Metals Index = not seasonally adjusted Producer Price Index (PPI) Commodities for Metals and metal products – Fabricated structural metal products as published by the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) – Series ID WPU107.

Equipment Index = not seasonally adjusted PPI Commodities for Machinery and equipment as published by the BLS – Series ID WPU11.

Labor Index = not seasonally adjusted Average Hourly Earnings of Production and Nonsupervisory Employees from the Current Employment Statistics survey (National) as published by the BLS – Series ID CEU3100000008.

Price Adjust Date = for the Milestone Contract Amounts, the date Authority issues a Preliminary Notice for the applicable Segment under Article 5.2 of the General Provisions.

PPAD = Milestone Contract Amounts at the Price Adjust Date.

 P_0 = Milestone Contract Amounts at the Close Date.

 $\mathbf{W}_{\mathbf{M}}$ = Weight of the Metals Index (30%).

 \mathbf{W}_{E} = Weight of the Equipment Index (10%).

 $\mathbf{W_L}$ = Weight of the Labor Index (60%).

 $\mathbf{M}_{\mathsf{PAD}}$ = Metals Index as of the Price Adjust Date.

 M_0 = Metals Index as of the Close Date.



E_{PAD} = Equipment Index as of the Price Adjust Date.

 E_0 = Equipment Index as of the Close Date.

 L_{PAD} = Labor Index as of the Price Adjust Date.

 L_0 = Labor Index as of the Close Date.

2. Service Amount

Annual Escalation – The Mileage Incremental Service Amount and the Trainset Incremental Service Amount shall be adjusted on an annual basis on June 30 based on the following formula:

$$[P_i = P_0 \times [(W_M \times (M_i / M_0)) + (W_E \times (E_i / E_0)) + (W_L \times (L_i / L_0))]]$$

Where:

Metals Index = not seasonally adjusted Producer Price Index (PPI) Commodities for Metals and metal products – Fabricated structural metal products as published by the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) – Series ID WPU107.

Equipment Index = not seasonally adjusted PPI Commodities for Machinery and equipment as published by the BLS – Series ID WPU11.

Labor Index = not seasonally adjusted Average Hourly Earnings of Production and Nonsupervisory Employees from the Current Employment Statistics survey (National) as published by the BLS – Series ID CEU3100000008.

P_i = Mileage Incremental Service Amount, or Trainset Incremental Service Amount, as applicable, at year i of the Contract Term.

P₀ = Mileage Incremental Service Amount, or Trainset Incremental Service Amount, as applicable, at Close Date.

 $\mathbf{W}_{\mathbf{M}}$ = Weight of the Metals Index (30%).

 W_E = Weight of the Equipment Index (10%).

 \mathbf{W}_{L} = Weight of the Labor Index (60%).

 \mathbf{M}_{i} = Metals Index as of the most recent publication to June 30 of every year.

 M_0 = Metals Index as of the Close Date.

 E_i = Equipment Index as of the most recent publication to June 30 of every year.

 E_0 = Equipment Index as of the Close Date.

 L_i = Labor Index as of the most recent publication to June 30 of every year.

 L_0 = Labor Index as of the Close Date.

3. Liquidated Damages

Annual Escalation – The liquidated damage amounts set forth in Articles 12.1, 12.2 and 12.3 of the General Provisions shall be adjusted on an annual basis on June 30 based on the following formula:



$$[P_i = P_0 \times (CPI-U_i / CPI-U_0)]$$

Where:

P_i = Liquidated damages at year i of the Contract Term.

 P_0 = Liquidated damages at the Close Date as set forth in Articles 12.1, 12.2 and 12.3 of the General Provisions.

CPI-U_i = US CPI-U index as published by the US Bureau of Labor Statistics as of the most recent publication to June 30 of every year.

 $CPI-U_0 = US CPI-U$ index as published by the US Bureau of Labor Statistics as of the most recent publication at the Close Date.

4. Performance-Based Payment Reductions

Annual Escalation – The Performance-Based Payment Reduction amounts set forth in Schedule 6 to the General Provisions shall be adjusted on an annual basis on June 30 based on the following formula:

$$[P_i = P_0 \times (CPI-U_i / CPI-U_0)]$$

Where:

P_i = Performance-Based Payment Reductions at year i of the Contract Term.

 P_0 = Performance-Based Payment Reductions at the Close Date as set forth in Schedule 6 to the General Provisions.

CPI-U_i = US CPI-U index as published by the US Bureau of Labor Statistics as of the most recent publication to June 30 of every year.

 $\text{CPI-U}_0 = \text{US CPI-U}$ index as published by the US Bureau of Labor Statistics as of the most recent publication at the Close Date.



SCHEDULE 5

FORM OF CERTIFICATES OF ACCEPTANCE

Table of Contents:

- Schedule 5-1 Certificate of Acceptance for Preliminary Submittals
- Schedule 5-2 Certificate of Acceptance for Baseline Program and PMP
- Schedule 5-3 Certificate of Acceptance for Mock-Ups (Plain Line)
- Schedule 5-X Certificate of Acceptance for Mock-Ups (Systems)
- Schedule 5-X Certificate of Acceptance for Plain Line SegmentSchedule 5-4 Certificate of Acceptance for Test Track
- Schedule 5-5 Certificate of Acceptance for Maintenance Training Plan and Maintenance Plan (per Segment)
- Schedule 5-6 Certificate of Provisional Acceptance (per Segment)
- Schedule 5-7 Certificate of Conditional Acceptance (per Segment)
- Schedule 5-8 Certificate of Final Acceptance
- Schedule 5-9 [RESERVED]
- Schedule 5-10 [RESERVED]
- Schedule 5-11 [RESERVED]
- Schedule 5-12 Non-Conformances



CERTIFICATE OF ACCEPTANCE FOR PRELIMINARY SUBMITTALS

Contract No.:	[•]	Date of Contract:
Contractor Na	ame:	
		satisfied all of the conditions set forth in Article 10.1 of the General s Certificate of Acceptance for Preliminary Submittals.
capitalized ter	ms not otherwise defined	ontractor represents that s/he is the Contractor Program Director. All in this Certificate have the meaning given them in the Contract. titute a waiver by Authority of any claims.
Submittal Acc	ceptance date is	(Month/Day/Year).
	Contractor	Authority
Print Name		Print Name
Signature		Signature
Title		Title



CERTIFICATE OF ACCEPTANCE FOR BASELINE PROGRAM AND PMP TIERS 1 AND 2

Contract No.:	[•]	Date of Contract:
Contractor Na	ame:	
		sfied all of the conditions set forth in Article 10.2 of the General Certificate of Acceptance for Baseline Program and PMP Tiers 1
terms not othe	-	actor represents that s/he is the Program Director. All capitalized e have the meaning given them in the Contract. Issuance of this uthority of any claims.
Baseline Proç	gram and PMP Tiers 1 and 2	Acceptance date is (Month/Day/Year).
	Contractor	Authority
Print Name		Print Name
Signature		Signature
Title		Title



CERTIFICATE OF ACCEPTANCE FOR MOCK-UPS

Contract No.:	[•]	Date of Contract:	
Contractor Na	ıme:		
		satisfied all of the conditions set forth in Article 10.3 of the Gene is Certificate of Acceptance for Mock-Ups.	∍ra
capitalized teri	ms not otherwise define	ontractor represents that s/he is the Contractor Program Director. I in this Certificate have the meaning given them in the Contractitute a waiver by Authority of any claims.	
Mock-Up Acce	eptance date is	(Month/Day/Year).	
	Contractor	Authority	
Print Name		Print Name	
Signature		Signature	
Title		Title	



CERTIFICATE OF ACCEPTANCE FOR TEST TRACK

Contract No.:	[•]	Date of Contract:
Contractor Na	ıme:	
		satisfied all of the conditions set forth in Article 10.4 of the General is Certificate of Acceptance for Test Track.
capitalized teri	ms not otherwise define	ontractor represents that s/he is the Contractor Program Director. All in this Certificate have the meaning given them in the Contract. Ititute a waiver by Authority of any claims.
Test Track Ac	ceptance date is	(Month/Day/Year).
	Contractor	Authority
Print Name		Print Name
Signature		Signature
Title		Title



CERTIFICATE OF ACCEPTANCE FOR MAINTENANCE TRAINING PLAN AND MAINTENANCE PLAN

Contract No.:		[●]			Date of Contract	:
Contractor Na	ıme:					
	issuance b					Article 10.5 of the Generatenance Training Plan and
capitalized teri	ms not othe	erwise de	•	cate ha	ve the meaning g	ractor Program Director. A iven them in the Contract
Maintenance (Month/Day/Ye	_	Plan a	and Maintenance	Plan	Acceptance da	ite is
	Contractor				Authorit	y
Print Name				Prin	t Name	
Signature				Sigr	nature	
Title				Title		



CERTIFICATE OF PROVISIONAL ACCEPTANCE

Contract No.:	[•]	Date of Contract:
Contractor Name:		
Provisions for issuan	ice by Authority of t	tisfied all of the conditions set forth in Article 10.6 of the General Certificate of Provisional Acceptance except for those item and set out in attached Schedule 5-12 - Non-Conformances.
capitalized terms not	otherwise defined i	tractor represents that s/he is the Contractor Program Director. An this Certificate have the meaning given them in the Contractute a waiver by Authority of any claims.
Provisional Accepta	nce date is	(Month/Day/Year).
Contra	actor	Authority
Print Name		Print Name
Signature		Signature
Title		Title



CERTIFICATE OF ACCEPTANC OF PLAIN LINE SEGMENT

Contract No.:	[•]	Date of	Contract:
Contractor Name:			
Provisions for issuance		icate of Acceptance	et forth in Article 10.6 of the General except for those items approved by n-Conformances.
	l a Rail Infrastructure Syster an Operating Speed of 79m		limits) to operate one diesel train-permilestones in schedule 3.
requirements: 1. All plain line trac 2. All relevant Posi Safety Improvem 3. An FRA complia	k work (final design and pos tive Train Control requireme	sitioning); ents as described in em; and	accordance with all other contract
•	9		an be upgraded to form the final, fully ill Infrastructure System with minima
capitalized terms not o		ertificate have the m	the Contractor Program Director. All neaning given them in the Contract. ny claims.
Provisional Acceptanc	e date is	_ (Month/Day/Year).	
Print Name Signature	tor	Print Name Signature	Authority
Title		Title	



CERTIFICATE OF CONDITIONAL ACCEPTANCE

Contract No.:	[•]	Date of Contract:	_
Contractor Name:			
attached Schedule (i) Contractor has soy Authority of this (ii) Contractor has	5-12 – Non-Conforman atisfied all of the condi Certificate of Condition	ions set forth in Article 10.7 of the General Provisions for issuand I Acceptance; and rmances, if any, set forth in Schedule 5-12 – Non-Conformance	ce
capitalized terms n	ot otherwise defined	tractor represents that s/he is the Contractor Program Director. An this Certificate have the meaning given them in the Contractute a waiver by Authority of any claims.	
Conditional Accep	tance date is	(Month/Day/Year).	
Cor	itractor	Authority	
Print Name		Print Name	
Signature		Signature	
Title		Title	



CERTIFICATE OF ACCEPTANCE FOR TEST PERIOD PERFORMANCE

Contract No.:	[•]	Date of Contract:
Contractor Na	ame:	
by Authority of [(ii) Contractor	has satisfied all of the condition this Certificate of Acceptance to	ns set forth in Article 10.8 of the General Provisions for issuance for Test Period Performance; and nances, if any, set forth in Schedule 5-12 – Non-Conformances eptance.]
capitalized ter	ms not otherwise defined in t	actor represents that s/he is the Contractor Program Director. All this Certificate have the meaning given them in the Contract. e a waiver by Authority of any claims.
Testing Perio	d Performance Acceptance da	ate is (Month/Day/Year).
	Contractor	Authority
Print Name		Print Name
Signature		Signature
Title		Title



CERTIFICATE OF FINAL ACCEPTANCE

Contract No.:	[•]	Date of Contract:	
Contractor Name:			



[RESERVED]





[RESERVED]





NON-CONFORMANCES

Contra	nct No.: [●]			
Contra	actor Name:			
	The following item	s are to be performed/corrected by	y Contractor:	
Item No.	Problem or Description	Required Action	Completion Date	Date Accepted by Authority
		ı	1	

Unless otherwise stated,	all required	actions	shall be	completed	within 60	days	from
, 20							



SCHEDULE 6

PERFORMANCE STANDARDS

1. GENERAL

There are three Performance Standards for the assessment of Performance-Based Payment Reductions. These Performance Standards measure:

- (a) Missed Stops, which relates to the Stops contained in the Timetable;
- (b) Late Stops, which relates to the timeliness of the Timetabled service; and
- (c) Mission Quality Failures, which relates to the proper functioning of equipment necessary for the comfort and convenience of passengers.

A "Trip" is a Timetable scheduled passenger-carrying revenue service on a Trainset from one terminus to another terminus.

A "Stop" is a Timetable scheduled stop at station on a Trip.

The Contractor shall assume that the Timetable will include a 5% [pad] for scheduled arrivals and departure for dedicated high-speed rail track and 10% [pad] for blended tracks.

Performance Standards for Missed Stops, Late Stops and Mission Quality Failures shall be measured over [four] measurement periods: a [10]-day measurement period, a [30]-day measurement period, a [90]-day measurement period and a [180]-day measurement period. All days in each measurement period shall be consecutive. The [four] measurement periods shall run concurrently.

Performance Standards shall be measured for the [10]-day measurement periods, the [30]-day measurement periods, the [90]-day measurement periods and [180]-day measurement periods described above, commencing in each case on the first day of [Timetabled service] and ending on the last day of the last [10]-day measurement period, [30]-day measurement period, [90]-day measurement period and [180]-day measurement period respectively.

If the number of Missed Stops, Late Stops, or Mission Quality Failures exceeds the allowable number of Missed Stops, Late Stops, or Mission Quality Failures, as applicable, over the relevant measurement periods, Authority shall assess Performance-Based Payment Reductions. The assessment of Performance-Based Payment Reductions under the various measurement periods is cumulative, such that a single Missed Stop, Late Stop, or Mission Quality Failure can result in the assessment of Performance-Based Payment Reductions under more than one measurement period.

The Contractor may not purposefully miss a Stop unless due to a Failure.

2. MISSED STOPS

A "Missed Stop" is a Stop which, due to a Failure, is not made according to the Timetable schedule. A Trip may have multiple Missed Stops if the Failure causes the Trainset to not make multiple Stops during a single revenue service Trip.

The number of Missed Stops shall be provided by the ADS and automatically recorded in the



O.C.C.

2.1. Allowable Percentage of Missed Stops

The percentage of Missed Stops shall be calculated for each measurement period as the total number of Missed Stops divided by the total number of Stops in such measurement period, expressed as a percentage.

To allow for a break-in period, the Allowable Percentage of Missed Stops in any measurement period during the first [360] days, starting on the day of the first Timetabled Trip, shall be as set forth below in Appendix 1 to this Schedule.

Starting the day after the first [360] days of Timetabled service, the Allowable Percentage of Missed Stops shall be set thereafter at [0.22% of Trips] during each [10]-day measurement Period, [0.15% of Trips] during each [30]-day measurement period, [0.10%] during each [90]-day measurement period and [0.05%] during each [180]-day measurement period.

For each measurement period, the allowable number of Missed Stops is the product of the total number of Stops for the measurement period multiplied by the Allowable Percentage of Missed Stops for that measurement period. For the avoidance of doubt, where the product of the total number of Stops multiplied by the Allowable Percentage of Missed Stops is not an integer, the allowable number of Missed Stops shall be the product rounded to the nearest integer, that is decimal fractions less than 0.5 shall be rounded down to the next lowest integer and decimal fractions equal to or greater than 0.5 shall be rounded up to the next highest integer.

3. LATE STOPS

A Late Stop shall be deemed to have occurred whenever, due to a Failure, any Trainset arrives later than its allowable lateness at its scheduled arrival for a Stop according to the Timetable. Any early arrival is counted as an on-time arrival.

Time shall be as recorded on the ADS, rounded down to the previous 15 seconds increment. In the first 120 days of Timetabled service the allowable lateness shall be 300 seconds. For the subsequent 180 days of Timetabled service the allowable lateness shall be 150 seconds. For all subsequent days of Timetabled service the allowable lateness shall be 120 seconds.

3.1. Allowable Percentage of Late Stops

The percentage of Late Stops shall be calculated for each measurement period as the total number of Late Stops divided by the total number of arrivals according to the Timetable (but irrespective of the scheduled time for arrival specified by the Timetable) in such measurement period, expressed as a percentage.

In the first [360] days of Timetabled service, the Allowable Percentage of Late Stops in each [10]-day measurement period, [30]-day measurement period, [90]-day measurement period, and [180]-day measurement period is equal to [1.28]% of Trips during the applicable measurement period.

In the subsequent [180] days of Timetabled service, from the [361st] day to the [540th] day, the allowable percentage of Late Stops in each [10]-day measurement period, [30]-day measurement period, [90]-day measurement period, and [180]-day measurement period



shall be equal to [0.64]% of Trips during the applicable measurement period.

In the periods after the first [540] days of Timetabled service, the allowable percentage of Late Stops in each [10]-day measurement period, [30]-day measurement period, [90]-day measurement period and [180]-day measurement period is equal to [0.384]% of Trips during the applicable measurement period.

For each measurement period, the allowable number of Late Stops is the product of the total number of arrivals according to the Timetable (but irrespective of the scheduled time for arrival specified by the Timetable) in the measurement period multiplied by the Allowable Percentage of Late Stops for that measurement period. For the avoidance of doubt, where the product of the total number of arrivals multiplied by the Allowable Percentage of Late Stops is not an integer, the allowable number of Late Stops shall be the product rounded to the nearest integer, that is decimal fractions less than 0.5 shall be rounded down to the next lowest integer and decimal fractions equal to or greater than 0.5 shall be rounded up to the next highest integer.

4. MISSION QUALITY

Mission Quality measures the proper operation of those systems that []. Failure of the systems or components shall be recorded on the MMS.

A Mission Quality Failure shall be deemed to have occurred whenever, due to a Failure, any Trainset arrives at a Stop or Station (platform equipment) in a condition not suitable for service.

The list of Failures to be used by the Parties to measure Mission Quality shall be developed by Contractor for Authority's approval prior to the commencement of the Service Period. The list shall include, but not be limited to:

- Station escalator and lift functioning
- Customer information availability on the platforms
- Car access (ADA access, Doors Opening, etc...)
- Car seats and equipment (power plug, individual lights, Tablet etc..) condition
- Car lightening
- Car air conditioning
- On board customer information availability
- On board catering availability
- Perturbed traffic information availability

A Mission Quality Failure is a condition described in the list developed by Contractor and approved by Authority, as described above, where such condition cannot be rectified successfully by re-setting the equipment or system.

4.1. Allowable Number of Mission Quality Failures

The percentage of Mission Quality Failure shall be calculated for each measurement period as the total number of Stops impacted by a Mission Quality Failure divided by the total number of Stops in such measurement period, expressed as a percentage.

In the first [360] days of Timetabled service, the Allowable Percentage of Mission Quality Failures in each [10]-day measurement period, [30]-day measurement period, and [180]-day measurement period is equal to [0.01]% of Trips during the



applicable measurement period.

In the subsequent [180] days of Timetabled service, from the [361st] day to the [540th] day, the allowable percentage of Mission Quality Failures in each [10]-day measurement period, [30]-day measurement period, [90]-day measurement period, and [180]-day measurement period shall be equal to [0.005]% of Trips during the applicable measurement period.

In the periods after the first [540] days of Timetabled service, the allowable percentage of Mission Quality Failures in each [10]-day measurement period, [30]-day measurement period, [90]-day measurement period and [180]-day measurement period is equal to [0.003]% of Trips during the applicable measurement period.

5. Performance-Based Payment Reductions

(a) Missed Stops

The allowable number of Missed Stops is specified in Section 2 below.

For each Missed Stop in excess of the allowable number of Missed Stops over a [10]-day, [30]-day, [60]-day, and [90]-day measurement period, the sums provided in Table [1] and based on the Category of Station, will be deducted from any Service Payments due, or to become due, to Contractor as a Performance-Based Payment Reduction for Missed Stops.

Table 1.

Category	Stations	[10]-day	[30]-day	[90]-day	[180]-day
1	Terminal Stations	[\$24,500]	[\$29,000]	[\$38,000]	[\$48,000]
2	Intermediate	[\$22,500]	[\$27,000]	[\$36,000]	[\$46,000]

(b) Late Stops

The allowable number of Late Stops is specified in Section 3 below.

For each Late Stop in excess of the allowable number of Late Stops over a [10]-day measurement period, the sum of [under development] shall be deducted from any Service Period payments due, or to become due, to Contractor as a Performance-Based Payment Reduction for Late Stops.

For each Late Stop in excess of the allowable number of Late Stops over a 30-day measurement period, the sum of [under development] shall be deducted from any Service Period payments due, or to become due, to Contractor as a Performance-Based Payment Reduction for Late Stops.

For each Late Stop in excess of the allowable number of Late Stops over a 90-day measurement period, the sum of [under development] shall be deducted from any Service Period payments due, or to become due, to Contractor as a Performance-Based Payment Reduction for Late Stops.



For each Late Stop in excess of the allowable number of Late Stops over a 180-day measurement period, the sum of [under development] shall be deducted from any Service Period payments due, or to become due, to Contractor as a Performance-Based Payment Reduction for Late Stops.

(c) Mission Quality Failures

The allowable number of Mission Quality Failures is specified in Section 4 below.

For each Mission Quality Failure in excess of the allowable number of Mission Quality Failures over a [90]-day measurement period, the sum of [\$12,200] shall be deducted from any Service Period payments due, or to become due, to Contractor as a Performance-Based Payment Reduction for Mission Quality Failures.

For each Mission Quality Failure in excess of the allowable number of Mission Quality Failures over a 180-day measurement period, the sum of [\$____] [To be provided].shall be deducted from any Service Period payments due, or to become due, to Contractor as a Performance-Based Payment Reduction for Mission Quality Failures.

(d) Performance-Based Payment Reduction Limitation

The cumulative Performance-Based Payment Reduction amount for Missed Stops, Late Stops, and Mission Quality Failures under Section 1.1(a), 1.1(b), and 1.1(c) for any month shall not exceed the Service Payment amount for the month.

5.1 Excused Late Stops, Missed Stops and Mission Quality Failures

Notwithstanding Section 1.1, a Late Stop, Missed Stop or Mission Quality Failure shall not count towards the assessment of Performance-Based Payment Reductions if Contractor can establish that (a) Authority, the Trainset operator, Rolling Stock Contractor, a third party, or a Force Majeure Event is wholly responsible for a sufficient number of the Late Stops, Missed Stops or Mission Quality Failures to bring the performance of the Rail Infrastructure System within the allowable number of Late Stops, Missed Stops or Mission Quality Failures set forth in this Schedule 6, and (b) the excused Late Stops, Missed Stops or Mission Quality Failures under (a) were out of Contractor's control and Contractor could not have avoided or prevented them by due diligence and use of reasonable efforts.

5.2 Performance-Based Payment Reduction Relief

In order to provide Contractor an incentive to correct performance failures, Contractor shall be entitled to claim relief pursuant to this Section 1.3 from [50]% of any Performance-Based Payment Reductions imposed under this Schedule 6 for (a) Missed Stops in excess of the allowable number of Missed Stops over a [10]-day measurement period and/or (b) Late Stops in excess of the allowable number of Late Stops over a [10]-day measurement period if:

i. During the [180]-day measurement period (described in Section 1) in which Authority assessed the Performance-Based Payment Reduction at issue, Contractor does not exceed the allowable number of Missed Stops and/or Late Stops with respect to any other [10]-day measurement period for Missed Stops or Late Stops; and



ii. During the subsequent [180]-day measurement period, Contractor does not exceed the allowable number of Missed Stops or Late Stops for any [10]-day measurement period.

Such relief, if any, shall take the form of a rebate paid to Contractor with the monthly payments due Contractor during the Service Period. Contractor shall invoice Authority for the rebate in accordance with Article 11.5 of the General Provisions. In no event shall Contractor be entitled to any relief under this Section 1.3 for Performance-Based Payment Reductions assessed as a result of Missed Stops or Late Stops in excess of the allowable number of Missed Stops or Late Stops over any [30]-day, [90]-day or [180]-day measurement periods or assessed for Mission Quality Failures.



APPENDIX 1 TO SCHEDULE 6

Allowable Percentages of Missed Stops for first [360] days of Revenue Service (See Following Page)





Allowable Percentage of Missed Stops for [10]-Day Measurement Periods from the start of revenue service to the end of the first [360] days Service Period

[10] Dov	
[10]-Day	[Allowable
Measurement Period	Percentage of Missed Stops
1st	0.145
2nd	0.145
	_
3rd	0.137
4th	0.133
5th	0.129
6th	0.125
7th	0.121
8th	0.117
9th	0.113
10th	0.109
11th	0.105
12th	0.101
13th	0.097
14th	0.093
15th	0.089
16th	0.085
17th	0.081
18th	0.077
19th	0.073
20th	0.069
21st	0.065
22nd	0.061
23rd	0.057
24th	0.053
25th	0.049
26th	0.045
27th	0.041
28th	0.037
29th	0.033
30th	0.029
31st	0.025
32nd	0.021
33rd	0.017
34th	0.013
35th	0.009
36th	0.005]



Allowable Percentage of Missed Stops for [30]-Day Measurement Periods from the start of revenue service to the end of the first [360] days Service Period

[30]-day	[Allowable	
measurement	percentage of	
period	Missed Stops	
1st	0.144	
2nd	0.132	
3rd	0.120	
4th	0.108	
5th	0.096	
6th	0.084	
7th	0.072	
8th	0.060	
9th	0.048	
10th	0.036	
11th	0.024	
12th]0.012	

Allowable Percentage of Missed Stops for [90]-Day Measurement Periods during the start of revenue service to the end of the first [360] days Service Period

[90]-day	[Allowable
measurement	percentage of
period	Missed Stops
1st	0.135
2nd	0.099
3rd	0.063
4th	0.027]

Allowable Percentage of Missed Stops for [180]-Day Measurement Periods during the start of revenue service to the end of the first [360] days Service Period

[180]-day	[Allowable
measurement	percentage of
period	Missed Stops
1st	0.05
2nd	0.015]



SCHEDULE 7

DESIGN DEVELOPMENT AND REVIEW

DESIGN SUBMISSION AND REVIEW

1.1 General

The Contractor shall provide Technical Documentation including design and manufacturing drawings to a level of detail suitable for assembly, installation, maintenance, repair, overhaul and operation. The Technical Documentation will be used by the Authority to conduct Design Reviews of the Contractor's design. Technical Documentation shall record the As-Built, installed, tested and commissioned systems and shall provide sufficient information for the continued safe operation and maintenance of the HSR. The Technical Documentation shall conform to a standard and format that shall be Good Industry Practice using an electronic document management system. Drawings shall conform to the requirements of [Appendix xx]. Design Drawings shall identify the codes and standards with which the design is compliant. For all Software the Supplier shall provide sufficient information to allow a complete understanding of the function and interface requirements. The level of detail shall be sufficient to permit complete verification of all operational, RAM and safety criteria.

1.2 Configuration Management

The Contractor shall maintain accurate, thorough and current records throughout the performance of the Contract. A single Configuration Management system shall apply to all material furnished irrespective of its origin. Each Document, component, sub-system and system shall carry a configuration identity. All Technical Documentation shall be identified by title, number, issue, revision and date. The Configuration Management system shall include:

- Identification of and documentation of the physical and functional characteristics of components, sub-systems and systems as defined by technical information including functional schematics, physical schematics, applicable standards, software flow diagrams, software architecture, software source code, drawings, layouts, plans, specifications, specification control drawings, and both maintenance and operating manuals
- A means to search out associated documents, including next higher and lower levels, assembly level, specifications, software (including version), and documents
- Drawing trees for all major systems and sub-systems, with drawing identities reserved by groups
- Specification and process trees for all major systems and sub-systems, with engineering unit description identities reserved by groups



- Change control procedures, wherein the approval status of any document can be determined
- Completed incorporated changes can be identified
- Pending changes will be posted against any document
- Effect on manufacturing or installation will be identified with any changed document
- Changes will not be initiated without an impact analysis report and all affected party review
- A change board will be established
- A materials review board will be established
- Materials review actions will be tracked
- At the time of submittal of As-Built drawings, incorporation of changes can be verified by inspection or demonstration
- Records of change assessment will be kept. History logs, including photographic progress records, shall be kept for all major sub-elements of other Principal Design Units, including signaling circuits and interlockings, communications systems, traction power looms, and software. The history logs are to identify all the parts, the associated part, drawing, or identity, with change level applicable. History logs are to accompany items shipped for installation and be updated after installation and as As-Built drawings. The Contractor is required to close the history log with a set of As-Built or as-installed documentation including all internal interfaces and those external interfaces affecting the Work.

1.3 Configuration Management Plan

The Supplier shall produce a Configuration Management plan within [120] days after NTP, for the Authority's review. The Configuration Management plan shall identify the methods and procedures that shall be used to achieve the requirements of the Configuration Management System. The plan shall identify the associated procedures, systems and techniques employed.

1.4 Configuration Control

The Contractor shall establish a configuration control system consistent with the requirements for controlling the hierarchy and arrangement of the Technical Documentation and changes thereto. The system shall record, as a minimum:

- Changed items
- Reason for change
- Authority for change
- Date of change



- Approval status
- Any other significant data.

The configuration control system shall differentiate between major and minor changes to the Technical Documentation. Examples of major changes include factors that affect any of the following factors:

- Safety
- Schedule or deliveries
- Performance outside the requirements
- Delivered equipment, so as to require retrofit
- Adjustments or schedules affecting operating limits or performance
- Reliability or maintainability outside agreed tolerances
- Physical or functional interchangeability
- Maintenance practices
- Maintenance manuals
- Training
- Spares
- Sources of equipment
- EMI/EMC characteristics
- Interface characteristics
- Environment
- Compatibility with training program.

Minor changes are those changes that do not require Authority's action. These include changes that deal only with manufacturing processes or sources in a way such that the physical and functional interchangeability, maintenance practices, maintenance manuals, and spares provisioning are unaffected.

Changes recording the incorporation of corrections are classified as minor if the correction did not involve a change classified as major.

1.5 Design Submissions and Review



Design Reviews will be conducted throughout the design lifecycle and shall generally comprise a formal design submission process supported by design presentations. The Design Review process shall include:

- Preliminary Design Reviews giving outline information in a formal submission
- Final Design Reviews giving detailed design information in a formal submission
- Design Progress Meetings presenting the design package
- A System Design Review shall be started as soon as all Principal Design Units have completed their Preliminary Design Reviews. Each design submission shall be for a distinct part of the Work and shall contain all the details necessary to enable the Authority to be able to understand and review the design, and to satisfy itself that the design submitted appears to be fully coordinated, to conform to the Contract Requirements and the performance requirements contained therein.



SCHEDULE 8

Verification Validation and Self Certification

1 - INTRODUCTION

The Verification and Validation (V&V) process is a critical aspect of this design workflow to provide for a completely integrated system in the future. The contractor shall provide time and resources necessary to conduct a thorough Verification and Validation, in accordance with the process specified in this Schedule and in the performance requirements.

This section includes:

- Requirements for Contractor Self-Certification (SC) to certify that the Technical Contract Submittals¹ conform to Technical Contract Requirements as detailed in the Contract and as reasonably inferred therefrom. The Self-Certification Process is embedded in the CHSTS V&V process.
- 2. Verification and Validation requirements for Contractor supporting the Self-Certification by provision of documented objective evidence to demonstrate compliance with the Technical Contract Requirements set forth in this Contract.

The Contract differentiates between Technical and Non-Technical Contract Requirements and Technical and Non-Technical Contract Submittals.

Technical Contract Requirements (TCR) are defined as Contract Requirements specifying the characteristics of the final infrastructure deliverable including related final design², construction, inspection, testing, and acceptance requirements. Technical Contract Submittals (TCS) are defined as the Contract submittals that address the Technical Contract Requirements, including, but not limited to:

- Final design drawings, specifications and reports
- Ready for construction (RFC) drawings and specifications
- Inspection plans, procedures, and reports
- Test and acceptance plans, procedures, and reports
- As-built drawings and specifications

Non-Technical Contract Requirements (NTCR) are the remainder of the Contract Requirements such as Project Management, Commercial, Legal or other Contract Requirements.

² Final design shall be defined as per 23 CFR 636.103 and means any design activities following preliminary engineering and expressly includes the preparation of final construction plans and detailed specifications for the performance of construction work.



¹ Refer to the Scope of Work for the Technical Contract Submittal List.

Non-Technical Contract Submittals (NTCS) are defined as Contract submittals that address Non-Technical Contract Requirements, including Project Management Plans, Schedules, Invoices, etc.

Objective evidence is defined as Technical Contract Submittals provided by the Contractor that, when independently reviewed, clearly demonstrate that the TCRs have been met.

If the Contractor includes Technical Contract Requirements in Non-Technical Contract Submittals, the submittal shall be treated as a Technical Contract Submittal.

This section does not include:

- Submittal and review requirements for non-technical submittals, including management related and administrative submittals. Refer to the General Provisions for NTCS requirements.
- List of individually required Contract Submittals
- Quality control/assurance requirements
- Specific inspection and testing requirements

Refer to the applicable Contract provisions for the requirements not included in this section. Unless otherwise noted, all requirements in this document shall be performed by the Contractor.

In the event that a requirement of this section conflicts with another Contract requirement, the most stringent requirement or interpretation shall apply.

2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 Contractor Verification and Validation Management Plan

Verification & Validation Management in the California High-Speed Train Project is defined as a systematic engineering process based on generally accepted project management and systems engineering practices (INCOSE Systems Engineering Handbook, 4th Edition (2015)).

The contractor shall develop and implement a Verification and Validation Management plan (CVVP) for the project as defined in the performance specification.

The Plan shall address the following processes:

- Verification and Validation process
- Requirements Management process
- Self-certification process

The plan shall also demonstrate how it integrates the following processes which are developed in separate deliverables:

- Design Management process
- Interface Management process
- Inspection and Testing Program Management process
- Quality Program and Quality Management System



Change Control and Configuration Management process

2.1.1 Verification and Validation (V&V) Process

The V&V process is the core process depending on the other processes described above, e.g. Verification and Validation can only be successfully performed against Technical Contract Requirements (TCRs). The TCRs shall be addressed by Technical Contract Submittals, while changes to TCRs shall be managed.

The Contractor shall develop and implement a comprehensive V&V process as defined in the Performances specifications to demonstrate how each Technical Contract Requirement is met during design, construction, inspection, testing, and certification.

The V&V lead person shall meet the requirements for Contractor Key Personnel as specified in this schedule 8 in section 3.1.

2.1.2 Requirements Management Process

The contractor shall Develop and implement a comprehensive requirements management (RM) process as defined in the Performances specifications, defining how the Technical Contract Requirements are captured, traced, managed, verified, and validated.

The Contractor shall manage Technical Contract Requirements in the RM tool as specified in Section 2.2.

The contractor shall also Demonstrate compliance to Technical Contract Requirements using the RVTM and compliance to Critical Items using the CIL as specified in the performance specification.

Certify compliance to Critical Items using the Certificate of Conformance Package as specified in the performance specification.

2.1.3 Self-Certification Process

The self-certification process is different from the traditional submittal and review process where the Contractor prepares a submittal for the full Authority review, typically resulting in either approval or rejection of the submittal.

The purpose of the self-certification process is to shift submittal review responsibility from the Authority to the Contractor, whereby the Contractor shall demonstrate compliance resulting in reduced review efforts on the Authority side. This is achieved by Contractor self-certification of compliance, supported by objective evidence (the V&V submittal) demonstrating compliance between the contract and the submittal.

The Self-Certification process applies to Technical Contract Submittals (TCS).

He Self-certification process is defined in the Performance specifications



2.2 Requirements Management (RM) Tool

The contractor shall Capture, trace, manage, verify, and validate Technical Contract Requirements using an RM tool as defined in the Performance specifications. The RM tool is foundational to maintaining programmatic visibility over implementation of project (this Contract) specific TCRs. It is critical that the information contained within the RM tool is complete, correct and consistent since it provides evidence of programmatic compliance.

The RM tool shall be the latest IBM Rational DOORS 9.X version. The Contractor shall not use IBM Rational DOORS Next Generation.

Detailed requirements concerning the RM Tools, capture of TCRs, traceability of the Requirements, organization and management of the DOORS data base and Performance metrics are described in the Performance Specifications

2.2 Contractor Verification and Validation Submittal

The Contractor shall

Provide a V&V submittal with every Technical Contract Submittal. The V&V submittal includes the following:

- The Requirements Verification and Traceability Matrix (RVTM)
- The Certifiable Items List (CILs)
- Certificate of Conformance Packages (CCP)
- Contractor V&V report

These submittals are defined in the Performances specifications

3 - EXECUTION

3.1 Contractor V&V Key Personnel

The Contractor shall employ only professionals with at least 10 years of experience in the V&V field of expertise for the V&V manager position. The candidates shall have a proven track record in the following functions as supported by their resumes:

- Rail Road projects with preferably Federal Transit Administration or Federal Railroad Administration oversight
- Design/Build contracts
- Systems Engineering with application to transportation and/or infrastructure industry
- Verification and Validation
- Certified Systems Engineering Professionals (CSEP) and/or membership in the International Council on Systems Engineering (INCOSE) is preferred
- Proven continuity through project delivery and commitment for the length of this contract is required
- Full time Presence at the local project office



3.2 Authority's Representative Review

Upon submittal of Technical Contract Submittals, the Authority's Representative will perform a review of the Contractor's submittal. An additional audit of the Contractor's adherence to the verification, validation and self-certification process may be performed as deemed necessary.

The Authority's Representative may require consultations with the Contractor's engineers for the various disciplines involved in the part of the work under review. The Contractor shall ensure that the relevant staff is available to participate in such consultations.

The Authority's Representative may request additional reviews as considered necessary to ensure a continued and uniform consistency in the quality and effective incorporation of revisions to submittals and/or the Contractor may request additional reviews to facilitate release of designs for construction.

3.3 Submittals

The requested submittals list schedule is provided in the Performance Specifications.



Schedule of Values [Under development]

Concept

The Contract Amount will be determined using Schedule of Value based on the following concepts:

During the Performance Period

Development Based Costs

1.) Preliminary Submittals, design developments, etc. will be based on % of Contract Amount

Physical Asset Based Costs

- 1.) The linear elements of the Track & Systems (e.g., trackwork, communications, Overhead Contact System, signaling, signage, access points, etc.), will be priced on a per mile basis:
 - a. At-grade and on embankment
 - b. In trench
 - c. In tunnel
 - d. On structure
- 2.) The non-linear elements will be priced on a per unit basis (e.g.);
 - a. Traction Power Facilities
 - i. Traction Power Substation
 - ii. Switching Stations
 - iii. Paralleling Stations
 - b. Special Trackwork (interlockings, turnouts, passenger station tracks, refuge tracks, etc.) as shown on the Track Schematic
 - c. Passenger Stations (platforms, canopies, vertical circulation)

Time Based Costs

 The period between the issuance of the Certificate of Conditional Acceptance for a Segment Integrated Dynamic Test and the start of Revenue Service (Trial Running Period) will be priced on a monthly basis.

The Physical Asset Based elements of the Schedule of Values will be subject to escalation as per GP5, Schedule 4 to GP)



ASSET MANAGEMENT

1. Overview

- 1.1. The California High Speed Rail system will be comprised of assets, systems and subsystems that must function together to deliver safe reliable service and achieve the performance standards set forth by the contract. The assets must be managed effectively to achieve the required operational performance, condition and remaining useful life at the point of asset handback. The following principles apply to the ownership and management of Authority assets through the duration of the contract:
 - 1.1.1. The Authority owns the physical assets that comprise the railroad system as well as the asset information and asset data that comprises the digital assets.
 - 1.1.2. The Contractor is the Steward of the Authority's physical assets, asset information, and digital assets for the duration of the contract.
 - 1.1.3. The digital asset data represents the information necessary for the contractor to effectively manage physical assets throughout the asset lifecycle and demonstrate to the Authority the effective management of the physical assets per the contract.
 - 1.1.4. The Authority Enterprise Asset Management (EAM) System is the official system of record for all digital asset data.
 - 1.1.5. Asset Management is the core capability by which the authority and the contractor will measure and manage asset information completeness, asset performance and asset condition.
 - 1.1.6. All required reporting pertaining to asset information shall be derived from the digital asset data stored in the Authority EAM and managed by the Contractor.
 - 1.1.7. The Contractor shall, on behalf of the Authority, comply with all Federal, State, Local and California High Speed Rail Policies and regulatory requirements for asset management.

2. Business Management System for Asset Management

- 2.1. As part of their Strategic Asset Management Plan, the Contractor shall submit, for Authority's review and approval, documentation describing how they will achieve one integrated management system for Asset Management. The proposed management system should incorporate industry best practices (e.g. Institute of Asset Management's "An Anatomy of Asset Management") and comply to the ISO 55000 and ISO 31000 standards.
- 2.2. The documentation provided must describe the management system at minimum to a level of detail depicting organizational framework, key decision processes, and the approach to managing asset information and implementing continuous improvement.



3. Asset Technology & Data Management

3.1. Architecture and Integration

- 3.1.1. System Architecture The Contractor shall submit Enterprise System Architecture design documentation that describes all Contractor systems that store and manage asset information (EAM, CADD, GIS, BIM, DOORS, CM, DMS, RIIMS, MMIS, IoT, SCADA, etc) and how they will interface with Authority asset management systems of record (EAM, GIS, EDMS, DOORS) and adhere to the Authority asset management requirements.
 - 3.1.1.1. A "single source of truth" asset information system shall be implemented and maintained; and is used to support all levels of decision making. Contractor shall provide all the necessary integration and support to the Authority EAM system, which is the authoritative source of asset data.
 - 3.1.1.2. The Authority has operationalized IBM Maximo as the EAM system of record and has integrated ESRI's Enterprise Geographic Information System (GIS). The Authority EAM system is supporting program delivery in several fronts including maintaining the Asset Registry for constructed assets, interfacing with other enterprise technologies, managing regulatory compliance processes with respect to Federal, State and Authority Policy requirements, Permanent Encroachment Management, and tracking the progress of the Civil construction packages (CP1, CP2-3, CP4).
- 3.1.2. Authority EAM System-of-Record The Contractor shall ensure that data in the Authority EAM system is kept up-to-date in real-time. The Contractor shall submit a proposed plan to maintain asset data in the Authority EAM system through one or more of the following methods, or alternative methods.
 - 3.1.2.1. The preferred method of maintaining asset data is for the Contractor to use the Authority EAM system directly.
 - 3.1.2.2. Contractor to maintain their own EAM system(s) and establish a direct integration to Authority
 - 3.1.2.3. Contractor to maintain their own EAM system(s) with interface to Authority EAM via third party system.
 - 3.1.2.4. Note: The Authority remains open to other possible avenues of integration besides the ones discussed above. The Authority leaves it up to the discretion of Contractor to propose one or a combination of alternatives.

4. Asset Data Governance and Data Management



4.1.1. The Contractor shall submit asset management data governance framework documentation and data management plan documentation for review and approval by the Authority. The data governance framework and data management plan shall be documented, implemented and maintained within the context of the Contractor's management system for asset management and the proposed Enterprise technology solution.

5. Asset identification and referencing

- 5.1.1. As part of the Asset Information Management Plan, the Contractor shall propose standards, conventions, nomenclatures, management approaches, and business workflow schemas for uniquely identifying and referencing each asset class:
 - 5.1.1.1. Uniquely identify, designate/name and record the assets, components and their parent-child relationships to the LMU (Lowest Maintainable Unit) level;
 - 5.1.1.2. Achieve traceability and congruence across various information domains including CADD, GIS, RAMS, RIIMS, CMMS, SCADA, IoT, configuration management, and construction management at appropriate levels (i.e. not necessarily at the LMU level in all cases), and
 - 5.1.1.3. Compatibility with prevalent industry standards and best practices.
- 5.1.2. Congruence, Traceability, Line of Sight
 - 5.1.2.1. The contractor shall utilize the unique asset identifier as a common linkage for communicating across various contracts, documentation, practice boundaries and information systems (systems of record).
 - 5.1.2.2. Every interface involving an asset shall be captured and maintained as part of the asset lifecycle management.
 - 5.1.2.3. Contractor shall ensure that the data representing all activities an asset participates in or is subject to are traceable along a clear line of sight based on the asset's unique identifier.

Note: Authority will make available an Asset Information Requirements Guide (AIRG) which is intended to provide guidance on asset identification and referencing and the nature and tentative scope of the asset attribute information.

6. Deliverables

6.1. The first table below summarizes key deliverables to be submitted under Asset Management.



Deliverable	Description	Timeframe for initial delivery (after NTP)
Asset Information Management Plan	Describes Contractor's approach to acquiring, managing, and transmitting asset information into Authority EAM. Includes adopted standards and conventions.	[3 months]
Asset Management Policy (memo)	Part of Strategic Asset Management Plan but requires to be first approved separately by Authority	[3 months]
Management System for Asset Management (memo)	Part of Strategic Asset Management Plan but requires to be first approved separately by Authority	[3 months]
Strategic Asset Management Plan	A plan which establishes strategic goals, identifies necessary organizational capabilities, and formulates strategies to achieve the goals. Contains the approved Asset Management Policy.	[3 months]
Asset Class Strategies	Describes the lifecycle management of assets for each asset class. This document establishes the Asset Class-specific approach to achieving Performance Standards per contract.	[6 months]
Asset Management Plan (asset class plans)	Detailed management plans for every asset class and applicable sub-classes or systems.	[24 months]
Enterprise System Architecture design documentation	Describes all Contractor systems that store and manage asset information and how they will interface with Authority asset management technologies	[6 months]
Asset Data Governance Framework	Describes the framework for how asset data governance is effectively established, communicated and implemented.	[6 months]
Asset Data Management Plan	The plan for ongoing management of asset data within the management system, enterprise technology solution, and data governance framework.	[6 months]
Asset Management	Updates to the Authority EAM System-of- Record. Ensure to keep the Authority EAM	Regularly



Data	up-to-date with necessary data required to produce or substantiate the different reports prior to any such report being officially submitted.	
Asset Condition Report	Summarizes the condition of assets, including trend analysis, and prediction of forward risk and mitigations.	Quarterly after the start of Service Period
Infrastructure Status and Renewal Report	Provides a summary of the condition of assets from a long-term perspective addressing the trends, targets and strategies regarding state of good repair and remaining useful life, warranties and insurance, system resiliency, and capital needs over a 10-year horizon.	3 years after start of Service Period
Asset Management State of Practice Report	Diagnoses the state of asset management with respect to pre-planned maturity roadmap, global best practices and industry state of art; and identifies improvement actions to be incorporated into the subsequent SAMP update	4 years after start of Service Period

6.2. The table below lists key deliverables which are to be submitted under a heading other than Asset Management, however, their scope intersects with Asset Management. It is important that Contractor coordinates their internal disciplines to establish the coherence of these deliverables with respect to Asset Management practice and products. These deliverables will be subject to review by AMO for their final approval. All items in table below must be directly associated to a specific asset, asset classification, or asset classifications to ensure alignment with Authority management requirements

Deliverable	Timeframe
Configuration Management Plan	[3 months]
Quality Management Plan	[3 months]
RAM Program Management Plan	[3 months]
RAM Allocation Report	[6 months]
Maintenance Plan	[6 months]



Inspection and Test Plans	[18 months]
Maintenance Plans and Procedures	[18 months]
RAM Program Plan	[24 months]
Maintenance of Way Facilities and Sidings Plan	[24 months]
Guard Rail Risk Assessment	[24 months]
Infrastructure Performance Report	[Monthly]

- 6.3. The above lists of deliverables are not exhaustive. Upon review, the Contractor shall identify and communicate to the Authority any identified additional requirements or deliverables, and will influence the evaluation of their Proposal.
- 6.4. All asset management documentation shall be kept up to date to reflect the state of practice and shall adhere to Authority's document control standards.

7. Available References and Support

- 7.1. The Authority AMO has developed documentation on Authority's overall Digital Strategy for Asset Management, asset information management guidance (e.g. working documents concerning asset identification and referencing, asset information requirements, EAM system configuration schemas and lessons learned, data dictionaries, and business process and workflow maps).
- 7.2. The Authority AMO will provide the Contractor with access to the Authority EAM system and copies of the available documentation.



MAINTENANCE OF WAY FACILITY REQUIREMENTS

A. General Requirements

Contractor shall comply with the following requirements:

- Contractor shall construct sufficient Maintenance of Way Facilities on the Maintenance of Way Facility Property as needed to perform its maintenance obligations under the Contract.
- 2. [RESERVED]
- 3. The Maintenance Plan and Baseline Program shall identify all such facilities and/or contracts, including the timing for constructing each facility.
- 4. Maintenance of Way Facility buildings on Maintenance of Way Facility Property shall have a design life of no less than 50 years.
- 5. Maintenance of Way Facility buildings shall meet a minimum LEED "Silver" standard.
- 6. Contractor shall submit to Authority for approval the designs for Maintenance of Way Facilities to be provided on Maintenance of Way Facility Property. Contractor shall receive Authority's approval for such design documents as a condition to commencing construction. Authority's issuance of an approval for such design documents shall constitute approval of the design by Authority for purposes of Government Code Section 830.6, but shall not be deemed to relieve Contractor of liability for the design.
- 7. Maintenance of Way Facilities shall comply with standards and codes that are applicable. Prior to commencing construction of a Maintenance of Way Facility, Contractor shall submit to Authority a listing of the specific standards and codes that apply to the design and construction of such Maintenance of Way Facility.
- 8. [RESERVED]
- Contractor shall only use the Maintenance of Way Facility Property to perform the Work.
 All other uses of the Maintenance of Way Facility Property are subject to Authority's prior written approval, in its sole discretion.
- 10. [RESERVED]
- 11. [RESERVED]
- 12. At the conclusion of the Service Period or termination of the Contract, Contractor shall, if requested by Authority, transfer the Maintenance of Way Facilities, including equipment but excluding hand tools and portable equipment, constructed on Maintenance of Way Facility Property to Authority. All such Maintenance of Way Facilities and equipment must be turned over to Authority in a state of good repair. Any maintenance contracts shall be assignable to Authority at Authority's option and at no additional cost to Authority.



COMMUNITY BENEFITS AGREEMENT

Pursuant to Article 31.2 of the General Provisions, the Community Benefits Agreement and Overhead Electrification System Agreement can be found on the Authority's website at http://www.hsr.ca.gov/Programs/Construction/community_benefits_agreement.html.





GOVERNMENTAL APPROVALS

[Under Development]





Integration and Interface Requirements

1.0 GENERAL

The Project is being implemented through a number of contracts including but not limited to civil infrastructure, station design, station construction, rail infrastructure, and rolling stock. As such, the careful coordination of all technical and programming matters between the relevant parties is a critical element in achieving fully coordinated design and construction. This Schedule 14 describes the Contractor's responsibilities with regard to integration and interface management and coordination with all internal to the contract and external to the contract Interfacing Parties, including Interfacing Parties identified in the future.

The Contractor shall have the lead responsibility for the management of Technical integration and interfaces through the entire program including but not limited to, Civil Infrastructure contracts, Rolling stock contract, station contracts, and Train Operation Contract.

2.0 RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR

2.1 General

The Contractor shall

- Employ an interface and integration management approach to the scope of this Contract by identifying and coordinating the interfaces as well as performing design integration with adjacent contracts. Third Parties, and other entities in cooperation with the Authority;
- b. Demonstrate that the Work is being designed and executed such that facilities and subsystems identified in the design criteria, drawings, and by other means are being accommodated without functional or spatial constraints;
- c. Ensure delivery of the complete Project that integrates into the adjacent geographical territories and functions to support future systems and facilities components of the complete HSR system; and
- d. Resolve conflicts by partnering with all parties associated with the interface conflict to reach an agreeable solution so as not to place constraints on this or other/future contracts.



The Contractor shall at all times use reasonable efforts and due diligence to resolve all interfaces applicable to this Contract. Pursuant to this, the Contractor shall be proactive in seeking out integration and interface issues and their solutions, and shall identify the Interfacing Parties and their interface needs.

The Contractor shall communicate, coordinate and exchange information directly with the Interfacing Parties. Information necessary to fulfill the Contractor's integration and interface obligations shall be directly requested and obtained from the Interfacing Parties, and receipt acknowledged. Conversely, the Contractor shall provide directly to the Interfacing Parties information within the Contractor's scope that is required by them.

All requests for information, acknowledgement of receipt of information, and any official communication between the Contractor and the Interfacing Parties shall be made in writing. The Contractor shall provide a communication log to the Authority, and copies of official communications upon request of the Authority.

While complying with the Contract requirements, the contractor shall issue a baseline Program within [90 days] after NTP to allow for the delivery of information in accordance with the needs of the Interfacing Parties. If necessary, the contractor shall program early the design of a particular element to allow delivery of necessary interface information.

Many of the design activities for the different HSR contracts will be proceeding concurrently. The contractor shall issue a Master Interface Table no later than [90 days] after NTP. The contractor shall coordinate with interfacing parties to collect latest dates for transfer of selected information. These dates shall be incorporated into the Master Interface table including any particular interface action.

The level of information that the Contractor provides to and requests from others should be appropriate for the particular stage of the design. The Contractor shall ensure that allowances for delivery and receipt of increasing levels of information from Interfacing Parties are included in each design stage. The Contractor shall also recognize and allow for times when it may be necessary to modify the design process to accommodate the timing of information availability from the Interfacing Parties in order to achieve a coordinated design. Similarly at times it will be necessary for the Contractor to modify its design process to allow information needed by Interfacing Parties to be expedited for them to achieve timely completion of their coordinated design. The Contractor shall advise the Authority in writing of any problems encountered in obtaining necessary information, and/or any lack of cooperation from any Interfacing Party. In the event that the Authority considers that an interface is not proceeding satisfactorily, the Authority will review the matter and establish a coordinated plan directing the Contractor and the Interfacing Party or Parties as to the required action.

The Contractor shall establish a documented Interface Management System which shall include development and maintenance of the Coordinated Interface Report and Coordinated Interface



Program (See Section 4 of this Schedule 14), and perform, without limitation, the following duties:

- Maintaining an Interface Management Team consisting of managers representing all of the disciplines within this Contract, under the direction of an Interface Manager with the authority to resolve interface matters to the satisfaction of the Authority under the direction of an Interface Manager with the Authority to resolve interface matters by giving evidence of the economically most efficient and effective solution for each interface measured by an economical Life-Cycle-Cost-Evaluation including where relevant the interests of Track & Systems, Rolling Stock, Stations, Future Operator, Authority.
- Responding to, confirming and making written agreements with regard to interfaces.
- Acting as the Chair of Interface Meetings and making decisions regarding interfaces. The Contractor shall arrange regular meetings to monitor the status of interfaces.
- The contractor shall conduct no less than monthly interface coordination workshops with the Authority, or at other times as required.
- Acting as Deputy Chair/Secretary/Recorder at Interface Meetings organized with the Authority. The Authority may arrange special meetings as may be necessary to resolve specific issues. The Contractor may request assistance from the Authority to arrange meetings on particular subjects.
- Providing the Authority information and/or details of interfaces, including copies of relevant correspondence and other documents.
- Providing the Authority access to information to conduct audits on interface compliance and confirming that interface coordination is proceeding consistently with the Project requirements.

The Contractor shall support the Interfacing Parties and the process of achieving a fully coordinated design for the Work and the Project, including undertaking the following duties:

- Providing timely interface information when requested.
- Anticipating the information needs of the Interfacing Parties and transmitting such information as soon as it is available.
- Keeping the Interfacing Parties informed of any development of the Work related to the interfaces.
- Advising the Interfacing Parties on potential problems related to the interfaces, together with proposed solutions likely to be acceptable to Interfacing Parties and which meet the needs of the Project.



- Arranging and/or attending meetings with the Interfacing Parties as necessary to resolve interface problems.
- Communicating and cooperating with the Interfacing Parties to identify and resolve potential interface problems.

2.2 Stages of Interface

The Contractor shall develop the Rail Infrastructure System Design in such a way as to ensure that interface conflicts are either removed or minimized. Design schemes that impose unnecessary or unreasonable construction challenges for Interfacing Parties will not be considered suitable for a Statement of No Objection.

3.0 INTERFACE MANAGEMENT PLAN

As specified in the General Provision Article 22, The Contractor shall develop an Interface Management Plan (IMP) that establishes and maintains a systematic, documented, comprehensive and verifiable management process applied throughout the duration of the Contract to coordinate the interfaces. The IMP shall include the following:

- a. In accordance with the V&V processes, detailed processes for systematic identification, management, tracking, and documentation of the physical, technical, functional, and other interfaces by means of the RM Tool;
- Documentation of interfaces between systems components as applicable to the Contract (e.g., track, traction power, overhead contact system, train control, communications, electrical, mechanical, and safety and security);
- c. Identification of interfaces between the Contract and other interfacing contracts or geographical adjacent contracts;
- d. Identification of third party interfaces (utilities, agencies, regulators, sub-projects, railroads and others);
- e. Identification of major coordination milestones (e.g., engineering, construction, testing, and commissioning) and the handling of interface requirements during these phases;
- f. Procedures for the identified interfaces to be included in the Interface Registry held in the RM Tool:
- g. Defined processes to confirm and demonstrate interface compatibility through testing or other verification methods throughout the Contract;



- Defined processes to assure that RAMS requirements are propagated through all interface components, elements, and systems to meet the criteria set out in the RAMS requirements;
- i. A schedule of expected meetings and workshops that shall include organizations external to the Contractor;
- j. Provision for the establishment of an Interface Coordination team (ICT) as the management group for the interface and design integration task as defined in the performance specifications; and
- k. An organization chart showing members of the ICT.

The Contractor shall submit to the Authority a draft IMP [60 days] after NTP and the final IMP [120 days] after NTP, which shall be subject to a SONO. The IMP will be updated as required to reflect the current interface management and design integration process as the Project progresses.

4.0 COORDINATED INTERFACE REPORT AND COORDINATED INTERFACE PROGRAM

The Contractor shall prepare the proposed Coordinated Interface Report and proposed Coordinated Interface Program, within [120 days] of Notice to Proceed. The Coordinated Interface Report and Coordinated Interface Program shall incorporate and expand upon the concepts contained in the Information Delivery Table and the Master Interface Table and shall completely define the Contractor's program for interface coordination. Subsequently the Contractor shall keep each document up to date and submit each document on a quarterly basis to the Authority for review and comment. The Contractor shall include in each Monthly Progress Report a summary of principal issues with Interface management progress metrics defined by the contractor in coordination with the Authority.

Until such time as the Coordinated Interface Report and Coordinated Interface Program have been the subject of a statement of no objection by the Authority, the Master Interface Table shall be used for the Contractor's Interface management. After such acceptance of the Coordinated Interface Report and Coordinated Interface Program, the Master Interface Table will be superseded.

The Coordinated Interface Report is that document which describes the Contractor's interface management system in terms of providing a clear description of each of the interfaces, both technically and sequentially, and represents an account of how the Contractor proposes to achieve coordinated design and coordinated construction. This document is also required to demonstrate that the coordinated design and construction details described therein fully comply with the requirements of Interfacing Parties, and acceptance of these details by the Interfacing Parties will be a pre-requisite to the Authority's statement of no objection. Each Interface shall be referenced in an individual Interface Control Document (ICD) and traced as define in this schedule 14 section 3 point a.



The Coordinated Interface Program is that program which describes the sequencing and timing of each of the Interfacing Parties' scopes of work, clearly describing the interdependencies between the Work and the work of the Interfacing Parties, and complementing the Coordinated Interface Report. This Coordinated Interface Program shall be prepared in accordance with the Baseline Program and shall show the sequences and timing agreed with the Interfacing Parties to the necessary degree of detail to clearly illustrate each of the interfaces to be undertaken.

The Coordinated Interface Report and Coordinated Interface Program shall:

- Be coordinated with and incorporate information from the Interfacing Parties to ensure compatibility of interface identification and definition.
- Be transmitted to the Interfacing Parties concurrently with submittals to the Authority's Representative.
- Support the Baseline Program.
- Address each design unit, stage of design and construction.
- List all relevant interfaces in detail, their status, and the corresponding source(s) of information.
- Include interface information transfer dates which have been agreed by the Interfacing Parties.
- Accommodate comments and input required by the Authority.
- Follow the outline structure, numbering system, and related procedures provided by the Authority.
- Include an account of how the interfaces are being managed.
- Identify the latest information regarding agreements with the Interfacing Parties and transfers of information.
- Identify any problems related to coordination with Interfacing Parties.
- Identify construction provision for interfacing parties in terms of specific requirements at hand over, and allocation of space for working room, adequate access and the provision of temporary facilities.

5.0 COORDINATION DRAWINGS (CSD / SEM / DRD / IDD)

For the purpose of achieving a design which is fully coordinated with respect to electrical, mechanical, architectural and Rail Infrastructure System Assets, and to ensure compatibility between different services, and adequate space requirements, the Interfacing Parties involved in civil and station work shall develop and maintain service coordination drawings that



specifically detail the requirements of others in relation to the design in terms of special arrangements, space allocation, cast in items, primary and secondary fixings, grouting of equipment/plinths, drill and fix brackets and cast-in and surface-mounted conduit. These drawings shall also include composite cross-sections and layouts which show the spatial requirements of the Contractor and all Interfacing Parties and identify items to be finalized, defined, or resolved

As the design progresses the service coordination drawings shall be supplemented by Combined Services Drawings (CSD) and Structural Electrical Mechanical (SEM) drawings, Delivery Route Drawings (DRD) and Interface Demarcation Diagrams (IDD) prepared by the relevant Interfacing Parties.

The CSDs will show the intended locations, routes and spatial relationships of the individual E&M services and Rail Infrastructure System installations fully coordinated with each other and the structural work. These CSDs shall also clearly indicate that effective cable coordination has been achieved in terms of cable location or cable trays and the trunking and cable routing.

The SEMs will show all of the structural requirements for the E&M services and the Rail Infrastructure System installations including but not limited to openings, penetrations, sleeves, plinths, lifting beams, and access panels.

The Delivery Route Drawings (DRD) will demonstrate how and in which access is provided for the purpose of successful and safe delivery and installation of equipment. These drawings shall illustrate all reasonable provisions needed including the provision of hard-stand and suitable access roads for heavy loads to the building location for the equipment. These drawings shall also show the route to be taken within the buildings, confirm the adequacy of doorway and corridor widths and indicate the provision of safe lifting hooks where needed.

The Interface Demarcation Diagrams (IDD), will show in diagrammatic format for each interface the demarcation of scope of responsibilities between the Contractor and each of the Interfacing Parties.

The Contractor shall provide to the Interfacing Parties responsible for the above-stated drawings, all of the information, related to the Works, that is required for the preparation of the drawings, provide reviews and written comments if applicable, and agree in writing that the drawings correctly represent provisions within the work of the Interfacing Parties required by the Contractor.



APPENDIX 1 TO SCHEDULE 12



