California High-Speed Rail Authority

Fresno to Bakersfield Section









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Introduction

In April 2014, the Federal Railroad Administration (FRA) and California High-Speed Rail Authority (Authority) prepared a joint Final Project Environmental Impact Report/ Environmental Impact Statement (EIR/EIS) for the Fresno to Bakersfield Section of the California High-Speed Train (HST) System (Project). The Final Project EIR/EIS satisfies the requirements of National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) and is the basis for the FRA's Record of Decision (ROD). As part of the ROD, FRA has selected the BNSF Alternative in combination with the Corcoran Bypass, Allensworth Bypass, and the Bakersfield Hybrid alternatives and the Kings/Tulare Regional Station-East Alternative and the Bakersfield Station-Hybrid Alternative.

This Mitigation Monitoring and Enforcement Plan (MMEP) has been prepared for the Fresno to Bakersfield Section of the HST Project and adheres to the Council on Environmental Quality's (CEQ) regulations (40 Code of Federal Regulations [CFR] Section 1505) and FRA Procedures for Considering Environmental Impacts (64 Federal Register 28545, May 26, 1999). On January 14, 2011, the CEQ finalized guidance entitled *Appropriate Use of Mitigation and Monitoring and Clarifying the Appropriate Use of Mitigated Findings of No Significant Impact* (CEQ Guidance). The CEQ Guidance is intended to assist federal agencies to develop mitigation programs that provide effective documentation, implementation, and monitoring of mitigation commitments. FRA considered the CEQ Guidance in the preparation of this MMEP.

Table 1 and Attachment A of the MMEP describe mitigation measures that would mitigate the potential adverse environmental impacts to construct and operate and Table 2 describes measures that would avoid or minimize potential impacts to construct and operate the Project. These measures were developed by the FRA and the Authority in consultation with appropriate agencies, as well as with input from the public, to meet the requirements of NEPA and the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA).

The Authority is required to comply with all mitigation measures adopted when the project was approved by the California High Speed Rail Authority Board, including any that were identified specifically to comply with CEQA as well as those addressing federal laws and requirements. The Project incorporates project design features and best management practices (BMPs) identified in the Final Project EIR/EIS and described in detail in a series of technical reports that accompanied preparation of the environmental document. As a result of applying these project design features and BMPs, the HST Project will avoid potential adverse environmental impacts in several resource areas, including electromagnetic interference/electromagnetic fields (EMI/EMF), hydrology and water resources, geology and soils, and hazardous materials and wastes. In addition, the Project's compliance with the regulatory requirements, including permitting and coordination with regulatory agencies for many project-related activities, provide additional assurance that potential adverse environmental impacts will not occur. Representative agencies include the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS), U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE), and Environmental Protection Agency¹ with jurisdiction under the Endangered Species Act and the Clean Water Act, respectively. Like the mitigation measures listed in Table 1 and Attachment A, the project design features (see Table 2) and compliance with regulatory requirements are a condition of project approval and must be implemented by the Authority during design, construction, and operation of the Project.

The laws and orders the project is subject to and the design features that are part of the Project are described for the following resource areas in more detail in the corresponding chapters of the Final Project EIR/EIS:

- Transportation Chapter 3.2, section 3.2.2, section 3.2.6
- Air Quality and Global Climate Change Chapter 3.3, section 3.3.2, section 3.3.8
- Noise and Vibration Chapter 3.4, section 3.4.2, section 3.4.6
- EMI/EMF Chapter 3.5, section 3.5.2, section 3.5.6
- Public Utilities and Energy Chapter 3.6, section 3.6.2, section 3.6.6
- Biological Resources and Wetlands Chapter 3.7, section 3.7.2, section 3.7.6
- Hydrology and Water Resources Chapter 3.8, section 3.8.2, section 3.8.6
- Geology and Soils Chapter 3.9, section 3.9.2, section 3.9.6
- Hazardous Materials and Wastes Chapter 3.10, section 3.10.2, section 3.10.6
- Safety and Security Chapter 3.11, section 3.11.2, section 3.11.6
- Socioeconomics, Communities, and Environmental Justice Chapter 3.12, section 3.12.2, section 3.12.6
- Station Planning, Land Use, and Development –Chapter 3.13, section 3.13.2, section 3.13.16
- Agricultural Lands Chapter 3.14, section 3.14.2, section 3.14.6
- Parks, Recreation, and Open Space, Chapter 3.15, section 3.15.2
- Aesthetics and Visual Resources Chapter 3.16, section 3.16.2, section 3.16.6
- Cultural and Paleontological Resources Chapter 3.17, section 3.17.2, section 3.17.6
- Regional Growth -Chapter 3.18, section 3.18.1
- Cumulative Impacts Chapter 3.19, section 3.19.1, section 3.19.4

¹ EPA delegated authority under Section 401 of the Clean Water Act to the State of California.

Mitigation Monitoring and Enforcement Plan

The environmental effects of the Preferred Alternative and station locations for the Fresno to Bakersfield Section of the HST Project would result in effects that would be considered significant under NEPA. Mitigation measures that would reduce or eliminate potential adverse environmental effects are described in Chapter 3 of Volume 1 of the Final Project EIR/EIS. The specific provisions contained in the MMEP are presented as a table and include the mitigation measures identified in the Final Project EIR/EIS, organized by environmental issue and topical areas addressed in the EIR/EIS. In collaboration with FRA and the appropriate agencies, the Authority may refine the means by which it will implement a mitigation measure, as long as the alternative means ensure compliance with the intent of the original measure during project implementation. The MMEP describes implementation and monitoring procedural guidance, responsibilities, and timing for each mitigation measure identified in the Final Project EIR/EIS, including:

Significant Impact: Provides a brief description of the impact expected to occur from the proposed project as identified in the Final EIR/EIS.

Mitigation Measure: Provides the mitigation measure and monitoring requirements as identified the Final EIR/EIS.

Implementing Party/Monitoring /Reporting Party: Identifies the entity that will be responsible for directly implementing the mitigation measures, monitoring, and reporting. Implementation can be the responsibility of the Authority or its Design Build Contractor (Contractor). Monitoring will generally be the responsibilities will be the responsibility of the Authority. The following roles are utilized in the text of mitigation measures in the MMEP:

As the proponent of the Project, the Authority will implement the mitigation measures through its own actions, those of its contractors, and actions taken in cooperation with other agencies and entities. The Authority is accountable for the overall administration of the mitigation monitoring program and for assisting relevant individuals and parties in their oversight and reporting responsibilities. The responsibilities of mitigation implementation, monitoring, and reporting extend to several entities as discussed above; however, the Authority will bear the primary responsibility for verifying that the mitigation measures are implemented.

The FRA and Authority define the mitigation measures required for the project. When project work is undertaken by the Authority's contractor, the Contractor shall implement the mitigation measures that are pertinent to their scope of work. The Contractor shall monitor construction activities to ensure that the mitigation measures are being properly implemented and accurately report their activity and results to the Authority. The Authority will periodically check the Contractor's activity, reports, and effectiveness of mitigation activities.

Roles and Responsibilities

- Authority: Implementation and reporting on mitigation, avoidance and minimization measures as specified in the this MMEP as the responsibility of the Authority may be carried out by an Authority representative or a contractor hired independent of the Design Build Contractor or the Environmental Team. Authority responsible implementation and reporting may include certain measures outside of the scope of the Design Build Contractor such as future studies or operations-phase implementation. In addition, oversight of implementation and reporting may be provided by Authority contractor or representatives as lead agency representatives to facilitate regulatory oversight agency coordination and compliance during implementation and reporting.
- Contractor: Design Build Contractor or the Environmental Team provided by the Design Build Contractor responsible for implementing or monitoring and reporting mitigation, avoidance and minimization measures as specified in this MMEP.
- **Mitigation Manager:** Design Build Contractor's representative responsible for overseeing their Environmental Team's implementation and reporting of environmental commitments. Reports the status of each mitigation measure to Authority in accordance with this MMEP.
- **Project Biologist:** The Design Build Contractor provided Biologist, upon approval by regulatory oversight agencies, is responsible for implementing mitigation measures in compliance with the terms and conditions outlined in the MMEP and U.S. Fish and Wildlife (USFWS), U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE), State Water Resource Control Board (SWRCB), and California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) permits. The Project Biologist will direct compliance activities carried out by the Project Biological Monitors.
- **Biological Monitor(s):** The Design Build Contractor provided Biological Monitor(s) will be approved by and report directly to the Contractor's Biologist. The Project Biological Monitor(s) will be present onsite within a reasonable monitoring distance during all ground-disturbing activities that have the potential to affect biological resources as directed by the Project Biologist and will be the principal agent(s) in the direct implementation of the MMEP and compliance assurance.
- Project Biologist, Regulatory Specialist (Waters), Project Botanist: The Project Biologist(s), Regulatory Specialist(s), and Project Botanist(s) provided by the Design-Build Contractor will represent the construction management team, will report directly to the Authority, will implement the mitigation reflected in the construction drawings and specifications, and will be responsible for reporting and overseeing the biological resources mitigation measures from the Final Fresno to Bakersfield Section EIR/EIS. The Project Biologist(s), Regulatory Specialist(s) will also be responsible for implementing mitigation measures in compliance with the MMEP and with the terms and conditions outlined in the USFWS, USACE, SWRCB, and CDFW permits. The Project Biologist(s), Regulatory Specialist(s), Project Botanist(s) will report to the overall construction management team Mitigation Manager (Mitigation Compliance Manager), interact with the designated Resident Engineer for the Fresno to Bakersfield Section and work to provide quality assurance of the implementation of the biological resources mitigation program as performed by the Contractor and the designated Project Biological Monitor(s). It is anticipated that the Project Biologist(s), Regulatory Specialist(s), and Project Botanist(s) will have specialized support from other biological monitors and work with the Mitigation Manager during deployment of the monitors and in performance of their respective responsibilities.
- **Cultural Resources Compliance Manager/Principal Investigator:** The Design Build Contractor provided Archaeologist, who meets the Secretary of the Interior (SOI) Standards of Archaeologist, is responsible for implementing mitigation measures in compliance with the terms and conditions outlined in the MMEP and treatment plans, and coordinating the status of archaeological mitigation with the Authority in accordance with this MMEP, PA and MOA. Per

the Archaeological Treatment Plan (ATP) and MOA, the Cultural Resources Compliance Manager shall determine whether a Native American monitor is required to be present during ground-disturbing activities in various Archaeologically Sensitive Areas of the Project.

- **Cultural Resources Monitor(s):** The Design Build Contractor provided Cultural Resources Monitor(s) will be approved by and report directly to the Cultural Resources Compliance Manager/Principal Investigator. The Archaeological Monitor(s) will be present onsite within a reasonable monitoring distance during ground disturbing activities in areas indicated as culturally sensitive and will be the principal agent(s) in the direct implementation of the MMEP and compliance assurance as directed by the Cultural Resources Compliance Manager/Principal Investigator.
- Paleontological Resources Specialist: The Design Build Contractor provided Paleontological Resources Specialist is responsible for implementing mitigation measures in compliance with the terms and conditions outlined in the MMEP including preparation of the Paleontological Resources Management Plan and approval and direction of the Paleontological Resource Monitor(s).
- Paleontological Resources Monitor(s): The Design Build Contractor provided Paleontological Resources Monitor(s) will be approved by and report directly to the Paleontological Resources Specialist. The Paleontological Resources Monitor(s) will be present onsite within a reasonable monitoring distance during ground disturbing activities in areas indicated as resource sensitive and will be the principal agent(s) in the direct implementation of the MMEP and compliance assurance as directed by the Paleontological Resources Specialist.
- Contractor's Biologist/Mitigation Timing (Implementation Schedule/Reporting Schedule): Not all mitigation actions will occur at the same time. Depending upon the measure, it may be undertaken prior to construction, during construction, or during project operations. Measures may also be undertaken in conjunction with different construction packages or at such time as project operations reach a certain level. This column of the table identifies the stage of the project during which the mitigation action will be taken and when reporting is to occur, if reporting is required.
- Implementation Mechanism or Tool: Identifies the actions required to implement the measures, including any required agreements and/or conditions.

Environmental Management System (EMS)

The Authority will implement an Environmental Management System (EMS) consisting of strategic planning, policies and procedures, organizational structure, staffing and responsibilities, milestones, schedule, and resources devoted to achieving the Authority's environmental commitments. The EMS will also include a component that tracks the implementation of mitigation measures (as well as environmental commitments, BMPs, and design features) and can produce reports on compliance. FRA will receive periodic reports on compliance and may request additional reports as necessary to ensure that the MMEP is fully implemented. This system will rely on data provided by the design-build contractor, regional consultants, and others to produce status reports regarding construction status, permitting activities, monitoring, inspections, and other compliance activities.



Table 1 Fresno to Bakersfield Mitigation Monitoring and Enforcement Plan

Table 1Fresno to Bakersfield Mitigation Monitoring and Enforcement Plan

Mitigation Measure	Title	Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementati	Reporting Schedule	Implement ation Party		Implement ation Text	Implementation Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text
Air Quality		3								, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	Reduce Criteria Exhaust Emissions from	This mitigation measure will apply to heavy- duty construction equipment used during the construction phase. All off-road construction diesel equipment will use the cleanest reasonably available equipment (including	Construction	Reporting	Weekly	Contractor	Contractor	Keeping and Weekly Reporting	A copy of each unit's certified tier specification and any required California Air	AQ#1	Construction of the HST alternatives would exceed the CEQA emissions thresholds for VOCs, NO_x , PM_{10} , and $PM_{2.5}$. Therefore, it could potentially cause violations of NO_2 , O_3 , PM_{10} , and $PM_{2.5}$ air quality standards or contribute substantially to NO_2 O_3 , PM_{10} , and $PM_{2.5}$ existing or projected air quality violations.
	Equipment	newer equipment and/or tailpipe retrofits), but in no case less clean than the average fleet mix for the current calendar year, as set forth in CARB's OFFROAD 2011 database, and no less than a 40% reduction compared to a Tier 2							Resources Board (CARB) or San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District (SJVAPCD)	AQ #2	Construction of the HST alternatives would exceed the CEQA emissions thresholds for VOC, NO_x , PM_{10} , and $PM_{2.5}$. Therefore, it would conflict with the 1-hour Ozone Attainment Plan, the 8-hour Ozone Attainment Plan, and the PM_{10} and $PM_{2.5}$ Attainment Plans.
		engine standard for NOx emissions. The Contractor will document efforts undertaken to locate newer equipment (such as, in order of priority, Tier 4, Tier 3, or Tier 2 equipment) and/or tailpipe retrofit equivalents. The Contractor will provide documentation of such efforts, including correspondence with at least two construction equipment rental companies. A copy of each unit's certified tier specification and any required CARB or SJVAPCD operating permit will be made available at the time of mobilization of each piece of equipment. The Contractor will keep a written record (supported by equipment-hour meters where available) of equipment usage during project construction for each piece of equipment.							operating permit will be made available at the time of mobilization of each piece of equipment.	LU Impact #1	Temporary and intermittent construction equipment emissions would inconvenience nearby residents on some lands along 31 miles of the Preferred Alternative.
AQ-MM#2	Criteria Exhaust Emissions from On-	This mitigation measure applies to all on-road trucks used to haul construction materials, including fill, ballast, rail ties, and steel. Material-hauling trucks will consist of an average fleet mix of equipment model year	Construction	Reporting	Weekly	Contractor	Contractor		Contract Requirement/ Specification	AQ #1	Construction of the HST alternatives would exceed the CEQA emissions thresholds for VOCs, NOx, PM ₁₀ , and PM _{2.5} . Therefore, it could potentially cause violations of NO ₂ , O ₃ , PM10, and PM2.5 air quality standards or contribute substantially to NO2 O3, PM10, and PM2.5 existing or projected air quality violations
	Road Construction Equipment	2010, or newer, but no less than the average fleet mix for the current calendar year as set forth in CARB's EMFAC 2011 database. The Contractor will provide documentation of efforts to secure such a fleet mix. The Contractor will keep a written record of								AQ#2	Compliance with Air Quality Plans: Construction of the HST alternatives would exceed the CEQA emissions thresholds for VOC, NOx, PM10, and PM2.5. Therefore, it would conflict with the 1-hour Ozone Attainment Plan, the 8-hour Ozone Attainment Plan, and the PM10 and PM2.5 Attainment Plans.
		equipment usage during project construction for each piece of equipment.								AQ#3	Material hauling outside the SJVAB would exceed CEQA emission thresholds for NOx in the BAAQMD, Mojave Desert AQMD, Eastern Kern County APCD, and the South Coast AQMD, and would exceed the VOC threshold in South Coast AQMD for certain hauling scenarios. Therefore, it could potentially cause violations of NO $_2$, and O $_3$ air quality standards or contribute substantially to NO $_2$ and O $_3$ existing or projected air quality violations in those air basins.
										LU Impact #1:	Temporary and intermittent construction equipment emissions would inconvenience nearby residents on some lands along 31 miles of the Preferred Alternative.



Table 1Fresno to Bakersfield Mitigation Monitoring and Enforcement Plan

Mitigation				Implementati	Reporting	Implement	Reporting	Implement			
Measure AQ-MM#3	Title Reduce the	Mitigation Text Concrete batch plants would be sited at least	Phase Pre-	on Action Design/Reporti	Schedule	ation Party Contractor	Party Contractor	ation Text Weekly	Mechanism Contract	Impact #	Impact Text Construction of the alignment may expose sensitive receptors to temporary
AQ-IVIIVI#3	Potential Impact of Concrete Batch Plants	1,000 feet from sensitive receptors, including daycare centers, hospitals, senior care facilities, residences, parks, and other areas	construction		weekiy	Contractor	Contractor	Reporting	Requirements/ Specifications	LU Impact #1	substantial pollutant concentrations from concrete batch plants. Temporary and intermittent construction equipment emissions would inconvenience nearby residents on some lands along 31 miles of the Preferred Alternative.
AQ-MM#4	Offset Project Construction Emissions	equivalent to the U.S. EPA AP-42 controlled emission factors for concrete batch plants. This mitigation measure would address AQ Impact #1 (Common Regional Air Quality Impacts During Construction) that would exceed the GC applicability and CEQA	Pre- construction	Reporting/Fund ing	Weekly	Authority	Contractor	Weekly Reporting	SJVAPCD will enter into a contractual agreement to	AQ #1	Construction of the HST alternatives would exceed the CEQA emissions thresholds for VOCs, NOx, PM ₁₀ , and PM _{2.5} . Therefore, it could potentially cause violations of NO ₂ , O ₃ , PM ₁₀ , and PM _{2.5} air quality standards or contribute substantially to NO ₂ O ₃ , PM ₁₀ , and PM _{2.5} existing or projected air
	Through an SJVAPCD VERA	emissions thresholds for VOC and NOx, and the CEQA emission thresholds for PM10 and PM2.5. The Authority and SJVAPCD will enter into a contractual agreement to mitigate (by offsetting) to net zero the project's actual emissions from construction equipment and							mitigate the project's emissions by providing funds for the district's Emission Reduction Incentive Program	AQ #2	quality violations. Construction of the HST alternatives would exceed the CEQA emissions thresholds for VOC, NO _x , PM ₁₀ , and PM _{2.5} . Therefore, it would conflict with the 1-hour Ozone Attainment Plan, the 8-hour Ozone Attainment Plan, and the PM ₁₀ and PM _{2.5} Attainment Plans.
		vehicle exhaust emissions of VOC, NOx, PM10, and PM2.5. The agreement will provide funds for the district's Emission Reduction Incentive Program[1] (SJVAPCD 2011) to fund grants for projects that achieve emission reductions, with preference given to highly impacted communities, thus offsetting project-related impacts on air quality. To lower overall cost, funding for the VERA program to cover estimated construction emissions for any funded construction phase will be provided at the beginning of the construction phase. At a minimum, mitigation/offsets will occur in the year of impact, or as otherwise permitted by 40 C.F.R. Part 93 Section 93.163.							to fund grants for projects that achieve emission reductions, thus offsetting project- related impacts on air quality.	LU Impact #1	Temporary and intermittent construction equipment emissions would inconvenience nearby residents on some lands along 31 miles of the Preferred Alternative.
AQ-MM#5	Purchase Offsets and Offsite Emission Mitigation for Emissions Associated with Hauling Ballast Material in Certain Air Districts	This mitigation measure will apply if ballast material is hauled from quarries outside the SJVAB and the hauling activities result in the exceedance of the annual applicable General Conformity threshold(s) or local air basin CEQA threshold(s) for NOx. To determine whether an exceedance will occur based on actual hauling activities, the Authority shall at the beginning of each calendar year or as soon as practicable thereafter to obtain the most up-to-date information, based on actual or projected contractor-specific information about hauling in the Mojave AQMD, South Coast AQMD and Bay Area AQMD, calculate for the next calendar year using the same methodology used in this EIR/EIS the expected NOx emissions from hauling activities in those districts. If, based on that calculation, exceedance of the applicable NOx threshold(s) is anticipated to occur in that next calendar year, the Authority will secure		_	Weekly reporting	Contractor and Authority		Weekly Reporting	Authority to coordinate the purchase of offsets with pertinent AOMDs per contractor reports.	AQ #3	Material hauling outside the SJVAB would exceed CEQA emission thresholds for NOx in the BAAQMD, Mojave Desert AQMD and the South Coast AQMD.

Table 1Fresno to Bakersfield Mitigation Monitoring and Enforcement Plan

Mitigation Measure		Mitigation Text F	Phase	Implementati on Action	Reporting Schedule	Implement ation Party		Implement ation Text	Implementation Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text
		from the appropriate air district(s) or other appropriate source the production or generation of a sufficient quantity of NOx offsets for that calendar year necessary to achieve conformity (in the case of exceedance of GC thresholds) and/or to result in net NOx generation below the applicable CEQA threshold(s). At a minimum, sufficient mitigation/offsets will be secured so they are generated in the year of impact or as otherwise permitted by 40 C.F.R. Part 93 Section 93.163. The Mojave Desert AQMD's emission bank has 2,061 tons of NOx credits (Mojave Desert AQMD 2012); therefore, there should be enough NOx credits to offset approximately 6 tons per year from this project in the Mojave Desert AQMD. The exact number of NOx credits in the SCAQMD RECLAIM program is unknown, but 1,199 tons of NOx credits were traded in 2011 and 235 tons of NOx credits were traded in 2011 (SCAQMD 2012). Therefore, there should be enough available NOx credits in the program to offset approximately 75 tons of NOx per year from this project in the SCAQMD. In the Bay Area AQMD, any material emissions above the district's significance threshold will be mitigated through an offsite emission mitigation program to achieve emission reduction due to material hauling in the Bay Area AQMD. Potential offsite mitigation programs include the Bay Area AQMD's Carl Moyer Memorial Air Quality Standards Attainment Program (CMP) or other air district emission reduction incentive programs. Depending on the final location selected to obtain ballast material, this would amount to a maximum of 3 tons of NOx credits.									
Noise and	1	During construction the Contractor will monitor Con-	ctruction	Doporting	Wookhy	Contractor	Contractor	Wookhy	Contract	N9.V/#1	Construction Noice
MM #1	Construction Noise Mitigation Measures	construction the Contractor will monitor construction noise to verify compliance with the noise limits (An 8-hour Leq, dBA of 80 during the day and 70 at night for residential	struction	neporting	Weekly	Contractor	Contractor		Contract Requirements/ Specifications	LU Impact #1	Construction Noise The generation of noise would temporarily inconvenience nearby residents on some lands along 31 miles of the Preferred Alternative.
		land use, 85 for both day and night for commercial land use, and 90 for both day and night for industrial land use). The Contractor								PK#1	Construction activities would increase noise exposure at McMurtrey Aquatic Center.
		would be given the flexibility to meet the FRA construction noise limits in the most efficient and cost-effective manner. This can be done by either prohibiting certain noise-generating activities during nighttime hours or providing additional noise control measures to meet the noise limits. A noise-monitoring program will be developed to meet required noise limits, the following noise control mitigation measures will be implemented as necessary, for nighttime and daytime:								PK#1	Construction activities would increase noise exposure at Mill Creek Linear Park.

Table 1Fresno to Bakersfield Mitigation Monitoring and Enforcement Plan

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Mitigation Measure	Title	Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementati on Action	Reporting Schedule	Implement ation Party	Reporting Party	Implement ation Text	Implementation Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text
Wiedsare	THE	Install a temporary construction site sound	i nasc	OH ACTION	Scriedale	ation raity	1 unty	ation rext	Wednamsm	Impact //	Impact rext
		barrier near a noise source.									
		Avoid nighttime construction in residential									
		neighborhoods.									
		Locate stationary construction equipment as									
		far as possible from noise-sensitive sites. • Re-route construction truck traffic along									
		roadways that will cause the least disturbance									
		to residents.									
		During nighttime work, use smart back-up									
		alarms, which automatically adjust the alarm									
		level based on the background noise level, or									
		switch off back-up alarms and replace with spotters.									
		Use low-noise emission equipment.									
		Implement noise-deadening measures for									
		truck loading and operations.									
		Monitor and maintain equipment to meet									
		noise limits. • Line or cover storage bins, conveyors, and									
		chutes with sound-deadening material.									
		Use acoustic enclosures, shields, or shrouds									
		for equipment and facilities.									
		Use high-grade engine exhaust silencers and									
		engine-casing sound insulation.									
		Prohibit aboveground jackhammering and impact pile driving during nighttime hours.									
		Minimize the use of generators to power									
		equipment.									
		Limit use of public address systems.									
		Grade surface irregularities on construction									
		sites. • Use moveable sound barriers at the source of									
		the construction activity.									
		Limit or avoid certain noisy activities during									
		nighttime hours.									
		To mitigate noise related to pile driving, the use of an auger to install the piles instead of a									
		pile driver would reduce noise levels									
		substantially. If pile driving is necessary, limit									
		the time of day that the activity can occur									
		CHSRA will establish and maintain in									
		operation until completion of construction a toll-free "hotline" regarding the Section									
		construction activities. CHSRA shall arrange for									
		all incoming messages to be logged (with									
		summaries of the contents of each message)									
		and for a designated representative of CHSRA									
		to respond to hotline messages within 24 hours (excluding weekends and holidays). CHSRA									
		shall make a reasonable good faith effort to									
		address all concerns and answer all questions,									
		and shall include on the log its responses to all									
		callers. CHSRA shall make a log of the in-									
		coming messages and CHSRA's responsive actions publicly available on its website.									
		Mitigation for construction noise should									
		include a requirement to adhere to the city's									
		noise requirements and restrictions on									
		construction activities in and around school									

Table 1Fresno to Bakersfield Mitigation Monitoring and Enforcement Plan

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Mitigation Measure		Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementati on Action	Reporting Schedule	Implement ation Party		Implement ation Text	Implementation Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text
		areas to weekends and near all other sensitive receptors to weekdays and daytime hours only (Vol. V, City of Bakersfield comment). The Authority will consider the suggested mitigation measure for construction in conjunction with future decisions regarding an alignment through Bakersfield.									
N&V-			Pre-	Reporting	Weekly	Contractor	Contractor	Ongoing	Contract	N&V#2	Construction Vibration
MM #2	Vibration Mitigation Measures	only anticipated from impact pile driving at very close distances to buildings. If pile driving occurs more than 25 to 50 feet from buildings,	construction/ Construction / Post-					monitoring during construction/	Requirements/Spec ifications	LU Impact #1:	The generation of noise would temporarily inconvenience nearby residents on some lands along 31 miles of the Preferred Alternative.
		or if alternative methods such as push piling or auger piling can be used, damage from construction vibration is not expected to occur.	construction					post- construction monitoring		PK#1	Construction activities would increase noise exposure at McMurtrey Aquatic Center.
		Other sources of construction vibration do not generate high enough vibration levels for damage to occur. When a construction scenario has been established, pre-construction surveys are conducted at locations within 50 feet of pile driving to document the existing condition of buildings in case damage is reported during or after construction. The contractor will arrange for the repair of damaged buildings or will pay compensation to the property owner.						as needed to assess damage to buildings.		PK#1	Construction activities would increase noise exposure at Mill Creek Linear Park.
N&V- MM #3	Implement Proposed California	To determine the appropriate mitigation measure for properties experiencing severe noise impacts, noise mitigation guidelines	Pre- construction/ Construction	Reporting	Weekly	Authority	Authority	Ongoing monitoring during	Contract Requirements/ Specifications	N&V#3	Moderate and Severe Noise Impacts from Project Operation to Sensitive Receivers. Project Noise Impacts Preferred Alternative: 6,601 moderate and 3,378 severe impacts.
	High-Speed Train Project Noise	would be applied as follows: Prior to operation of the HST the Authority will install sound barriers where they can achieve	/ Post- construction					construction/ post- construction	Noise and Vibration Mitigation Guidelines	N&V#6	The Hanford East Station Alternative would result in increases in traffic volume that would result in an increase in the future peak-hour noise level.
	Mitigation Guidelines	between 5 and 15 dB of noise reduction, depending on their height and location relative						monitoring as needed to assess		PK#4	McMurtrey Aquatic Center. HST operation of the Preferred Alternative would increase noise exposure.
		to the tracks. The primary requirements for an effective sound barrier are that the barrier must (1) be high enough and long enough to						damage to buildings		PK#4	Kern River Parkway. Project impacts from operation of the HST would increase noise exposure.
		break the line-of-sight between the sound source and the receiver, (2) be of an impervious material with a minimum surface density of 4 pounds per square foot, and (3)								BIO#6	Project impacts from the HST would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status invertebrate species through the creation of noise that would reduce the desirability of the habitat.
		not have any gaps or holes between the panels or at the bottom. Because many materials meet these requirements, aesthetics, durability, cost, and maintenance								BIO#6	Project impacts from the HST would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status reptiles and amphibian species through the creation of noise that would reduce the desirability of the habitat.
		considerations usually determine the selection of materials for sound barriers. Depending on the situation, sound barriers can become visually intrusive. Typically, the sound barriers								BIO#6	Project impacts from the HST would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status bird species through the creation of noise that would reduce the desirability of the habitat.
		style is selected with input from the local jurisdiction to reduce the visual effect of barriers on adjacent lands uses. For example, sound barriers could be solid or transparent, and made of various colors, materials, and surface treatments.								BIO#6	Project impacts from the HST would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status mammal species through the creation of noise that would reduce the desirability of the habitat.
		The minimum number of affected sites should be at least 10, and the length of a sound barrier should be at least 800 feet. The maximum sound barrier height would be 14									

Table 1Fresno to Bakersfield Mitigation Monitoring and Enforcement Plan

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Mitigation Measure	Title	Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementati on Action	Reporting Schedule	Implement ation Party	Reporting I Party	Implement ation Text	Implementation Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text
		feet for at-grade sections; however, all sound barriers would be designed to be as low as possible to achieve a substantial noise reduction. Berm and berm/wall combinations are the preferred types of sound barriers where space and other environmental constraints permit. On aerial structures, the maximum sound barrier height would also be 14 feet, but barrier material would be limited by engineering weight restrictions for barriers on the structure. Sound barriers on the aerial structure will still be designed to be as low as possible to achieve a substantial noise reduction. Sound barriers on both aerial structures and at-grade structures could consist of solid, semitransparent, or transparent materials. The Authority will work with the communities to identify how the use and height of sound barriers would be determined using jointly developed performance criteria. Other solutions may result in higher numbers of residual impacts than reported herein. Options may be to reduce the height of sound barriers and combine barriers with sound insulation or to accept higher noise thresholds than the FRA's current noise thresholds. If sound walls are not proposed or do not reduce sound levels to below a severe impact level, building sound insulation of residences and									
		institutional buildings to improve the outdoor- to-indoor noise reduction is a mitigation measure that can be provided when the use of sound barriers is not feasible in providing a reasonable level (5 to 7 dB) of noise reduction. Although this approach has no effect on noise in exterior areas, it may be the best choice for sites where sound barriers are not feasible or desirable and for buildings where indoor sensitivity is of most concern. Substantial improvements in building sound insulation (on the order of 5 to 10 dB) can often be achieved by adding an extra layer of glazing to windows, by sealing holes in exterior surfaces that act as sound leaks, and by providing forced ventilation and air conditioning so that windows do not need to be opened. Performance criteria would be established to balance existing noise events and ambient roadway noise conditions as factors for determining mitigation measures. If sound walls or sound installation is not effective, the Authority can acquire easements on properties severely affected by noise. Another option for mitigating noise impacts is for the authority to acquire easements on residences likely to be impacted by HST operations in which the homeowners would									

Table 1Fresno to Bakersfield Mitigation Monitoring and Enforcement Plan

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Mitigation Measure	Title	Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementati on Action	Reporting Schedule	Implement ation Party		Implement ation Text	Implementation Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text
		accept the future noise conditions. This approach is usually taken only in isolated cases where other mitigation options are infeasible, impractical, or too costly.									
		In the procurement of an HST vehicle technology, the Authority will require bidders to meet the federal regulations (40 CFR Part 201.12/13) at the time of procurement for locomotives (currently a 90-dB-level standard), for cars operating at speeds of greater than 45 mph). Depending on the available technology, this could significantly reduce the number of impacts throughout the corridor.	Pre- construction/ Construction / Post- construction	Reporting	Weekly	Authority	Authority	Ongoing monitoring during construction/ post- construction monitoring as needed	Contract Requirements/Spec ifications Noise and Vibration Mitigation Guidelines		Moderate and Severe Noise Impacts from Project Operation to Sensitive Receivers. Project Noise Impacts Preferred Alternative: 2,564 moderate and 1,553 severe impacts,
N&V-MM#5	trackwork at crossovers	Because the impacts of HST wheels over rail gaps at turnouts increases HST noise by approximately 6 dB over typical operations, turnouts can be a major source of noise impact. If the turnouts cannot be moved from sensitive areas, the project can use special types of trackwork that eliminate the gap.	Pre- construction/ Construction / Post- construction	Reporting	Weekly	Authority	Authority	Ongoing monitoring during construction/ post- construction monitoring as needed	Contract Requirements/ Specifications Noise and Vibration Mitigation Guidelines	N&V#3	Moderate and Severe Noise Impacts from Project Operation to Sensitive Receivers. Project Noise Impacts Preferred Alternative: 2,564 moderate and 1,553 severe impacts.
MM #6	Additional Noise Analysis	If final design or final vehicle specifications result in changes to the assumptions underlying the noise analysis, reassess noise	Pre- construction/ Design/	Reporting	Final design/Final vehicle	uthority	Contractor/ Authority (vehicle)	Final design/Final vehicle	Submit assessment and supplemental environmental	N&V#3	Moderate and Severe Noise Impacts from Project Operation to Sensitive Receivers. Project Noise Impacts Preferred Alternative: 6,601 moderate and 3,378 severe impacts.
	Following Final Design	impacts and recommendations for mitigation and provide supplemental environmental documentation, as required by CEQA.	Operation		specification			specification	documentation	N&V#6	The Hanford East Station Alternative would result in increases in traffic volume that would result in an increase in the future peak-hour noise level.
EMI/EMF											
	Protect Sensitive Equipment In Accordance with the EMCPP	The contractor will coordinate with Mercy Hospital regarding the potential impacts of HST-related EMF or RF interference on imaging equipment prior to completion of final design. Where necessary to avoid interference, the final design will include suitable design provisions to prevent interference. These design provisions may include establishing magnetic field shielding walls around sensitive equipment, or installing RF filters into sensitive equipment. HST-related EMI may affect highly susceptible, unshielded sensitive RF equipment such as	Pre- construction/ Design	Reporting	Monthly	Contractor	Contractor		Reporting Contractor (unless Authority has 3rd party agreement with Mercy) to meet with Mercy West Hospital Representatives regarding potential impacts and provide shielding	EMF/EMI Impact #5:	Impacts to Sensitive Equipment from EMI. Under the Preferred Alternative, the worst-case EMFs are 1.8 mG at the edge of Mercy Hospital closest to the centerline of the HST right-of-way. Therefore, EMI may occur to sensitive medical devices or imaging equipment in the study area if the equipment is unshielded.
		older magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) systems and other measuring devices common to medical and research laboratories. Most of the devices manufactured today have adequate shielding from all potential EMI sources; however, the potential exists for older devices to be affected and require shielding. In general, a shielding range between 60 and 90 dB may be considered a high level of protection, while 90 to 120 dB is exceptional.									

Table 1Fresno to Bakersfield Mitigation Monitoring and Enforcement Plan

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Mitigation Measure	Title	Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementati on Action	Reporting Schedule	Implement ation Party	Reporting Party	Implement ation Text	Implementation Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text
Public Utili	ities and Ene	rgy									
101101 // 1	Reconfigure or relocate substations and/or substation components	Reconfigure existing substation ancillary components located at the southwest corner of Grangeville Boulevard and 7½ Avenue, east of the city of Hanford.		Design/Reporti ng	Monthly	Contractor	Contractor	During construction report monthly	Condition of Design Build Contract	PU&E#8	Potential Conflicts with Fixed Electrical Facilities
Biological I	Resources										
	Project Biologist(s) and Project Biological Monitor(s)	A Project Biologist shall be designated by the Environmental Compliance Manager to oversee regulatory compliance requirements and monitor the restoration activities associated with ground-disturbing activities in accordance with the adopted mitigation measures and applicable laws. The Project Biologist, Regulatory Specialist, and Project Botanist are responsible for the timely implementation of the biological mitigation measures as outlined in the MMEP, construction documents, and pertinent resource agency permits. Resumes for the Designated Project Biologist(s), Regulatory Specialists (Waters), and Project Botanists, and Project Biological Monitors(s) must be submitted to the USFWS during final design. Additional duties of the Project Biologist, Regulatory Specialist (Waters) and Project Botanist include reviewing design documents and construction schedules, determining project biological monitoring needs, and guiding and directing the work of the Project Biological Monitors. The duties of the Project Biological Monitor include monitoring construction crew activities, as needed, to document applicable mitigation measures and permit conditions. The Project Biologist(s), Regulatory Specialist(s) (Waters), Project Botanist(s) and the Project Biological Monitor(s) report to the Mitigation Manager. The Project Biologist(s), Regulatory Specialist(s) (waters), Project Botanist(s) and/or the Project Biological Monitor(s) may require special approval from the USFWS and CDFW to implement certain mitigation measures. In these circumstances, they are referred to as agency-approved biologist(s)	Pre-construction	Mitigation Manager will identify Project Biologist, Regulatory Specialist (Waters), Project Botanist. Contractor will identify Project Biological Monitors and provide resumes to regulatory agencies as required.	Final Design	Contractor	Contractor	Final Design	Condition of Design Build Contract	BIO-MM#1 Applies to all BIO Impa	ncts
BIO-MM#2	Regulatory Agency Access	If requested, before, during, or on completion of ground-disturbing activities, the Contractor will allow access by USFWS, USACE, SWRCB, and CDFW staff to the construction site. Because of safety concerns, all visitors will be required to check in with the Contractor before accessing the construction site. If agency personnel access the construction site, the Project Biologist will prepare a memorandum within 1 day of the visit to document agency access and the issues raised during the field meeting. This memorandum will be submitted	Pre- construction/ Construction /Post- construction	to Regulatory	1 day following agency site visit	Contractor, Project Biologist	Contractor	following	Condition of Design Build Contract	Bio MM#2 applies to all BIO Impac	cts

Table 1Fresno to Bakersfield Mitigation Monitoring and Enforcement Plan

Mitigation	,										
Measure		Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementati on Action	Reporting Schedule	Implement ation Party	Reporting Party	Implement ation Text	Implementation Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text
		to the Mitigation Manager. Any non-compliance issues will be reported to the Contractor and Authority.									
BIO-MM#3	Implement a Worker Environment	1 1 1	Construction	Training of all crew/constructi on personnel prior to start of construction. Provide daily weekly/monthl y report as required by permit conditions or as additional crew/constructi on personnel receive training.	Daily Tracking	Contractor	Contractor	Monthly training forms submitted monthly.	Condition of Design/Build Contract	BIO-MM#3 applies to all BIO Impa	octs
BIO-MM#4	Implement a Weed Control Plan and Annual Vegetation	A construction-phase Weed Control Plan and	Construction / Post-construction/	prepared prior to construction followed by	Monthly		Contractor, Authority	Monthly	Condition of the Design/Build Contract	BIO-MM#4 applies to all BIO Impa	octs

Table 1Fresno to Bakersfield Mitigation Monitoring and Enforcement Plan

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Mitigation Measure	Title	Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementati on Action	Reporting Schedule	Implement Re ation Party	porting Implement ation Text	Implementation Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text
		Plan will address the following:		and						
		Schedule for noxious weed surveys to be		implementation						
		conducted in coordination with the Biological		of the Weed						
		Resources Management Plan (BRMP) (BIO-		Control Plan.						
		MM#5).								
		The success criteria for noxious and invasive								
		weed control, as established by a qualified biologist. The success criteria will be linked to								
		the Biological Resources Management Plan								
		[BRMP] (BIO-MM#5) standards for onsite work								
		during construction. In particular, the criteria								
		will limit the introduction and spread of highly								
		invasive species, as defined by the California								
		Invasive Plant Council (CalIPC), to less than or								
		equal to the pre-disturbance conditions in								
		areas temporarily impacted by construction								
		activities. If invasive species cover is found to								
		exceed by 10% the pre-disturbance conditions								
		during monitoring—or is 10% more compared								
		with a similar, nearby reference site with								
		similar vegetation communities and								
		management—a control effort will be								
		implemented. If the target, or other success								
		criteria identified in the Comprehensive								
		Mitigation and Monitoring Plan (CMMP), has								
		not been met by the end of the BRMP								
		monitoring and implementation period, the								
		Authority or its designee will continue the								
		monitoring and control efforts, and remedial								
		actions would be identified and implemented until the success criteria are met. Depending								
		on monitoring results, additional or revised								
		measures may be needed to ensure that the								
		introduction and spread of noxious weeds are								
		not promoted by the construction and								
		operation of the project.								
		 Provisions to ensure that the development of 								
		the Weed Control Plan will be coordinated with								
		development of the Restoration and								
		Revegetation Plan (RRP) (BIO-MM#6) so that								
		the RRP incorporates measures to reduce the								
		spread and establishment of noxious weeds,								
		and incorporates percent cover of noxious								
		weeds into revegetation performance								
		standards.								
		Identification of weed control treatments, including the use of permitted berbindes, and								
		including the use of permitted herbicides, and								
		manual and mechanical removal methods. Herbicide application will be restricted from use								
		in Environmentally Sensitive Areas and on								
		compensatory mitigation sites, which are								
		defined in BIO-MM#7, Delineate								
		Environmentally Sensitive Area and								
		Environmental Restricted Area (on plans and in								
		field).								
		Determination of timing of the weed control								
		treatment for each plant species.								
		Identification of fire prevention measures.								
		During operation, the Authority will generally								
		follow the procedures established in Chapter								

Table 1Fresno to Bakersfield Mitigation Monitoring and Enforcement Plan

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Mitigation Measure	Title	Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementati on Action	Reporting Schedule	Implement ation Party	Reporting Party	Implement ation Text	Implementation Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text
		C2 of the Caltrans Maintenance Manual to									
		manage vegetation on Authority property									
		(Caltrans 2010). Vegetation would be controlled by chemical, thermal, biological,									
		cultural, mechanical, structural, and manual									
		methods. A separate plan, the Annual									
		Vegetation Control Plan, would also be									
		developed each winter for implementation no									
		later than April 1 of each year. That plan would consist of site-specific vegetation control									
		methods, as outlined below: Chemical									
		vegetation control noting planned usage.									
		Mowing program.									
		Other non-chemical vegetation control plans									
		(manual, biological, cultural, thermal (includes									
		the use of propane heat or steam and is not specific to controlled burning) and structural).									
		• List of sensitive areas.									
		Other chemical pest control plans (e.g.,									
		insects, snail, rodent).									
		Only Caltrans-approved herbicides will be used									
		in the vegetation control program. Pesticide									
		application will be conducted in accordance									
		with all requirements of the California Department of Pesticide Regulation and County									
		Agricultural Commissioners by certified									
		pesticide applicators. Noxious/invasive weeds									
		will be treated where requested by County									
		Agricultural Commissioners. The Authority will									
		cooperate in area-wide control of noxious/invasive weeds if established by local									
		agencies. Farmers/landowners who request									
		weed control on state right-of-way that is not									
		identified in the annual vegetation control plan									
		will be encouraged to submit a permit request									
		application for weed control that identifies the									
		target weeds and control method desired. The Contractor will implement the Weed									
		Control Plan during the construction period.									
		The Authority will require that HST									
		maintenance crews follow the guidelines in the									
		Weed Control Plan and Annual Vegetation									
		Control Plan during project operation. The Authority or its designee will appoint the									
		responsible party during the operations period									
		to ensure the Annual Vegetation Control Plan is									
		being carried out appropriately and effectively.									
		A monthly memorandum will be prepared by									
		the Project Botanist to document the progress									
		of the plan and its implementation.									
		During final design, the Mitigation Manager, or		Plan to be	TBD in the	Contractor		TBD in the	Condition of the	BIO-MM#5 applies to all BIO Impa	acts
		its designee (Project Biologist, Regulatory			Biological			Biological	Design/Build		
	Biological Resources	Specialist or Project Botanist) will prepare the Biological Resources Management Plan (BRMP)	Implementat		Resource Management			Resource Management	Contract		
	Management	and assemble the biological resources	ion will occur	reporting	Plan in			Plan in			
	Plan		during	schedule s	accordance			accordance			
		terms and conditions from applicable permits	Construction	established by				with			
		and agreements and make provisions for		agency permit	schedule			reporting			
		monitoring assignments, scheduling, and	construction.	conditions.	established by			schedule			

Table 1Fresno to Bakersfield Mitigation Monitoring and Enforcement Plan

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Mitigation Measure	Title	Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementati on Action	Reporting Schedule	Implement Reporting ation Party	Implement Implementation ation Text Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text
		responsibility. The BRMP will also include			agency permit		established		
		habitat replacement and revegetation,			conditions		by agency		
		protection during ground-disturbing activities,					permit		
		performance (growth) standards, maintenance					conditions		
		criteria, and monitoring requirements for							
		temporary and permanent native plant							
		community impacts. The parameters for the							
		BRMP will be formed with the mitigation							
		measures from this project-level EIR/EIS,							
		including terms and conditions as applicable							
		from the USFWS, USACE, SWRCB, and CDFW permits. The goal of the BRMP is to provide an							
		organized reporting tool to ensure that the							
		mitigation measures and terms and conditions							
		are implemented in a timely manner and are							
		reported on. These measures, terms, and							
		conditions include all avoidance, minimization,							
		repair, mitigation, and compensatory actions							
		stated in the mitigation measures or terms and							
		conditions from the permits referenced above.							
		These measures, terms, and conditions are							
		tracked through final design, implementation,							
		and post-construction phases. The BRMP will							
		help the long-term perpetuation of biological							
		resources within the temporarily disturbed							
		areas and protect adjacent targeted habitats. The BRMP will be submitted to the Contractor							
		and will contain, but not be limited to the Contractor							
		following information:							
		a. A master schedule that shows that							
		construction of the project, Pre-construction							
		surveys, and establishment of buffers and							
		exclusions zones to protect sensitive biological							
		resources.							
		b. Specific measures for the protection of							
		special-status species.							
		c. Identification (on construction plans) of the locations and quantity of habitats to be							
		avoided or removed, along with the locations							
		where habitats are to be restored.							
		d. Procedures for vegetation analyses of							
		temporarily affected habitats to approximate							
		their relative composition and procedures for							
		site preparation, irrigation, planting, and							
		maintenance. This information may be used to							
		determine the requirements of the							
		revegetation areas for both onsite temporary							
		impacts and offsite compensatory sites.							
		e. Sources of plant materials and methods of							
		propagation.							
		f. Identification of specific parameters consistent with mitigation ratios and permit							
		conditions for determining the amount of							
		replacement habitat for temporary disturbance							
		areas.							
		g. Specification of parameters for maintenance							
		and monitoring of re-established habitats,							
		including weed control measures, frequency of							
		field checks, and monitoring reports for							
		temporary disturbance areas.		1		1			

Table 1Fresno to Bakersfield Mitigation Monitoring and Enforcement Plan

	Fresno to Bakersfield Mitigation Monitoring and Enforcement Plan Implementati												
Mitigation Measure	Title	Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementati on Action	Reporting Schedule	Implement ation Party	Reporting Party	Implement ation Text	Implementation Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text		
		h. Specification of performance standards for the re-established plant communities within the construction limits.	:										
		i. Specification of the remedial measures to be											
		taken if performance standards are not met (e.g., a form of adaptive management).											
		j. Methods and requirements for monitoring restoration/replacement efforts, which will be a											
		combination of qualitative and quantitative											
		data consistent with mitigation measures and permit conditions.											
		k. Measures to preserve topsoil and control erosion.											
		I. Design of protective fencing around											
		Environmentally Sensitive Areas (ESAs), environmentally restricted areas (ERAs), and											
		the construction staging areas. m. Specification of the locations and quantities											
		of gallinaceous guzzlers (catch basin/artificial											
		watering structures) and the monitoring of water levels in them.											
		n. Locations of trees to be protected as wildlife habitat (roosting sites) and locations for											
		planting replacement trees.											
		o. Specification of the purpose, type, frequency, and extent of chemical use for											
		insect and disease control operations as part of vegetative maintenance within sensitive habitat											
		areas.											
		p. Specific construction monitoring programs for habitats of concern and special-status											
		species, as needed. q. Specific measures for the protection of											
		vernal pool habitat and riparian areas. These measures may include erosion and siltation											
		control measures, protective fencing											
		guidelines, dust control measures, grading techniques, construction area limits, and											
		biological monitoring requirements. r. Provisions for biological monitoring during											
		ground-disturbing activities to confirm											
		compliance and success of protective measures. The monitoring procedures will (1)											
		identify specific locations of wildlife habitat and sensitive species to be monitored; (2) identify											
		the frequency of monitoring and the											
		monitoring methods (for each habitat and sensitive species to be monitored); (3) list											
		required qualifications of biological monitor(s), and (4) identify the reporting requirements.											
BIO-MM#6	Prepare and	During final design, the Project Botanist will prepare a Restoration and Revegetation Plan	Prepare the plan Pre-	Prepare and Implement	Finalize the RRP Pre-	Contractor	Contractor	Finalize the RRP Pre-	Condition of the Design/Build	BIO-MM#6 applies to all BIO Impa	icts		
	Restoration	(RRP) for temporarily disturbed upland	construction,	RRP.	construction.			construction.	Contract				
	and Revegetation	communities. (Site restoration will also be conducted to restore temporary impacts on	Implement the plan		Follow reporting			reporting	Restoration and Revegetation Plan				
	Plan	valley foothill riparian areas [BIO-MM#47] and jurisdictional waters [BIO-MM#48].) In the	during construction,		requirements as established			requirements as					
		RRP, impacts on habitat subject to temporary	Monitoring		by agency			established	to document				
<u> </u>		ground disturbances that will require	during Post-		permit			by agency	implementation				

Table 1Fresno to Bakersfield Mitigation Monitoring and Enforcement Plan

Mitigation				Implementati	Reporting	Implement		Implement	Implementation		
Measure	Title	Mitigation Text	Phase	on Action	Schedule	ation Party	Party	ation Text		Impact #	Impact Text
		decompaction or re-grading will be addressed, if appropriate. The Project Biologist will approve the seed mix. The standards for onsite work during construction will limit highly invasive species, as defined by the California Invasive Plant Council, to less than 10% greater than the pre-disturbance condition or as determined through a comparison with an appropriate reference site with similar natural communities and management. During ground-disturbing activities, the Contractor will implement the RRP in temporarily disturbed areas. The Project Biologist will prepare and submit compliance reports to the Mitigation Manager to document implementation and			conditions during Construction, and Post- Construction				and performances standards.		
BIO-MM#7	Environment ally Sensitive Areas and Environment ally Restricted Areas (on	performance of the RRP. Before the start of ground-disturbing activities, the Project Biologist, Regulatory Specialist (Waters), and Project Botanist will verify that ESAs and ERAs are delineated on final construction plans (including grading and landscape plans) and in the field and will update as necessary. ESAs are areas within the construction zone, or on compensatory mitigation sites, containing suitable habitat for special-status species and habitats of concern that may allow construction activities but have restrictions based on the presence of special-status species or habitats of concern at the time of construction. ERAs are sensitive areas that are typically outside the construction footprint that must be protected in place during all construction activities. Before and during the implementation of ground-disturbing activities, the Project Biologist, Regulatory Specialist (Waters), and Project Botanist, will mark ESAs and ERAs with high-visibility temporary fencing, flagging, or other agency-approved barriers to prevent encroachment of construction personnel and equipment. Sub-meter accurate Global Positioning System (GPS) equipment will be used to delineate all ESAs and ERAs. The Contractor will remove ESA and ERA fencing when construction is complete or when the resource has been cleared according to agency permit conditions in the MMEP and construction drawings and specifications. The Project Biologist, Regulatory Specialist (Waters), and Project Botanist, will submit a memorandum regarding the field delineation and installation of all ESAs/ERAs to the Mitigation Manager.	Construction	Remove Fencing, Memo	Following reporting	Contractor	Contractor		Condition of Design/Build Contract	BIO-MM#7 applies to all BIO Impac	ets

Table 1Fresno to Bakersfield Mitigation Monitoring and Enforcement Plan

Mitigation Measure	Title	Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementati	Reporting Schedule	Implement ation Party		Implement ation Text	Implementation Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text
BIO-MM#8		The Contractor, under the supervision of the Project Biologist will install wildlife-specific exclusion barriers at the edge of the	Pre-	Installation of wildlife-specific	Following	Contractor	Contractor	Following reporting schedule	Condition of Design/Build Contract	BIO#6	Project impact from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status reptiles and amphibian species.
		construction footprint. Exclusion barriers will be made of durable material, regularly maintained, and installed below-grade by the Contractor under the supervision of the Project Biologist. Wildlife exclusion fencing will be installed along the outer perimeter of ESAs and ERAs and below-grade (e.g., 6 to 10 inches below-grade). The design specifications of the exclusion fencing will be determined through consultation with USFWS and/or CDFW. The wildlife exclusion barrier will be monitored, maintained at regular intervals throughout construction, and removed after the completion of major construction activities. The Project Biologist will submit a memorandum to the Mitigation Manager to document compliance with this measure.		barriers; Memo to Mitigation Manager				established by agency permit requirements		BIO#6	Project impact from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status mammal species.
BIO-MM#9	Equipment Staging Areas	the Project Biologist, Regulatory Specialist	Pre- construction, Construction		Following reporting schedule established by agency permit requirements	Contractor	Contractor	Following reporting schedule established by agency permit requirements	Condition of Design/Build Contract	BIO-MM#9 applies to all BIO Impa	acts
BIO- MM#10	Mono- Filament	Thirty days before and during the implementation of ground-disturbing activities,		Monitoring and Reporting	accordance	Project Biologist	Project Biologist	Monthly or in accordance	Design/Build	BIO#2	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb the suitable habitat that has potential to support special-status reptile and amphibian species.
	Netting	the Project Biologist will verify that that the Contractor is not using plastic mono-filament netting (erosion-control matting) or similar	Construction		with reporting schedule established by			with reporting schedule	Contract	BIO#2	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status mammal species.
		material in erosion control materials; acceptable substitutes include coconut coir matting, tackified hydroseeding compounds, rice straw wattles (e.g., Earthsaver wattles:			agency permit requirements			established by agency permit requirements		BIO#6	Project impact from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status reptiles and amphibian species.
		biodegradable, photodegradable, burlap), and other reusable erosion, sediment, and wildlife control systems that may be approved by the regulatory agencies (e.g., ERTEC Environmental Systems products). The Project Biologist will submit memoranda to the Mitigation Manager to document compliance with this measure; the memoranda will be submitted monthly or as appropriate throughout project construction.								BIO#6	Project impact from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status mammal species.

Table 1Fresno to Bakersfield Mitigation Monitoring and Enforcement Plan

Mitigation Measure	Title	Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementati on Action	Reporting Schedule	Implement ation Party	Reporting Party	Implement ation Text	Implementation Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text
BIO- MM#11	Vehicle Traffic	During ground-disturbing activities, the contractor will restrict project vehicle traffic within the construction area to established roads, construction areas, and other designated areas. The contractor will establish vehicle traffic in locations disturbed by previous activities to prevent further adverse effects, require observance of a 15 mile per hour (mph) speed limit for construction areas with potential special-status species habitat, clearly flag and mark access routes, and prohibit offroad traffic. The Project Biologist will submit a memorandum to the Mitigation Manager to document compliance with this measure; memoranda will be submitted on a weekly basis or as appropriate throughout project construction.	Construction	Establish vehicle routes, clearly flag and mark access routes, and prohibit off- road traffic, monitor and report	Weekly	Contractor	Contractor	Weekly	Condition of Design/Build Contract	BIO-MM#11 applies to all BIO Imp	pacts
BIO- MM#12	Entrapment Prevention	protected species, the Contractor, under the guidance of the Project Biologist, will cover all excavated, steep-sided holes or trenches more	Construction	and trenches and protect pipes >3	Weekly	Contractor	Contractor	Weekly	Condition of Design/Build Contract	BIO#2 BIO#2	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb the suitable habitat that has potential to support special-status reptile and amphibian species. Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status mammal species.
		than 8 inches deep at the close of each work day with plywood or similar materials or provide a minimum of one escape ramp per 10 feet of trenching (with slopes no greater than a 3:1) constructed of earth fill or wooden planks.		inches in diameter						BIO#6	Project impact from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status reptiles and amphibian species.
		The Project Biologist will thoroughly inspect holes and trenches for trapped animals before leaving the construction site each day. The Contractor will either screen, cover, or store more than 1 foot off the ground all construction pipe, culverts, or similar structures with a diameter of 3 inches or greater that are stored at the construction site for one or more overnight periods and these pipes, culverts, and similar structures will be inspected by the Project Biologist for wildlife before the material is moved, buried, or capped. The Project Biologist will clear stored material for common and special-status wildlife species before the pipe is subsequently buried, moved, or capped (covered). The Project Biologist will submit memoranda to the Mitigation Manager to document compliance with this measure; the memoranda will be submitted on a weekly basis or as appropriate throughout project construction.								BIO#6	Project impact from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status mammal species.

Table 1Fresno to Bakersfield Mitigation Monitoring and Enforcement Plan

	Implementati Reporting Implement Reporting Implement Implementation												
Mitigation Measure	Title	Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementati on Action	Reporting Schedule	Implement ation Party		Implement ation Text	Implementation Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text		
BIO- MM#13	Work Stoppage	During ground-disturbing activities, the Project Biologist, Regulatory Specialist (Waters), and Project Botanist or Project Biological Monitor will halt work in the event that a special-status wildlife species gains access to the construction footprint. This work stoppage will be coordinated with the resident engineer and/or the Authority or its designee. The Contractor will suspend ground-disturbing activities in the immediate construction area where the potential construction activity could result in "take" of special-status wildlife species; work may continue in other areas. Before construction, the Contractor will obtain written permission from CDFW to capture and relocate any non-listed wildlife species (does not included domesticated animals) from within the project footprint		Stop Work, relocate species (if possible), and report	1 day following work stoppage	Contractor	Contractor	1 day following work stoppage	Condition of Design/Build Contract	BIO-MM#13 applies to all BIO Imp	acts		
BIO- MM#14	"Take" Notification	The Project Biologist, Regulatory Specialist (Water), or Project Botanist will immediately notify the Mitigation Manager in the event of	Construction	Notification of Mitigation	Immediate notification of	Contractor	Contractor	Immediate notification of Mitigation	Condition of Design/Build Contract	BIO#2	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb suitable habitat that has potential to support special-status invertebrate species.		
	and Reporting	an accidental death or injury to a federal- or state-listed species during project activities.		Manager, USFWS and/or CDFW and	Notify USFWS			Manager; Notify	Contract	BIO#2	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb suitable habitat that has potential to support special status reptiles and amphibians		
	Ti ar ar st Ti	state-listed species during project activities. The Project Biologist will then notify USFWS and/or CDFW within 24 hours in the event of an accidental death or injury to a federal- or		recommendatio n of additional measures	and/or CDFW within 24 hours			USFWS and/or CDFW within		BIO#2	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb suitable habitat that has potential to support special status bird species		
		state-listed species during project activities. The Project Biologist will submit a	oject activities. mit a on Manager to nis measure. The fy suggested activities or	easa. es				24 hours		BIO#2	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb suitable habitat that has potential to support special status mammal species		
		memorandum to the Mitigation Manager to document compliance with this measure. The memorandum will also identify suggested revisions to the construction activities or								BIO#6	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status invertebrate species.		
		additional measures that will be implemented to minimize or prevent future impacts.								BIO#6	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status reptile and amphibian species.		
										BIO#6	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status bird species (including raptors).		
										BIO#6	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status mammal species.		
BIO- MM#15	Post- Construction Compliance Reports	After each construction package, construction phase, permitting phase, or other portion of the HST section as defined by Authority is completed, the Mitigation Manager, or their designee, will submit post-construction compliance reports consistent with the requirements of the protocols of each appropriate agency (e.g., USFWS, CDFW), including compliance with regulatory agency permits. The Mitigation Manager will submit a memorandum to the regulatory agencies to document compliance with this measure. The frequency of the memorandum compilation and submission will be consistent with the requirements in the regulatory agency permits.	Post- construction	Compliance Reporting	In accordance with reporting schedule established by agency permit requirements	Contractor	Contractor		Design/Build Contract	BIO-MM#15 applies to all BIO Impacts			

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Mitigation				Implementati	Reporting				Implementation			
Measure	Title	Mitigation Text	Phase	on Action	Schedule	ation Party		ation Text			Impact #	Impact Text
BIO- MM#16	Protocol-	Prior to construction, the Project Botanist will conduct protocol-level, pre-construction			Report findings at least 30	Contractor	Contractor		Design/Build	BIO#1		Construction of the Preferred Alternative would directly or indirectly impact suitable habitat that has potential to support special-status plant species.
		botanical surveys for special-status plant species and special-status plant communities in all potentially suitable habitats where permission to	, and Post-	special-status	days prior to ground disturbance			prior to	Contract Following requirements established by	BIO#3		Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb special-status plant communities, and riparian areas.
	Special- Status Plant Species and	enter was not granted prior to construction. The surveys will be conducted during the appropriate blooming period(s) for the species before the		Report findings; Restore				disturbance		BIO#5		Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact special-status plant species or suitable habitat that has potential to support these species.
	Status Plant	start of ground-disturbing activities for salvage and relocation activities. The Project Botanist will mark the locations of all special-status plant		temporary disturbed areas						BIO#7		Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact special-status plant communities, and riparian areas.
		species and special-status plant communities observed for the Contractor to avoid. Before the start of ground-disturbing activities, all populations of special-status plant species and special-status plant communities identified during pre-construction surveys within 100 feet of the construction footprint will be protected and delineated by the Contractor (directed by the Project Botanist) as ERAs. As appropriate, the Project Botanist will update the mapping of special-status species or habitats of concern within the construction limits based on resource agency permits.								BIO#7		Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would disturb portions of recovery plans.
		Portions of the construction footprint that support special-status plant species that will be temporarily disturbed will be restored onsite to pre-construction conditions. Before disturbance, pre-construction conditions, including species composition, species richness, and percent cover of key species will be documented, and photo points will be established. If special-status plant species cannot be avoided, mitigation for impacts on these species will be documented (density, percent cover, key habitat characteristics, including soil type, associated species, hydrology, topography, and photo documentation of pre-construction conditions) and incorporated into a relocation/compensation program, as defined in BIO-MM#17. The Project Botanist will provide verification of survey results and report findings through a memorandum to the Mitigation Manager to document compliance with this measure.										
BIO- MM#17	Implement	The Project Botanist will prepare a plan before the start of ground-disturbing activities to address monitoring, salvage, relocation, and		Prepare/Imple ment Plan and Report		Contractor	Contractor	Follow reporting	Design Build	BIO#1		Construction of the Preferred Alternative would directly or indirectly impact suitable habitat that has potential to support special-status plant species.
	Plan for Salvage, Relocation and/or Propagation of Special- Status Plant Species	propagation of special-status plant species. The relocation or propagation of plants and	Implementat ion during	Compliance	as established by regulatory			as established	Relocation, and Propagation of	BIO#5		Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact special-status plant species or suitable habitat that has potential to support these species.
		seeds will be performed at a suitable mitigation site approved by the appropriate regulatory agencies, and as appropriate per species. Documentation will include provisions that construction		compliance permits.			compliance permits.	Special Status Plant Species Following requirements established by regulatory compliance permits	BIO#7		Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would disturb portions of recovery plans.	

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Mitigation Measure	Title	Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementation	Reporting Schedule	Implement ation Party		Implement ation Text	Implementation Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text
ricusure	Title	maintenance, monitoring, implementation, and the annual reporting requirements. Permit conditions issued by the appropriate resource agencies (e.g., USFWS, CDFW) will guide the development of the plan and performance standards. The Project Botanist will submit a memorandum to the Mitigation Manager to document compliance with this measure.	Thuse	OII ACCIOII	Schedule	action i arty	Tarty	adoli iexe	Precliamsin	Impact #	
BIO- MM#18	construction	Before the start of ground-disturbing activities, the Project Biologist will conduct pre-	Pre- construction		Report findings at least 30	Contractor	Contractor	Report findings at	Condition of Design Build	BIO#2	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb suitable habitat that has potential to support special-status invertebrate species.
	Sampling and Assessment for Vernal	construction aquatic assessment and sampling in seasonal wetlands and vernal pools in the construction footprint. The approved biologists will visit the sites after initial storm events to		and sampling; reporting	days prior to ground disturbance			prior to ground disturbance	Contract Following requirements established by regulatory	BIO#6	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status invertebrate species.
	Pool Fauna	determine when seasonal wetlands and vernal pools have been inundated. A seasonal wetland/vernal pool is considered to be inundated when it holds greater than 3 cm of standing water 24 hours after a rain event. Approximately 2 weeks after the pools are inundated, the biologists will conduct general aquatic surveys in appropriate seasonal wetland and vernal pool habitats. The sampling is an assessment that will be useful in understanding the species present and will help guide the implementation of the performance standards to be consistent with BIO-MM#20: Implement and Monitor Vernal Pool Protection. The Project Biologist will submit a report to the Mitigation Manager and Authority or its designee within 30 days of completing the field work. The report will provide the documentation and the results of the sampling, including the results of the data collection and a comparison with the performance standards.						uistui parite	compliance permits	BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would disturb portions of recovery plans.
BIO- MM#19	Seasonal Vernal Pool	For seasonal avoidance of special-status vernal pool branchiopods and vernal-pool-dependent	Construction	fencing,	Follow reporting	Contractor	Contractor	Follow reporting	Condition of Design Build	BIO#2	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb suitable habitat that has potential to support special-status invertebrate species.
	Work Restriction	species (e.g., vernal pool branchiopods, western spadefoot toads, California tiger salamanders), the Contractor will not work within 250 feet of suitable aquatic habitats		Reporting	requirements as established by regulatory compliance			as	Contract Following requirements established by regulatory	BIO#6	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status invertebrate species.
		(e.g., vernal pools, seasonal wetlands) from October 15 to June 1 (corresponding to the rainy season) or as determined through informal or formal consultation with the USFWS or USACE. Ground-disturbing activities may begin once the habitat is no longer inundated for the season and it is after April 15. If any work remains to be completed after October 15, the Contractor (under the direction of the Project Biologist) will install exclusion fencing and erosion control measures in those areas where construction activities need to be completed. The Project Biologist will document compliance through memoranda to the Mitigation Manager during the establishment of the fencing activities.			permits			compliance permits	compliance permits	BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would disturb portions of recovery plans.

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Mitigation Measure		Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementati on Action	Reporting Schedule	Implement ation Party		Implement ation Text	Implementation Mechanism		Impact #	Impact Text
		Although all temporary impacts on vernal pools are considered to be permanent and will be	Construction	Exclusion fencing,	Weekly or reporting	Contractor	Contractor		Condition of Design Build	BIO#2		Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb suitable habitat that has potential to support special-status invertebrate species.
	Protection	mitigated through offsite compensatory mitigation (see BIO-MM#63), vernal pools within the temporary construction footprint will be protected by erecting exclusion fencing, if		off-site	requirements as established by regulatory compliance			as	Contract Following requirements established by regulatory	BIO#6		Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status invertebrate species.
		they can be avoided. The Contractor will erect and maintain the exclusion fencing. For impacts on vernal pools within the temporary construction footprint that cannot be avoided, the Contractor, under the guidance of the Regulatory Specialist (Waters), will place rinsed gravel within the affected vernal pools and will cover the affected vernal pools with geotextile fabric before the start of ground-disturbing activities to minimize damage to the soils and protect the contours. The Contractor, under the direction of the Regulatory Specialist (Waters), will collect a representative sampling of soils from the vernal pools before initiating ground-disturbing activities within the vernal pools. The representative soil samples will contain viable plant seeds and vernal pool branchiopod cysts to be preserved from the vernal pools. These samples may be incorporated into other vernal pools, as applicable, with USFWS and/or CDFW consultation. The Contractor will implement these measures within temporary impact areas adjacent to or within the construction footprint. Resource agency consultations with the USFWS and USACE will occur as needed and based on permit conditions. The Regulatory Specialist (Waters) will submit a memorandum on a weekly basis or at other appropriate intervals to the Mitigation Manager to document compliance with this measure. Because impacts to vernal pools within the temporary construction footprint are considered to be permanent impacts, these impacts will be mitigated through offsite mitigation, as described in BIO-MM#63. The Contractor will obtain approval from USACE, before the implementation of the above-described mitigation measures, for any unanticipated temporary impacts last more			permits			compliance permits	compliance permits	BIO#7		Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would disturb portions of recovery plans.
BIO-	Implement	than one full wet-dry season cycle, offsite mitigation will be implemented. Before and during the implementation of	Pre-	Protocol-level	Weekly or	Contractor	Contractor	Weekly or	Condition of	BIO#2		Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb suitable habitat that
		ground-disturbing activities, the Project	construction,	surveys,	reporting			reporting	Design Build Contract Following			has potential to support special-status invertebrate species.
	Minimization	Biologist will direct the Contractor to implement imization the avoidance and minimization measures , Postaures for detailed in the Conservation Guidelines for the	on measures , Post- of avoidance a uidelines for the construction and	as established by regulatory compliance			as established by regulatory	requirements established by regulatory	BIO#6		Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status invertebrate species.	
	Elderberry Longhorn Beetle	1999a). These measures include conducting protocol-level presence/absence surveys for this species, establishing and maintaining appropriate buffer areas around elderberry		measures, restore temporary disturbances	permits			compliance permits	compliance permits	BIO#7		Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would disturb portions of recovery plans.

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Mitigation Measure	Title	Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementation	Reporting Schedule	Implement ation Party	Reporting Party	Implement ation Text	Implementation Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text
		plants, restricting the use of chemicals that might harm beetles, and mowing restrictions. After ground-disturbing activities are completed, any damage to temporarily disturbed buffer areas surrounding elderberry shrubs will be restored as detailed in the Conservation Guidelines for the Valley Elderberry Longhorn Beetle (USFWS 1999a). The Project Biologist will submit a memorandum, on a weekly basis or at other appropriate intervals, to the Mitigation Manager to document compliance with this measure.		following construction							
BIO- MM#22		Before the start of ground-disturbing activities, the Project Biologist will conduct pre- construction surveys in suitable habitats to	Pre- construction, Construction	Pre- construction surveys for	Weekly or at other appropriate	Contractor	Contractor	Surveys conducted 30 days prior	Design Build	BIO#2	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb the suitable habitat that has potential to support special-status reptiles and amphibian species.
	Special- Status Reptile and	determine the presence or absence of special- status reptiles and amphibian species within the construction footprint. Surveys will be		special status species, and establishment	interval			to ground	Following requirements established by	BIO#6	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status reptiles and amphibian species
	Amphibian Species	conducted no more than 30 days before the start of ground-disturbing activities and will be phased with project build-out. The results of the pre-construction survey will be used to guide the placement of the environmentally sensitive areas, ERAs, and wildlife exclusion fencing. The Project Biologist will submit a memorandum, on a weekly basis or at other appropriate intervals, to the Mitigation Manager to document compliance with this measure.		of ESAs and ERAs				construction submit weekly reports or reporting requirements as established by regulatory compliance permits		BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would disturb portions of recovery plans.
BIO- MM#23	Conduct Special-	During ground-disturbing activities, the Project Biological Monitor will observe all construction	Construction	during	Contractor	Contractor	Contractor	Daily monitoring,	Design Build	BIO#2	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb the suitable habitat that has potential to support special-status reptiles and amphibian species.
	Status Reptile and Amphibian Monitoring,	activities in habitat that supports special-status reptiles and amphibians. If suitable habitat is present and environmentally sensitive areas are deemed necessary, the Project Biological		construction, reporting				weekly or reporting requirements as	Contract Following requirements established by regulatory	BIO#6	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status reptiles and amphibian species
	Avoidance, and Relocation	Monitor will conduct a clearance survey within the area for special-status reptiles and amphibians after wildlife exclusion fencing is installed. If a special-status reptile or amphibian is present during construction, the Contractor will avoid the special-status reptile or amphibian species. Otherwise, the Project Biological Monitor will relocate special-status reptiles or amphibians (other than California tiger salamander) found in the Environmentally Sensitive Area or construction footprint to an area outside the construction area as determined through consultation with USFWS and/or CDFW. If necessary, clearance surveys will be conducted daily. The Project Biologist will submit a memorandum, on a weekly basis or at other appropriate intervals, to the Mitigation Manager to document compliance with this measure.						established by regulatory compliance permits	compliance permits	BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would disturb portions of recovery plans.

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Mitigation Measure		Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementati on Action	Reporting Schedule	ation Party		ation Text	Implementation Mechanism		Impact #	Impact Text
MM#24 Pi		In the annual grassland and pasture habitats in the Cross Creek grassland region, protocollevel surveys will be conducted in accordance with the Interim Guidance on Site Assessment and Field Surveys for Determining Presence or a Negative Finding of the California Tiger	construction	Pre- construction level surveys	Protocol level surveys, Pre- construction 30 day prior to construction; Weekly			least 1 year prior to ground disturbance).	Design Build Contract Following requirements established by regulatory	BIO#2		Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb the suitable habitat that has potential to support special-status reptiles and amphibian species.
	Pre- construction Surveys for California									BIO#6		Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status reptiles and amphibian species
	Tiger Salamander	Salamander (USFWS and CDFG 2003). The purpose of these surveys will be to determine presence or absence of the California tiger salamander within the study area. Before the start of ground-disturbing activities, a qualified, agency-approved biologist (designated by the Project Biologist) will conduct visual preconstruction surveys in suitable habitats in the Cross Creek grassland region. Surveys will be conducted no more than 30 days before the start of ground-disturbing activities and will be phased with project build-out. In the unlikely event that California tiger salamander individuals are found within the project footprint during protocol-level pre-construction surveys, the Project Biologist will contact the USFWS and CDFW to identify appropriate avoidance and minimization measures to be implemented for this species. The Project Biologist will submit a memorandum, on a weekly basis or at other appropriate intervals, to the Mitigation Manager to document compliance with this measure.			reporting or reporting requirements as established by regulatory compliance permits			pre- construction 30 day prior to construction; Weekly reporting or requirements as established by regulatory compliance permits	compliance permits	BIO#7		Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would disturb portions of recovery plans.
BIO- MM#25	and Minimization Measures for	The measures listed below will be implemented in the Cross Creek grassland region to avoid and minimize potential adverse effects to this species: The Contractor, under the direction of the Project Biologist will install, and maintain	ex	exclusion presenting i	Daily or Twice per week inspections (non- consecutive days), weekly	Contractor		twice per	Design Build Contract	BIO#2		Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb the suitable habitat that has potential to support special-status reptiles and amphibian species.
										BIO#6		Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status reptiles and amphibian species
		exclusion fencing along the perimeter of the construction footprint. The Project Biological Monitor will monitor the exclusion fencing to ensure that no take of California tiger salamander or destruction of their potential habitat outside of the project footprint occurs. Exclusion fencing will be composed of a combination of high-visibility construction fence and wildlife exclusion fence. Exclusion fencing must be trenched into the soil at least 4 inches in depth, with the soil compacted against both sides of the fence for its entire length to prevent central California tiger salamanders from passing under the fence. Barriers must be inspected by an USFWS-approved Project Biological Monitor at least twice weekly on nonconsecutive days outside of the breeding season. Barriers will be inspected daily following any rain event and during months when juvenile central California tiger salamanders are most likely emigrating from their breeding ponds in search of burrows in surrounding upland habitat. Barriers will be installed by the Contractor with turn-arounds			reporting			days), weekly reporting		BIO#7		Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would disturb portions of recovery plans.

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Mitigation Measure		Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementation	Reporting Schedule	Implement ation Party		Implement ation Text	Implementation Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text	
		at any access openings needed in the fencing, to redirect central California tiger salamanders away from openings. • The Contractor will not conduct construction activities within 250 feet of potential California tiger salamander breeding habitat during the wet season (October 15 through June 1); however, construction activities may begin once the habitat is no longer inundated for the season and it is after April 15. The Project Biologist will submit a memorandum, on a weekly basis or at other appropriate intervals, to the Mitigation Manager to document compliance with this measure.										
BIO- MM#26	Protocol- Level Surveys for Blunt-Nosed Leopard Lizard	The Project Biologist will conduct protocol-level surveys in suitable habitats for the blunt-nosed leopard lizard within 1 year of each construction phase. These surveys will be conducted in areas of potential blunt-nosed leopard lizard habitat in accordance with the Approved Survey Methodology for the Blunt-Nosed Leopard Lizard (CDFG 2004). The Project Biologist will submit a memorandum, on a weekly basis or at other appropriate intervals, to the Mitigation Manager to document compliance with this measure.	construction	Protocol level surveys; Reporting	Surveys within 1 year prior to construction; Reporting weekly or in Survey Methodology	Contractor			Design Build Contract	BIO#2	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb the suitable habitat that has potential to support special-status reptiles and amphibian species.	
										BIO#6	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status reptiles and amphibian species	
										BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would disturb portions of recovery plans.	
BIO- MM#27	Surveys for Blunt-Nosed Leopard Lizard	construction surveys in areas of potential blunt-nosed leopard lizard habitat no more	construction	construction Surveys; Daily clearance surveys; reporting	Surveys within 30 days prior to ground disturbance; daily clearance surveys; weekly reporting or reporting requirements as established by regulatory compliance permits					BIO#2	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb the suitable habitat that has potential to support special-status reptiles and amphibian species.	
										BIO#6	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status reptiles and amphibian species	
										BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would disturb portions of recovery plans.	
MM#28	Leopard Lizard Avoidance	During the active season (April 15 through October 15), in areas where blunt-nosed leopard lizards or blunt-nosed leopard lizard signs are present, the following measures will be implemented:	rer 15), in areas where blunt-nosed rd lizards or blunt-nosed leopard lizard are present, the following measures will plemented: bwing the phased pre-construction survey unt-nosed leopard lizard within the ruction footprint (see BIO-MM#27), if burrows or egg clutch sites are identified at the construction footprint, the factor and Project Biologist will establish,		reporting	Contractor	Contractor	reporting	Condition of Design Build Contract	BIO#2	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb the suitable habitat that has potential to support special-status reptiles and amphibian species.	
										BIO#6	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status reptiles and amphibian species	
		• Following the phased pre-construction survey for blunt-nosed leopard lizard within the construction footprint (see BIO-MM#27), if active burrows or egg clutch sites are identified within the construction footprint, the Contractor and Project Biologist will establish, maintain, and monitor 50-foot buffers around								BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would disturb portions of recovery plans.	

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Mitigation Measure	Title	Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementati on Action	Reporting Schedule	Implement ation Party Party	Implement Implementation ation Text Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text
	Title	active burrows and egg clutch sites. The 50-foot buffers will be established around the active burrow and clutch sites in a manner that allows for blunt-nosed leopard lizard to leave the construction footprint after the young have hatched. Project activities within the 50-foot buffers, including vegetation clearing and grubbing (as described below), will be prohibited until the eggs have hatched and blunt-nosed leopard lizard have been allowed to leave the construction footprint, as determined by the Project Biologist. • Following the phased pre-construction survey for blunt-nosed leopard lizard within the construction footprint (see BIO-MM#27), if no active burrows or egg clutch sites are identified within the construction footprint, the Contractor, under the direction of the Project Biologist will conduct vegetation clearing and grubbing activities with hand tools. Cleared vegetation will be cut to 4 inches above the ground level, and all trimmings will be removed from the construction footprint. The vegetation-free work area will be allowed to sit undisturbed for a minimum of 72 hours to allow blunt-nosed leopard lizards to passively relocate from the site. A follow-up preconstruction survey will be conducted in the vegetation-free work area to look for blunt-nosed leopard lizards observed during the follow-up survey will be allowed to leave the work site on their own accord. Immediately after the follow-up pre-construction survey of the vegetation-free work area, the construction footprint will be delineated with high-visibility construction fence and a wildlife exclusion fence with "a non-gaping, non-climbable barrier using a rigid and non-climbable material." The vegetation-free work area within the wildlife exclusion fence will be maintained by the Contractor and monitored daily by the Project Biologist.	Phase		Reporting	Implement Reporting	Implement Implementation		Impact Text
		avoid danger. During the non-active season (October 16 through April 14), suitable blunt-nosed leopard lizard burrows identified during protocol-level and pre-construction surveys will be avoided by the Contractor. A 50-foot no-work buffer will be established around burrows to prevent impacts until the active season, when blunt-							

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Mitigation Measure	Title	Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementation	Reporting Schedule	Implement	Reporting Party	Implement ation Text	Implementation Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text
		nosed leopard lizards will be able to leave the vegetation-free work area on their own accord. The no-work buffer will be established by routing the high-visibility construction fence and wildlife exclusion fence around the suitable burrow sites in a manner that allows for a connection between the burrow site and the suitable natural habitat adjacent to the footprint so that blunt-nosed leopard lizard individuals are able to leave the construction footprint during the active season. If construction activities are required during this period, the appropriate measures will be established through consultation with USFWS and CDFW.									
		Non-disturbance exclusion zones will be maintained by the Contractor and monitored by USFWS-approved biological monitor(s) to avoid the possibility for take of lizards, their burrows/nests, or the species' habitat outside of the project footprint.									
		If blunt-nosed leopard lizards are observed at any time during protocol-level surveys, phased pre-construction surveys, or during construction, USFWS and CDFW will be contacted. Appropriate measures to avoid take of the species will be established through consultation with the USFWS and CDFW. The Project Biologist will submit a memorandum, on a weekly basis or at other appropriate intervals, to the Mitigation Manager to document compliance with this measure.									
BIO- MM#29	construction Surveys and	the Project Biologist will conduct visual pre- construction surveys where suitable habitats	Pre- construction	Pre- construction surveys, and	Surveys conducted prior to	Contractor	Contractor	prior to	Condition of Design Build Permit	BIO#2	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb suitable habitat that was potential to support nesting special-status bird species (including raptors).
	Delineate Active Nest Exclusion Areas for	are present for nesting birds protected by the MBTA if construction and habitat removal activities are scheduled to occur during the bird breeding season (February 1 to August 15). In		establish nest buffers	disturbance; Report weekly or as established by			disturbance; Report weekly or as established		BIO#6	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status bird species (including raptors).
	Other Breeding Birds	the event active bird nests are encountered during the pre-construction survey, the Project Biologist in conjunction with the Contractor will establish nest avoidance buffer zones as appropriate. The buffer distances will be consistent with the intent of the MBTA. The Project Biologist will delineate nest avoidance buffers established for ground-nesting birds in a manner that does not create predatory bird perch points in close proximity (150 feet) to the active nest site. The Project Biologist or Biological Monitor will periodically monitor active bird nests. The Project Biologist will maintain the nest avoidance buffer zone until nestlings have fledged and are no longer reliant on the nest or parental care for survival or the nest is abandoned (as determined by			regulatory compliance permits			by regulatory compliance permits		BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would disturb portions of recovery plans.

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Mitigation Measure	Title	Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementation	Reporting Schedule	Implement ation Party		Implement ation Text	Implementation Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text
		the Project Biologist). The Project Biologist will submit a memorandum, on a weekly basis or at other appropriate intervals, to the Mitigation Manager to document compliance with this measure.									
MM#30	construction Surveys and	No more than 14-days before the start of ground-disturbing activities, the Project Biologist will conduct visual pre-construction	Pre- construction, Construction	surveys, and	Surveys conducted no more than 14	Contractor	Contractor	conducted no more	Condition of Design Build Permit	BIO#2	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb suitable habitat that was potential to support nesting special-status bird species (including raptors).
	Monitoring for Raptors	surveys where suitable habitats are present for nesting raptors if construction and habitat removal activities are scheduled to occur during the bird-breeding season (February 1 to		establishment of nest buffers	days prior to construction; Report weekly or as			than 14 days prior to construction; Report		BIO#6	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status bird species (including raptors).
		August 15). Surveys will be conducted in areas within the construction footprint and, where permissible, within 500 feet of the construction footprint for raptor species (not Fully Protected species) and 0.5 mile of the construction footprint for Fully Protected raptor species. The required survey dates will be modified based on local conditions. If breeding raptors with active nests are found, the Project Biologist in conjunction with the Contractor will establish a 500-foot buffer around the nest to be maintained until the young have fledged from the nest and are no longer reliant on the nest or parental care for survival or the nest fails (as determined by the Project Biologist). If fully protected raptors (e.g., white tailed-kite) with active nests are found, the Project Biologist in conjunction with Contractor will establish a 0.5-mile buffer around the nest to be maintained until the young have fledged from the nest or the nest fails (as determined by the Project Biologist). Adjustments to the buffer(s) will require prior approval by USFWS and/or CDFW. The Project Biologist will submit a memorandum, on a weekly basis or at other appropriate intervals, to the Mitigation Manager to document compliance with this			established by regulatory compliance permits			weekly or as established by regulatory compliance permits		BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would disturb portions of recovery plans.
BIO- MM#31		measure. During Final Design, the Project Biologist will verify that the catenary system, masts, and other structures such as fencing are designed	Construction	structures are raptor safe in	Prior to final design	Contractor	Contractor	Prior to final design	Design Build Contract Condition	BIO#2	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb suitable habitat that was potential to support nesting special-status bird species (including raptors).
		to be bird and raptor-safe in accordance with the applicable recommendations presented in Suggested Practices for Raptor Protection on Power Lines: The State of the Art in 2006		accordance with APLIC guidance; Compliance					of regulatory permits	BIO#6	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status bird species (including raptors).
		(APLIC 2006) and Reducing Avian Collisions with Power Lines: State of the Art in 2012 (APLIC 2012). The Project Biologist will check the final design drawings and submit a memorandum to the Mitigation Manager to document compliance with this measure.		Reporting						BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would disturb portions of recovery plans.
MM#32	Pre-	The Project Biologist will conduct pre- construction surveys for Swainson's hawks as described in the Recommended Timing and	Pre- construction	Conduct Protocol and Pre-	Weekly or as established by regulatory	Contractor	Contractor		Design Build Contract Condition	BIO#2	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb suitable habitat that was potential to support nesting special-status bird species (including raptors).
	construction	Methodology for Swainson's Hawk Nesting		construction	compliance			compliance	of regulatory	BIO#6	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact

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Mitigation Measure		Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementati on Action	Reporting Schedule	Implement R ation Party	Implement ation Text	Implementation Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text
	Surveys for Swainson's Hawks	Surveys in California's Central Valley (Swainson's Hawk Technical Advisory Committee [SHTAC] 2000). Surveys will be performed during the		Surveys; Compliance	permits		permits	permits		suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status bird species (including raptors).
	Hawks	nesting season (March 1 through August 1) in the year before ground-disturbing activities within the construction footprint and within a 0.5-mile buffer, where access is permitted. The pre-construction nest surveys following the Recommended Timing and Methodology for Swainson's Hawk Nesting Surveys in California's Central Valley (Swainson's Hawk Technical Advisory Committee 2000) will be phased with project build-out. The pre-construction surveys will determine the status (i.e., active, inactive) of observed nests. The Project Biologist will submit a memorandum, on a weekly basis or at other appropriate intervals, to the Mitigation Manager to document compliance with this measure.		Reporting					BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would disturb portions of recovery plans.
BIO- MM#33	Swainson's Hawk Nest Avoidance	If active Swainson's hawk nests (defined as a nest used one or more times in the last 5 years) are found within 0.5-mile of the construction	Construction	nest buffers; Compliance	established by regulatory	Contractor C	by regulatory	Design Build Contract Condition	BIO#2	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb suitable habitat that was potential to support nesting special-status bird species (including raptors).
	and Monitoring	footprint during the nesting season (March 1 to August 1), the active nests within the 0.50-mile buffer of the construction footprint will be monitored daily by the Project Biological Monitor		Reporting	compliance permits		compliance permits	of regulatory permits	BIO#6	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status bird species (including raptors).
		to assess whether the nest is occupied. If the nest is occupied, the health and status of the nest will be monitored until the young fledge or for the length of construction, whichever occurs first. The Project Biologist in conjunction with the Contractor, will implement buffers restricting construction activities, following CDFW's Staff Report Regarding Mitigation for Impacts to Swainson's Hawks (Buteo swainsoni) in the Central Valley of California (CDFG 1994). Adjustments to the buffer(s) may be made in consultation with CDFW. The Project Biologist will submit a memorandum, on a weekly basis or at other appropriate intervals, to the Mitigation Manager to document compliance with this measure.							BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would disturb portions of recovery plans.
BIO- MM#34	Monitor Removal of Nest Trees	Before the start of ground-disturbing activities, the Project Biological Monitor will monitor nest trees for Swainson's hawks in the construction	Construction	Swainson's hawk nest	Weekly or as established by regulatory	Contractor C	by regulatory	Design Build Contract Condition	BIO#2	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb suitable habitat that was potential to support nesting special-status bird species (including raptors).
	Nest Trees tfor from from from from from from from f	footprint following the guidelines and methods presented in the Recommended Timing and Methodology for Swainson's Hawk Nesting Surveys in California's Central Valley (SHTAC		trees; Compliance Reporting	compliance permits			of regulatory permits	BIO#6	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status bird species (including raptors).
		2000). If an occupied Swainson's hawk nest must be removed, the Authority will obtain take							BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would disturb portions of recovery plans.
		must be removed, the Authority will obtain take authorization through a Section 2081 Incidental Take Permit (including compensatory mitigation to offset the loss of the nest tree) from CDFW. If ground-disturbing activities or other project activities may cause nest abandonment by a Swainson's hawk or forced fledging within the specified buffer area, monitoring of the nest site by the Project Biological Monitor will be						BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would disturb portions of recovery plans.	

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Mitigation Measure	Title	Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementati on Action	Reporting Schedule	Implement ation Party	Reporting Party	Implement ation Text	Implementation Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text
		conducted to determine if the nest is abandoned. Removal of nesting trees outside of the nesting season (generally between October 1 and February 1) does not require authorization under the Section 2081 Incidental Take Permit. The Project Biologist will submit a memorandum, on a weekly basis or at other appropriate intervals, to the Mitigation Manager to document compliance with this measure.									
BIO- MM#35	Conduct Protocol Surveys for	Before the start of ground-disturbing activities a qualified, agency-approved biologist, designated by the Project Biologist, will	Pre- construction	Protocol level surveys; Compliance	Weekly or at other appropriate interval	Contractor	Contractor	Weekly or at other appropriate interval	Condition of Design Build Contract	BIO#2	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb suitable habitat that was potential to support nesting special-status bird species (including raptors).
	Burrowing Owls	conduct protocol-level surveys in accordance with CDFW's Staff Report on Burrowing Owl Mitigation (CDFG 2012c). The Project Biologist or designee will conduct these surveys at		Reporting				interval		BIO#6	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status bird species (including raptors).
		appropriate timeframes within suitable habitat located in the construction footprint. Results of the surveys will be used to inform BIO-MM#36. These surveys will be conducted within suitable habitat of the construction footprint and within a 150-meter (approximately 500-foot) buffer. The Project Biologist will submit a memorandum, on a weekly basis or at other appropriate intervals, to the Mitigation Manager to document compliance with this measure.								BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would disturb portions of recovery plans.
BIO- MM#36	Burrowing Owl Avoidance	owl avoidance and minimization measures following CDFW's Staff Report on Burrowing	Construction	Establish exclusion zones or buffers;	appropriate	Contractor	Contractor	other appropriate	Condition of Design Build Contract	BIO#2	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb suitable habitat that was potential to support nesting special-status bird species (including raptors).
	and Minimization	Owl Mitigation (CDFG 2012). During the nesting season (February 1 through August 31) occupied burrowing owl burrows will not be disturbed unless it is verified that either the		Compliance Reporting	interval			interval		BIO#6	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status bird species (including raptors).
		birds have not begun egg-laying and incubation or the juveniles from the occupied burrows are foraging independently and are capable of independent survival (as determined by the Project Biologist). Unless otherwise authorized by CDFW, the Project Biologist in conjunction with the Contractor will establish buffers (as an ESA) between the construction work area and occupied burrowing owl nesting sites as described in Table 3.7-19. Adjustments to the buffer(s) will require prior approval by CDFW.								BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would disturb portions of recovery plans.
		Eviction of burrowing owls outside the nesting season may be permitted pending evaluation of eviction plans and receipt of formal written approval from the CDFW authorizing the eviction. If burrowing owls must be moved from the project area, the Project Biologist will undertake passive relocation measures, including monitoring, in accordance with CDFW's (CDFG 2012) guidelines. The Project Biologist will submit a memorandum, on a weekly basis or at other									

Table 1Fresno to Bakersfield Mitigation Monitoring and Enforcement Plan

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Mitigation Measure		Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementati on Action	Reporting Schedule	Implement ation Party		Implement ation Text	Implementation Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text
		appropriate intervals, to the Mitigation Manager to document compliance with this measure. Table 3.7-19 California Department of Fish and Wildlife recommended restricted activity dates and setback distances by level of disturbance for burrowing owls Location Time of Year Level of Disturbance Low Medium High Nesting Sites April 1–Aug 15 200 m 500 m Nesting Sites Aug 16-Oct 15 200 m 200 m 500 m Nesting Sites Oct 16-March 31 50 m 100 m 500 m									
BIO- MM#37	construction		Pre- construction	Habitat Assessment	Weekly or as established by	Contractor	Contractor	Weekly or as established	Design Build	BIO#2	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status mammal species.
	Surveys for Nelson's Antelope Squirrel,	potentially suitable habitat within the project footprint to determine presence of special- status small mammal species burrows or their signs. The habitat assessment surveys will be			regulatory compliance permits			by regulatory compliance permits	Contract Condition of regulatory permits	BIO#6	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status mammal species.
	Tipton Kangaroo Rat, Dulzura Pocket Mouse, and Tulare Grasshopper Mouse	detected, no further measures will be required.								BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would disturb portions of recovery plans.
BIO- MM#38	Implement Avoidance	If during the habitat assessment, burrows or signs of special-status small mammal species	Construction	Establish Exclusion	Weekly or as established by	Contractor	Contractor	Weekly or as established	Design Build	BIO#2	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status mammal species.
		are detected, the Project Biologist will establish non-disturbance exclusion zones (i.e., wildlife r exclusion fencing [e.g., a silt fence or similar material]) in areas where special-status small		Zones, Vegetation Removal and Small Mammal	regulatory compliance permits			compliance permits	Contract Condition of regulatory permits	BIO#6	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status mammal species.
	Pocket Mouse, and Tulare	mammal species are believed to be present. Non-disturbance exclusion zones will be established at least 14 days before the start of ground-disturbing activities. The non-disturbance exclusion fence with one-way exit/escape points will be placed to exclude the special-status small mammals from the construction area. The wildlife exclusion fence will be established around burrows in a manner that allows state-listed species to leave the construction footprint. Additional measures such as one or both of the following will be implemented after the exclusion fencing is installed. • The Contractor will trim and clear vegetation to the ground by hand or using hand-operated equipment to discourage the presence of special-status small mammal species in the		Trapping; Compliance Reporting						BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would disturb portions of recovery plans.

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Mitigation Measure	Title	Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementati on Action	Reporting Schedule	Implement ation Party	Implement ation Text	Implementation Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text
		construction footprint. The cleared vegetation will remain undisturbed by project construction equipment for 14 days to allow species to passively relocate through the one-way exit/escape points along the wildlife exclusion fencing. • A qualified, agency-approved biologist, designated by the Project Biologist, will conduct small-mammal trapping and relocation in general accordance with the survey protocols in the California Valley Solar Ranch Project: Plan for Relocation of Giant Kangaroo Rats (Dipodomys ingens) (H.T. Harvey & Associates 2011) or as determined in consultation with CDFW and USFWS. The small-mammal trapping surveys will occur within the construction footprint in potentially suitable habitat for special-status small-mammal species. The trapping will be conducted before the start of construction and phased with project build-out; trapping will be limited to the dry, summer months on evenings when the nightly low temperature is forecast to exceed 50°F.The Project Biologist will submit a memorandum, on a weekly basis or at other appropriate intervals, to the Mitigation Manager to document compliance with this measure.								
BIO- MM#39	Implement Avoidance and	Before the start of ground-disturbing activities, a qualified agency-approved biologist, designated by the Project Biologist, will	Pre- construction	Habitat assessment; Agency	Weekly Reporting or at other	Contractor (at other	Design Build Contract Condition	BIO#2	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status mammal species.
		conduct a habitat assessment on any parcels within the project footprint that may support the Fresno kangaroo rat to determine presence		Coordination; Compliance Reporting	appropriate interval		appropriate interval	of regulatory permits	BIO#6	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status mammal species.
	Kangaroo Rat	of kangaroo rat burrows or their signs. If no burrows or signs of kangaroo rats are detected and kangaroo rats are confirmed to be absent from the construction footprint, the following actions will be implemented: • The Project Biologist will install, maintain, and monitor exclusion fencing along the perimeter of the construction footprint to ensure that no take of Fresno kangaroo rat or destruction of their potential habitat outside of the project footprint occurs. • The Contractor, under the supervision of the Project Biologist, will trim and clear vegetation to the ground by hand or using hand-operated equipment to discourage small-mammal presence in the construction footprint. The area from which the vegetation was cleared will remain undisturbed by project construction equipment for 14 days to allow other small-mammal species to passively relocate through the one-way exit/escape points along the wildlife exclusion fencing. In the unlikely event that kangaroo rat individuals, their burrows, or signs of them are found within the project footprint during the							BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would disturb portions of recovery plans.

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Mitigation Measure		Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementati on Action	Reporting Schedule	Implement ation Party		Implement ation Text	Implementation Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text
		habitat assessment, the USFWS and CDFW will be notified immediately and the FRA will reinitiate consultation to identify appropriate avoidance and minimization measures to be implemented for this species, such as: • With agency permission, small-mammal trapping may be conducted by a qualified biologist(s) with the necessary permits. The trapping surveys will be conducted in general accordance with California Valley Solar Ranch Project: Plan for Relocation of Giant Kangaroo Rats (Dipodomys ingens) (H.T. Harvey & Associates 2011) or as determined in consultation with either USFWS or CDFW and will be limited to the dry, summer months on evenings when the nightly low temperature is forecast to exceed 50°F. The Project Biologist will submit a memorandum, on a weekly basis or at other appropriate intervals, to the Mitigation Manager to document compliance with this measure.									
BIO- MM#40	Conduct Pre- construction Surveys for Special- Status Bat Species	Thirty days before the start of ground-disturbing activities, a qualified, agency-approved biologist, designated by the Project Biologist, will conduct a visual and acoustic pre-construction survey for roosting bats. A minimum of one day and one evening will be included in the visual pre-construction survey. The Project Biologist, in coordination with the Mitigation Manager and Authority, will contact CDFW if any hibernation roosts or active nurseries are identified within or immediately adjacent to the construction footprint, as appropriate. The Project Biologist will submit a memorandum, on a weekly basis or at other appropriate intervals, to the Mitigation Manager to document compliance with this measure.	Pre- construction	Pre- construction Surveys, Compliance Reporting	Weekly or at other appropriate interval	Contractor	Contractor	Weekly or at other appropriate interval	Condition of Design Build Contract	BIO#2 BIO#6 BIO#7	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status mammal species. Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status mammal species. Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would disturb portions of recovery plans.
BIO- MM#41	Bat Avoidance	hibernation roosts are found, the Contractor	Construction	Relocation	Weekly or at other	Contractor	Contractor	other	Condition of Design Build	BIO#2	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status mammal species.
	and Relocation	will avoid them, if feasible, for the period of activity. If avoidance of the hibernation roost is not feasible, the Project Biologist will prepare a relocation plan and coordinate the construction		Plan; Compliance Reporting	appropriate interval			appropriate interval	Contract	BIO#6	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status mammal species.
		of an alternative bat roost with CDFW. The Contractor, under the direction of the Project Biologist will implement the Bat Roost Relocation Plan before the commencement of construction activities. The Contractor, under the supervision of the Biological Monitors, will remove roosts with approval from CDFW before hibernation begins (October 31), or after young are flying (July 31), using exclusion and deterrence techniques described in BIO-MM#42, below. The timeline to remove vacated roosts is between August 1 and October 31. All efforts to avoid disturbance to								BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would disturb portions of recovery plans.

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Mitigation Measure	Title	Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementati on Action	Reporting Schedule	Implement ation Party		Implement ation Text	Implementation Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text
Weasure	Title	maternity roosts will be made during construction activities. The Project Biologist will submit a memorandum to the Mitigation Manager, on a weekly basis or at other appropriate intervals, to document compliance with this measure.	riiase	on Action	Scriedule	ation raity	Party	ation rext	Wediansii	Impact #	Impact rext
MM#42	Bat Exclusion	During ground-disturbing activities, if non- breeding or non-hibernating individuals or	Construction	Bat exclusion and	Weekly or at other	Contractor	Contractor	other	Condition of Design Build	BIO#2	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status mammal species.
	and Deterrence	groups of bats are found within the construction footprint, the Project Biologist will direct the Contractor to safely exclude the bats		deterrence; Compliance Reporting	appropriate interval			appropriate interval	Contract	BIO#6	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status mammal species.
		by either opening the roosting area to change the lighting and air-flow conditions or installing one-way doors or other appropriate methods specified by CDFW. The Contractor will leave the roost undisturbed by project activities for a minimum of 1 week after implementing exclusion and/or eviction activities. The Contractor will not implement exclusion measures to evict bats from established maternity roosts or occupied hibernation roosts. The Project Biologist will submit a memorandum, on a weekly basis or at other appropriate intervals, to the Mitigation Manager to document compliance with this measure.								BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would disturb portions of recovery plans.
MM#43	construction	Before the start of ground-disturbing activities, the Project Biologist will conduct pre-	construction construction Reporting or Rep	Reporting or Design Build	BIO#2	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status mammal species.					
	Surveys for American Badger and Ringtail	construction surveys for den sites within suitable habitats in the construction footprint. These surveys will be conducted no more than 30 days before the start of ground-disturbing		survey; Compliance Report	other appropriate interval			other appropriate interval	Contract	BIO#6	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status mammal species.
	Ü	activities and phased with project build-out. The Project Biologist will submit a memorandum, on a weekly basis or at other appropriate intervals, to the Mitigation Manager to document compliance with this measure.								BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would disturb portions of recovery plans.
		The Contractor, under the direction of the Project Biologist, will establish a 50-foot buffer	Construction	around active	Reporting or	Contractor	Contractor	Weekly Reporting or		BIO#2	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status mammal species.
		around occupied dens. The Contractor and Project Biologist will establish a 100-foot buffer around maternity dens through the pup-rearing season (American badger: February 15 through		dens; Compliance Reporting	other appropriate interval			other appropriate interval	Contract	BIO#6	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status mammal species.
		July 1; Ringtail: May 1 through June 15). Adjustments to the buffer(s) will require prior approval by CDFW as coordinated by the Project Biologist, under the supervision of the Mitigation Manager. The Project Biologist will submit a memorandum, on a weekly basis or at other appropriate intervals, to the Mitigation Manager to document compliance with this measure.								BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would disturb portions of recovery plans.
MM#45	Conduct Protocol-	Before the start of ground-disturbing activities, the Project Biologist will conduct pre-		Conduct Pre- construction	Weekly Reporting or as		Contractor	Reporting or	Design Build	BIO#2	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status mammal species.
	Level Pre-	construction surveys in accordance with		Survey for San	established by			as	Contract Condition	BIO#6	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact



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Mitigation				Implementati	Reporting	Implement	Poportino	Implement	Implementation		
Measure	Title	Mitigation Text	Phase	on Action	Schedule	ation Party		ation Text	Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text
	construction Surveys for San Joaquin	USFWS' San Joaquin Kit Fox Survey Protocol for the Northern Range (USFWS 1999b). Preconstruction surveys for the kit fox will be		Joaquin kit fox; Compliance Reporting	regulatory compliance permits			established by regulatory compliance	of regulatory permits		suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status mammal species.
	Kit Fox	conducted between May 1 and September 30 within the study area in suitable habitat areas (alkali desert scrub, annual grassland, pasture, barren, and compatible-use agricultural lands) to identify known or potential San Joaquin kit fox dens. Pre-construction surveys will be conducted by a USFWS-approved project biologist within 30 days before the start of construction or ground-disturbing activities and will be phased with project build-out. The Project Biologist will submit a memorandum, on a weekly basis or at other appropriate intervals, to the Mitigation Manager to document compliance with this measure.		. Copo ung				permits		BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would disturb portions of recovery plans.
BIO- MM#46		The Contractor, under direction of the Project Biologist, will implement USFWS' Standardized Recommendations for Protection of the San	Construction	Standardized	Weekly Reporting or as established by	Contractor	Contractor	Weekly Reporting or as	Condition of Design Build Contract Condition	BIO#2	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status mammal species.
	Kit Fox	Joaquin Kit Fox Prior to or During Ground Disturbance (USFWS [1999] 2011) to minimize ground disturbance-related impacts on this		ons for Protection of the San	regulatory compliance permits			by regulatory compliance	of regulatory	BIO#6	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status mammal species.
		species. The Project Biologist will submit a memorandum, on a weekly basis or at other appropriate intervals, to the Mitigation Manager to document compliance with this measure.	P D D C R	Joaquin Kit Fox Prior to or During Ground Disturbance; Compliance Reporting				permits		BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would disturb portions of recovery plans.
BIO- MM#47	Restore Temporary	During post-construction, the Contractor, under the direction of the Project Botanist, will		Restoration of temporary	Weekly Reporting or as	Contractor	Contractor	Weekly Reporting or		BIO#3	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb special-status plant communities, and riparian areas.
	Riparian Impacts	revegetate all disturbed valley foothill riparian areas using appropriate plants and seed mixes. The Project Botanist will monitor restoration		areas; Compliance	established by regulatory compliance			by regulatory	Contract Condition of regulatory permits	BIO#3	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would have direct and indirect impacts on jurisdictional waters.
		activities consistent with provisions in the RRP, as described in BIO-MM#6. The Project Botanist will submit a memorandum, on a		Reporting	permits (BIO- MM#62)			compliance permits		BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact special-status plant communities, and riparian areas.
		weekly basis or at other appropriate intervals, to the Mitigation Manager documenting compliance and other reporting requirements								BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently affect jurisdictional waters.
		required by the regulatory agency permits (e.g., 1600 Streambed Alteration Agreement).								BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would disturb portions of recovery plans.
BIO- MM#48		During or after the completion of construction, the Contractor, under direction of the Regulatory Specialist (Waters) and Project	or Post-	Restoration of temporary disturbance	Weekly Reporting or as established by		Contractor	Weekly Reporting or	Condition of Design Build Contract Condition	BIO#3	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb special-status plant communities, and riparian areas.
	Jurisdictional Waters	Botanist, will restore disturbed jurisdictional waters to original topography using stockpiled	Construction	areas; Compliance	regulatory compliance			by regulatory	of regulatory	BIO#3	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would have direct and indirect impacts on jurisdictional waters.
		and segregated soils. In areas where gravel or geotextile fabrics have been placed to protect substrate and minimize impacts on jurisdictional waters, these materials will be removed and affected features will be restored. The Contractor, under supervision of the Project Botanist, will conduct revegetation using appropriate plants and seed mixes. The Authority will conduct maintenance monitoring consistent with the provisions in the RRP (BIO-MM#6). The Project Botanist will submit a		Reporting	permits			compliance permits		BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would disturb portions of recovery plans.

Table 1Fresno to Bakersfield Mitigation Monitoring and Enforcement Plan

Mitigation Measure	Title	Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementati on Action	Reporting Schedule	Implement ation Party		Implement ation Text	Implementation Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text
		memorandum, on a weekly basis or at other appropriate intervals, to the Mitigation Manager to document compliance with this measure.									
BIO- MM#49	Monitor Construction		Construction	Monitoring,	Weekly Reporting or as	Contractor	Contractor	Weekly Reporting or	Condition of Design Build	BIO#2	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb suitable habitat that has potential to support special-status invertebrate species.
	Activities within Jurisdictional	Biological Monitor will conduct monitoring within and adjacent to jurisdictional waters, I including monitoring of the installation of		Compliance Reporting	established by regulatory compliance			as established by regulatory	Contract Condition of regulatory permits	BIO#2	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb the suitable habitat that has potential to support special-status reptiles and amphibian species.
	Waters	protective devices (silt fencing, sandbags, fencing, etc.), installation and/or removal of creek crossing fill, construction of access roads,			permits			compliance permits		BIO#3	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb special-status plant communities, and riparian areas.
		vegetation removal, and other associated construction activities. The Project Biological Monitor will conduct biological monitoring to								BIO#3	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would have direct and indirect impacts on jurisdictional waters.
		document adherence to habitat avoidance and minimization measures addressed in the project mitigation measures, including, but not limited to, the provisions outlined in BIO-								BIO#6	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status invertebrate species.
		MM#5, BIO-MM#7, BIO-MM#8, BIO-MM#10, BIO-MM#12 through BIO-MM#15, BIO-								BIO#6	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status reptiles and amphibian species.
		MM#47, and BIO-MM#48. The monitor will also document adherence to all relevant conservation measures as listed in the USFWS, CDFW, SWRCB, and USACE permits. The Regulatory Specialist (Waters) will submit a memorandum, on a weekly basis or at other								BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact special-status plant communities, and riparian areas.
			ters) will submit a ly basis or at other							BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently affect jurisdictional waters.
		appropriate intervals, to the Mitigation Manager to document compliance with this measure.								BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would disturb portions of recovery plans.
MM#50	Mitigation and	Before, during, and after construction, the following methods to preserve and/or mitigate		Conduct Surveys prior	Monthly	Contractor	Contractor	Monthly	Condition of Design Build	BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would disturb portions of recovery plans.
	Monitoring of Protected Trees	for impacts on protected trees will be implemented: • A qualified biologist, designated by the Project Botanist, will conduct surveys before removal or disturbance to evaluate the condition of all protected trees found within areas directly and indirectly affected by the Fresno to Bakersfield Section. • The Authority will compensate for impacts and effects to protected tree resources, including removal or trimming of naturally occurring native protected trees and landscape or ornamental trees (see BIO-MM#64, Compensate for Impacts on Protected Trees). • The Contractor, under the direction of the Project Botanist, will fence protected trees that may be indirectly affected by construction activities 5 feet from their drip lines to form ERAs. • The Authority will prepare and implement a monitoring and maintenance program that monitors transplanted trees for reestablishment of root systems. The Project Botanist will submit a memorandum to the Mitigation Manager to document compliance with this measure.		Provide tree protection; Authority Compensate for Impacts					Contract	BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently affect protected trees.

Table 1Fresno to Bakersfield Mitigation Monitoring and Enforcement Plan

Mitigation Measure	Title	Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementati on Action	Reporting Schedule	Implement ation Party		Implement ation Text	Implementation Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text
BIO- MM#51	Install Flashing or	During construction , the Contractor, under the direction of the Project Biologist, will install	Construction	Install fencing enhanced with	Yearly	Contractor	Contractor	Yearly	Condition of Design Build	BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would disturb portions of recovery plans.
	Slats within Security Fencing	permanent security fencing consistent with the final design along portions of the project that are adjacent to wildlife movement corridors and natural habitats (e.g., alkali desert scrub, annual grassland). The security fencing will be enhanced with flashing or slats for 6 inches below ground surface to 12 inches above to prevent special-status reptiles and mammals from moving into the right-of-way. The fencing with flashing or slats will be maintained during operation of the HST project. The Project Biologist will verify that the installation is consistent with the designated terms and conditions in the applicable permits. The design of the reptile and mammal-proof fencing and the exact locations where reptile and mammal-proof fencing will be installed will be determined in consultation with USFWS and CDFW. The Project Biologist will submit a memorandum, on a yearly basis or at other appropriate intervals, to the Mitigation Manager to document compliance with this measure.		flashing or slats; Reporting					Contract Requirement of Regulatory Agency Permits	BIO#8	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently reduce the functionality of wildlife movement corridors and habitat linkages.
BIO- MM#52	Construction in Wildlife	the Project Biologist will submit a construction	Pre- construction	Prepare Avoidance and	Weekly or as established by	Contractor	Contractor	Weekly or as established	Condition of Design Build	BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would disturb portions of recovery plans.
		avoidance and minimization plan for wildlife movement linkages (e.g., SR 43–Garces Highway and Deer Creek–Sand Ridge linkages, Kern River linkage) to the Authority via the Mitigation Manager for concurrence. The plan will limit the use of construction and avoid permanent fencing in wildlife movement linkages where the viaducts (e.g., elevated platforms) or bridges are included in the final design. The Contractor will minimize ground-disturbing activities within the wildlife linkages (e.g., SR 43–Garces Highway and Deer Creek–Sand Ridge linkages) during nighttime hours to the extent practicable. The Contractor will also keep nighttime illumination (e.g., for security) from spilling into the linkages or shield nighttime lighting to avoid illumination spilling into the linkages. Inspections by the Project Biologist will verify compliance with this measure. The Project Biologist will submit a memorandum, on a weekly basis or at other appropriate intervals, to the Mitigation Manager to document compliance with this measure.		Minimization Plan for Construction in Wildlife Movement linkages				by regulatory compliance permits	Contract Construction in Wildlife Movement Linkages Plan		Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently reduce the functionality of wildlife movement corridors and habitat linkages.
	Compensate for Impacts on Special- Status Plant	Before final design, the Authority will mitigate the impacts on special-status plants in accordance with the USFWS Biological Opinion (USFWS 2013) by implementing the following	Pre- construction, Construction , Post-	Compliance Report	Before final design	Authority	Authority	design	Authority to compensatory based on extent of special-status plant	BIO#1 BIO#5	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would directly or indirectly impact suitable habitat that has potential to support special-status plant species. Project impacts from Preferred Alternative would permanently impact
	Species	measures:	Construction						special-status plant species impacted		special-status plant species or suitable habitat that has potential to support these species.



Table 1Fresno to Bakersfield Mitigation Monitoring and Enforcement Plan

Mitigation Measure	Title	Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementati on Action	Reporting Schedule	Implement ation Party		Implement ation Text	Implementation Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text
		Compensation for federally listed plant species that are observed within the project footprint and that cannot be avoided will be							by the Contractor Regulatory agency	BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact special-status plant communities, and riparian areas.
		compensated at a 1:1 ratio based on actual acres of direct effects by the following: a. Identification of suitable sites to receive the listed plants. i. Pixley National Wildlife Refuge, Allensworth Ecological Reserve/State Historic Park, Kern National Wildlife Refuge, Atwell Island, Alkali Sink Ecological Reserve, Semitropic Ecological Reserve, and Kern Water Bank. ii. Authority-proposed permittee-responsible mitigation sites. iii. Other locations approved by USFWS. b. Collection of seeds, plant materials, and top soil from the project footprint before construction impacts. The Authority or its designee will submit a							permit requirements	BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would disturb portions of recovery plans.
		memorandum to the USFWS and or CDFW to document compliance with this measure.									
BIO- MM#54	Compensate for Impacts	The Authority will mitigate direct and indirect impacts, including temporary and permanent,	Pre- construction,	Compliance Report	Prior to Operation	Authority	Authority	Prior to Operation	Authority to compensatory	BIO#2	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb suitable habitat that has potential to support special-status invertebrate species.
	on Vernal Pool Fairy Shrimp and Vernal Pool	on vernal pool branchiopod habitat through compensation determined in consultation with the USFWS and USACE. Compensation for vernal pool branchiopod habitat (e.g., vernal	Construction , Post- construction						based on amount	BIO#6	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status invertebrate species.
	Tadpole Shrimp	pools, seasonal wetlands) is addressed under compensation for impacts on jurisdictional waters (BIO-MM#63). The Authority or its							pool tadpole shrimp impacted by the Contractor	BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would disturb portions of recovery plans.
		designee will submit a memorandum to the USFWS to document compliance with this measure.								BIO#8	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently reduce the functionality of wildlife movement corridors and habitat linkages.
BIO- MM#55	Compensate for Impacts	The Authority will provide compensatory mitigation for the valley elderberry longhorn	Pre- construction,	Compliance Report	Transplant Pre- construction;	Authority	Authority	Transplant Pre-	Authority to compensatory	BIO#2	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb suitable habitat that has potential to support special-status invertebrate species.
	on Valley Elderberry Longhorn Beetle	beetle, including transplantation and replacement of elderberry shrubs and maintenance for replacement shrubs following the Conservation Guidelines for the Valley	Construction , Post- construction		Compensatory prior to Operation				based on number of host plants for the valley elderberry	BIO#6	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status invertebrate species.
		Elderberry Longhorn Beetle (USFWS 1999a). The performance criteria include a minimum survival rate of at least 60% of the elderberry							longhorn beetle impacted by the	BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would disturb portions of recovery plans.
		plants, and 60% of the associated native plants must be maintained throughout the monitoring period. If survival drops below 60%, failed plantings shall be replaced. The Authority will submit a memorandum to the USFWS to document compliance with this measure.							Regulatory agency permit requirements	BIO#8	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently reduce the functionality of wildlife movement corridors and habitat linkages.
BIO- MM#56	Compensate for Impacts	the loss of habitat for California tiger	construction,		Prior to Operation	Authority	Authority	Prior to Operation	compensatory	BIO#2	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb the suitable habitat that has potential to support special-status reptiles and amphibian species.
	on California Tiger Salamander	salamander, the Authority will determine the compensation through consultation with the USFWS. Compensatory mitigation could include one of the following:							based on amount suitable habitat for California tiger salamander	BIO#6	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status reptiles and amphibian species.
		Purchase of credits from an agency-approved mitigation bank.							impacted by the Contractor	BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would disturb portions of recovery plans.

Table 1Fresno to Bakersfield Mitigation Monitoring and Enforcement Plan

Mitigation Measure	Title	Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementati on Action	Reporting Schedule	Implement ation Party	Reporting Party	Implement ation Text	Implementation Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text
		Fee-title-acquisition of natural resource regulatory agency-approved property. Purchase or establishment of a conservation easement with an endowment for long-term management of the property-specific conservation values. In-lieu fee contribution determined through negotiation and consultation with USFWS. The Authority will submit a memorandum to the USFWS and CDFW to document compliance with this measure							Regulatory agency permit requirements	BIO#8	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently reduce the functionality of wildlife movement corridors and habitat linkages.
BIO- MM#57	Compensate for Impacts on Blunt-	mitigation to offset the permanent and	Pre- construction, Construction	Compliance Reports	Prior to Operation	Authority	Authority	Prior to Operation	Authority to compensatory based on amount	BIO#2	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb the suitable habitat that has potential to support special-status reptiles and amphibian species.
	Nosed Leopard Lizard,	nosed leopard lizard, Tipton kangaroo rat, and Nelson's antelope squirrel through consultation with the USFWS and/or CDFW. Compensatory	, Post- construction						suitable habitat for Blunt-nosed leopard lizard,	BIO#6	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status reptiles and amphibian species.
	Tipton Kangaroo Rat, and	mitigation could include one of the following: • Purchase of credits from an agency-approved mitigation bank.							Tipton kangaroo rat and Nelson's Antelope Squirrel	BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would disturb portions of recovery plans.
	Nelson's Antelope Squirrel	 Fee-title-acquisition of natural resource regulatory agency-approved property. Purchase or establishment of a conservation easement with an endowment for long-term management of the property-specific conservation values. In-lieu fee contribution determined through negotiation and consultation with USFWS. The Authority will submit a memorandum to the USFWS and or CDFW to document compliance with this measure. 							ntelope Squirrel npacted by the ontractor egulatory agency ermit equirements	BIO#8	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently reduce the functionality of wildlife movement corridors and habitat linkages.
BIO- MM#58	Compensate for Loss of	Swainson's hawk nesting trees or mortality to	Pre- construction,	Compliance Reports	Prior to Operation	Authority	Authority	Prior to Operation	Authority to compensatory	BIO#2	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb suitable habitat that has potential to support nesting special-status bird species (including raptors).
	Swainson's Hawk Nesting Trees	offspring, the Authority will provide project specific compensatory mitigation that replaces nesting trees and provides natural lands for foraging. Compensatory mitigation for	Construction , Post- construction						based on amount of habitat for Swainson's hawks impacted by the	BIO#6	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status bird species (including raptors).
		Swainson's hawk will be based on the number of trees with "active" nests that are removed by construction activities, or where							Contractor Regulatory agency permit	BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would disturb portions of recovery plans.
		construction activities create a significant habitat modification that leads to a reduction in reproductive success, or nest abandonment. If project construction occurs within 0.5 mile of a documented or observed active nest, the Authority will acquire and preserve 150 acres of natural habitat, per active nest tree removed by construction activities, or where construction activities create a significant habitat modification that leads to reduce reproductive success or nest abandonment. At a minimum, the habitat preserved will contain trees suitable to support nesting and natural foraging habitat for Swainson's hawk. The Authority will submit a memorandum to the CDFW to document compliance with this measure.							requirements	BIO#8	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently reduce the functionality of wildlife movement corridors and habitat linkages.

Table 1Fresno to Bakersfield Mitigation Monitoring and Enforcement Plan

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Mitigation Measure	Title	Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementati on Action	Reporting Schedule	Implement ation Party		Implement ation Text	Implementation Mechanism	Impact :	# Impact Text
BIO- MM#59	Compensate for Loss of Burrowing	To compensate for permanent impacts on nesting, occupied, and satellite burrows and/or burrowing owl habitat, the Authority will	Pre- construction, Construction	Compliance Reports	Prior to Operation	Authority	Authority	Prior to Operation	compensate based on number of	BIO#2	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb suitable habitat that has potential to support nesting special-status bird species (including raptors).
	Owl Active Burrows and Habitat	provide compensatory mitigation based on CDFW's (CDFG 2012) Staff Report on Burrowing Owl Mitigation. The Authority will submit a memorandum to the CDFW to	, Post- construction						burrowing owl burrows impacted by the Contractor Regulatory agency	BIO#6	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status bird species (including raptors).
		document compliance with this measure.							permit requirements	BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would disturb portions of recovery plans.
										BIO#8	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently reduce the functionality of wildlife movement corridors and habitat linkages.
BIO- MM#60	for		Post- construction	Compliance Memo	Prior to Operation	Authority	Authority	Prior to Operation	compensate based	BIO#2	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status mammal species.
	of San Joaquin Kit	suitable, approved habitat (USFWS and CDFW). Habitat will be replaced at a minimum ratio of 1:1 for natural lands and a ratio of							fox impacted by	BIO#3	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb areas located in USFWS recovery plans.
	Fox Habitat	0.1:1 for suitable urban or agricultural lands to provide additional protection and habitat in a location that is consistent with the recovery of the species. The Authority will mitigate the							the Contractor Regulatory agency permit requirements	BIO#6	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status mammal species.
		impacts on San Joaquin kit fox in accordance with the USFWS Biological Opinion (USFWS 2013) and/or CDFW 2081(b). The Authority will submit a memorandum to the USFWS and CDFW to document compliance with this measure.						BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would disturb portions of recovery plans.		
	Components									BIO#8	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently reduce the functionality of wildlife movement corridors and habitat linkages.
BIO- MM#61	for	measure. e The Authority will compensate for permanent impacts on riparian habitats (i.e., valley foothill of the compensate for permanent impacts on riparian habitats (i.e., valley foothill of the compensate for permanent impacts on riparian habitats (i.e., valley foothill of the compensate for permanent impacts on riparian habitats (i.e., valley foothill of the compensate for permanent impacts on riparian habitats (i.e., valley foothill of the compensate for permanent impacts on riparian habitats).	Post- construction	Compliance Memo	Prior to Operation	Authority	Authority	Prior to Operation	compensate based	BIO#3	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb special-status plant communities, and riparian areas.
	Permanent Riparian Impacts	the appropriate agencies (e.g., CDFW), by restoring nearby areas to suitable habitat							on area of permanent riparian habitat impacted	BIO#3	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would have direct and indirect impacts on jurisdictional waters.
		and/or by purchasing credits in a mitigation bank. The Comprehensive Mitigation and Monitoring Plan will provide the planning							by the Contractor Regulatory agency permit	BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact special-status plant communities, and riparian areas.
		details. Compensation will be based on the following ratio (acres of mitigation to acres of							i.	BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently affect jurisdictional waters.
		impact), pending agency confirmation: • Valley Foothill Riparian: 2:1.The Authority will submit a memorandum to the SWRCB to document compliance with this measure.								BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would disturb portions of recovery plans.
BIO- MM#62	Implement a	As part of the USFWS, USACE, SWRCB, and CDFW permit applications and before the start		Authority responsible for	Pre-	Authority	Authority	Prepare CMMP Pre-	acquire regulatory	BIO#3	Construction of the Preferred Alternative alternatives would disturb special- status plant communities, and riparian areas.
	Comprehensi	of ground-disturbing activities, the Authority will prepare a CMMP to mitigate for temporary and permanent impacts on biological resources	, Post-	the preparation of and implementation	Implement			construction; Implement CMMP	agency permits Authority to compensate based	BIO#3	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would have direct and indirect impacts on jurisdictional waters.
	and Monitoring	(i.e., special-status wildlife, jurisdictional waters, and riparian areas). In the CMMP, performance standards, including percent		of the CMMP, monitoring,	Construction and Post-Construction			During Construction and Post-		BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact special-status plant communities and riparian areas.
	Plan	cover of native species, survivability, tree height requirements, wildlife utilization, the		Implement CMMP, and	Sonoti dellori				jurisdictional waters impacted	BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently affect jurisdictional waters.
		acreage basis, restoration ratios, and the combination of onsite and/or offsite mitigation will be detailed; preference will be given to conducting the mitigation within the same HUC-8 or HUC-6 watershed where the impact occurs. The Project Biologist will work with the		prepare Monitoring Reports and Compliance Memos					by the Contractor	BIO#7	Project impact from the Proffered Alternative would disturb portions of recovery plans.

Table 1Fresno to Bakersfield Mitigation Monitoring and Enforcement Plan

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Mitigation Measure	Title	Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementati on Action	Reporting Schedule	Implement ation Party	Reporting I Party	mplement ation Text	Implementation Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text
		USACE, SWRCB, and CDFW to develop									
		appropriate avoidance, minimization,									
		mitigation, and monitoring measures to be incorporated into the CMMP. The CMMP will									
		outline the intent to mitigate for the lost									
		conditions, functions, and values of impacts on									
		jurisdictional waters and state streambeds									
		consistent with resource agency requirements									
		and conditions presented in Sections 404 and									
		401 of the CWA and Section 1600 of the CFGC. The CMMP will incorporate the following									
		standard requirements consistent with USACE,									
		SWRCB, and CDFW guidelines:									
		 Description of the project impact/site. 									
		 Goal(s) (i.e., functions and values or 									
		conditions) of the compensatory mitigation									
		project. • Description of the proposed compensatory									
		mitigation site.									
		Implementation plan for the proposed									
		compensatory mitigation site.									
		Maintenance activities during the monitoring									
		period.									
		Monitoring plan for the compensatory									
		mitigation site. • Completion of compensatory mitigation.									
		Financial assurances.									
		Contingency measures.									
		Also, the following will be included at a									
		minimum for the implementation plan:									
		Site analysis for appropriate soils and									
		hydrology. • Site preparation specifications based on site									
		analysis, including but not limited to grading									
		and weeding.									
		Soil and plant material salvage from impact									
		areas, as appropriate to the timing of impact									
		and restoration as well as the location of									
		restoration sites. • Specifications for plant and seed material									
		appropriate to the locality of the mitigation									
		site.									
		Specifications for site maintenance to									
		establish the habitats, including but not limited									
		to weeding and temporary irrigation. Habitat preservation, enhancement, and/or									
		establishment or restoration activities will be									
		conducted on some of the compensatory (i.e.,									
		selected permittee-responsible) mitigation sites									
		to achieve the mitigation goals. A detailed									
		design of the mitigation habitats will be created									
		in coordination with the permitting agencies and be described in the CMMP. It is recognized									
		that several CMMPs will be developed									
		consistent with the selected mitigation sites									
		and the resources mitigated at each. The									
		primary engineering and construction									
		Contractor will ensure, through coordination									
		with the Project Biologist, that construction is									
		implemented in a manner that minimizes								I	

Table 1Fresno to Bakersfield Mitigation Monitoring and Enforcement Plan

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Mitigation Measure	Title	Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementati on Action	Reporting Schedule	Implement ation Party	Reporting Party	Implement ation Text	Implementation Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text
		disturbance of such areas. Temporary fencing									
		will be used during construction to avoid									
		sensitive biological resources that are located									
		adjacent to construction areas and can be avoided. Performance standards are targets for									
		determining the effectiveness of the mitigation									
		and assessing the need for adaptive									
		management (e.g., mitigation design or									
		maintenance revisions). The performance									
		standards are developed so that progress									
		towards meeting final success criteria can be									
		assessed on an annual basis; the standard for									
		each year is progressively closer to the final									
		criteria (e.g. vegetation cover standards may									
		increase annually until reaching the success									
		criteria objective in the final year of									
		monitoring). Success criteria are formal criteria that must be met after a specific timeframe to									
		meet regulatory requirements of the permitting									
		agencies. Where applicable, replacement									
		planting/seeding will be implemented if									
		monitoring demonstrates that performance									
		standards or success criteria are not met									
		during a particular monitoring interval. The									
		performance standards will be used to									
		determine whether the habitat improvement is									
		trending toward sustainability (i.e., reduced									
		human intervention) and to assess the need for									
		adaptive management. These standards must									
		be met for the habitat improvement to be									
		declared successful, both during a particular monitoring year and at the end of the									
		establishment period. These performance									
		standards will be developed in consultation									
		with the permitting agencies and described in									
		the CMMP. The final success criteria will be									
		developed in coordination with the regulatory									
		agencies and presented in the CMMP.									
		Examples of success criteria, which could be									
		included in the CMMP, and would be assessed									
		at the end of the monitoring period (assumed									
		to be 5 years or as directed by agencies),									
		INClude:									
		• Percent survival of planted trees (65–85%, depending on species and habitat).									
		Percent absolute cover of highly invasive									
		species, as defined by the California Invasive									
		Plant Council (<5%).									
		 Percent total absolute cover of plant species 									
		(50-80%, depending on habitat type).									
		Designed wetlands will meet U.S. Army Corps									
		of Engineers criteria for hydrophytic									
		vegetation, hydric soils, and hydrology as									
		defined in the "Corps of Engineers wetland									
		delineation manual" (Environmental Laboratory									
		1987).									
		Designed vernal pools and seasonal wetlands will most injuried and seasonal drying.									
		will meet inundation and seasonal drying requirements as specified in the design and									
		indicated by agencies.									
		manated by agenties.		l	l					1	I .

Table 1Fresno to Bakersfield Mitigation Monitoring and Enforcement Plan

Mitigation Measure	Title	Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementati on Action	Reporting Schedule	Implement ation Party		Implement ation Text	Implementation Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text
		• Species composition and community diversity, relative to reference sites, and/or as described in the guidelines issued by permitting agencies (e.g., USFWS conservation guidelines for valley elderberry longhorn beetle). Performance standards and success criteria will be provided for each of the years of monitoring and will be specific to habitat types at each permittee-responsible mitigation site. The monitoring schedule will be detailed in the site-specific CMMPs. To be deemed successful, the site will be required to meet the performance standards established for the year in which monitoring is being conducted (e.g., monitoring conducted at intervals with increasing performance requirements). However, if performance standards are not met in specific years, remedial measures, such as regrading, adjustment to modify the hydrological regime, and/or replacement planting or seeding, must be implemented and that year's monitoring must be repeated the following year until the performance standards are met. The success criteria specified must be reached without human intervention (e.g., irrigation, replacement plantings) aside from maintenance practices described in the site-specific CMMPs for maintenance during the establishment period. The Project Biologist will oversee the implementation of all CMMP elements and monitor consistent with the prescribed maintenance and performance monitoring requirements. The Authority, or its designee, will prepare annual monitoring reports for 5 years (or less if success criteria are met as described earlier) and/or other documentation prescribed in the resource agency permits. The Authority will submit a memorandum to the regulatory agencies to document compliance with this measure.									
BIO- MM#63	for Permanent	compensation determined in consultation with	Pre- construction, Construction	Compliance Report	Prior to Operation	Authority	Authority		Regulatory Agency Permits Authority	BIO#2	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb suitable habitat that has potential to support special-status invertebrate species. Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb special-status plant
			, Post- construction							BIO#3	communities, and riparian areas. Construction of the Preferred Alternative would have direct and indirect
		MM#62). Regulatory compliance for jurisdictional waters includes relevant terms and conditions from the USACE 404 Permit, SWRCB 401 Permit, and CDFW 1600	construction						permanent and temporary impacts on jurisdictional waters impacted	BIO#6	 impacts on jurisdictional waters Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status invertebrate species.
		Streambed Alteration Agreement. Compensation shall include aquatic resources restoration, establishment, enhancement, or							•	BIO#6	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status reptiles and amphibian species.
		preservation through one or more of the following methods:								BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact special-status plant communities, and riparian areas.
		Purchase of credits from an agency-approved mitigation bank. The state of a state								BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently affect jurisdictional waters
		 Fee-title-acquisition of natural resource regulatory agency-approved property. Permittee-responsible mitigation through the 								BIO#7	Project impacts for the Preferred Alternative would permanently disturb portions of recovery plans.

Table 1Fresno to Bakersfield Mitigation Monitoring and Enforcement Plan

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Mitigation Measure		Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementati on Action	Reporting Schedule	Implement ation Party	Reporting Party	Implement ation Text	Implementation Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text
		establishment, re-establishment, restoration, enhancement, or preservation of aquatic resources and the establishment of a conservation easement or other permanent site protection method, along with financial assurance for long-term management of the property-specific conservation values. • In lieu fee contribution determined through negotiation and consultation with the various natural resource regulatory agencies. The following ratios are proposed as a minimum for compensation for permanent impacts; final ratios will be determined in consultation with the appropriate agencies: • Vernal pools: 2:1. • Seasonal wetlands: between 1.1:1 and 1.5:1 based on impact type and function and values lost 1:1 onfsite for permanent impacts 1:1 onsite and 0.1:1 to 0.5:1 offsite for temporary impacts. The Authority will mitigate impacts on jurisdictional waters by replacing, creating, restoring, enhancing or preserving aquatic resource at the ratios presented above or other ratios, as determined in consultation with the appropriate agencies, which compensates for functions and values lost. The Authority will consider modifying the vernal pool mitigation ratios in the final permits based on site-specific conditions and the specific life history requirements of vernal pool branchiopods, California tiger salamander, and western spadefoot toad. Where an HST alternative affects an existing conservation area (e.g., Allensworth ER), the Authority will modify the mitigation ratio to meet the vernal pool mitigation requirement. Either the affected portion of the conservation area will be relocated or compensation will be provided to the holder of Allensworth ER in accordance with the Uniform Relocation and Real Property Policy Act of 1970, as amended. Through the CMMP reporting program and the applicable terms and conditions from the USACE 404 Permit, SWRCB 401 Permit, and the CDFW 1600 Streambed Alteration Agreement, the Authority, or its designee, will document compliance and submit it to the regulatory agencies.									
BIO- MM#64	for Impacts	The Authority will compensate for impacts, including removal or trimming of naturally	Pre- construction, Construction , Post- construction		Prior to Operation	Authority	Authority	Transplantin g/Replaceme nt/Compensa tion per Local Regulations	Local Regulation Requirement	BIO#3 BIO#7 BIO#7	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb protected trees Project impacts for the Preferred Alternative would permanently disturb portions of recovery plans. Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanent affect protected trees.

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Mitigation Measure	Title	Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementat on Action	i Reporting Schedule	Implement ation Party		Implement ation Text	Implementation Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text
		and laws in that jurisdiction such that the resulting impact on protected trees is less than significant and may include, but is not limited to, the following, depending on the local jurisdiction: • Transplant directly affected protected trees that are judged by an arborist to be in good condition to a suitable site outside the zone of impact. • Replace directly affected protected trees at an onsite or offsite location, based on the number of protected trees removed, at a ratio not to exceed 3:1 for native trees or 1:1 for landscape or ornamental trees. • Contribute to a tree-planting fund The Authority will submit a memorandum to the local regulatory body to document compliance with this measure.									
BIO- MM#65	Offsite Habitat Restoration,	Before site preparation at a mitigation site, the Authority will consider the offsite habitat restoration, enhancement, and preservation	Pre to Construction	Compliance Report	Prior to Operation or as established by	Authority	Authority	Prior to Operation or		BIO#2	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb suitable habitat that has potential to support special-status invertebrate species.
	Enhance- ment, and	program and identify short-term temporary and/or long-term permanent effects on the	Construction, Post-		regulatory compliance			established by regulatory	mitigation for	BIO#2	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb suitable habitat that has potential to support special status reptiles and amphibians
	Preservation	natural landscape. A determination will be made on any effects from the physical alteration of the site to onsite biological	construction		permits			permits	biological resources impacted by the Contractor	BIO#2	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb suitable habitat that has potential to support special status bird species
		resources, including plant communities, land cover types, and the distribution of special-							Offsite habitat restoration,	BIO#2	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb suitable habitat that has potential to support special status mammal species
		status plant and wildlife. Appropriate seasonal restrictions (e.g., breeding season) on activities that result in physical alteration of the site may							enhancement, and preservation program will be	BIO#3	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb special-status plant communities, and riparian areas
		be applicable if suitable habitats for special- status species and sensitive habitats exist onsite. Activities resulting in the physical							designed, implementation and monitored	BIO#3	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would have direct and indirect impacts on jurisdictional waters
		alteration of the site include							consistent with the	BIO#3	Construction of the Preferred Alternative would disturb protected trees
		grading/modifications to onsite topography, stockpiling, storage of equipment, installation of temporary irrigation, removal of invasive species, and alterations to drainage features.							terms and conditions of regulatory permit requirements they	BIO#6	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status invertebrate species.
		In general, the long-term improvements to habitat functions and values will offset temporary effects during restoration, enhancement, and preservation activities. The							apply to their jurisdiction and resources onsite	BIO#6	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status reptile and amphibian species.
		offsite habitat restoration, enhancement, and preservation program will be designed, implemented, and monitored in ways that are								BIO#6	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status bird species (including raptors).
		consistent with the terms and conditions of the USACE Section 404 Permit, CDFW 1600 Streambed Alteration Agreement, and CESA and federal ESA as they apply to their								BIO#6	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact suitable habitat that has the potential to support special-status mammal species.
		jurisdiction and resources onsite. Potential effects on site-specific hydrology and the downstream resources will be evaluated as a								BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently impact special-status plants communities, and riparian areas.
		result of implementation of the restoration-related activity. Site-specific BMPs and a Storm								BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently affect jurisdictional waters.
		Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) will be implemented as appropriate. The Authority will report on compliance with the permitting								BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would disturb portions of recovery plans.

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Mitigation Measure	Title	Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementati on Action	Reporting Schedule	Implement ation Party		Implement ation Text	Implementation Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text
		requirements. The Authority, or its designee, will be responsible for the monitoring and tracking of the program, will prepare a memorandum of compliance, and will submit it to the appropriate regulatory agency.								BIO#7	Project impacts from the Preferred Alternative would permanently affect protected trees.
Hydrology	and Water	Resources									
By complyin Water resou		n standards regarding stormwater run-off and floo	od protection, t	there will be no s	significant impac	ts on Hydrology	y and Water	Resources. Ple	ase refer to Table 2	for a description of measures that	at will be implemented to avoid or minimize adverse impacts to Hydrology and
Geology, S	oils, and Se	ismicity									
With implem	nentation of s	standard engineering design measures and BMPs,	impacts for ele	evated structure	s, retained cuts,	retained fills, a	nd at-grade	segments of e	ach alternative woul	ld be less than significant.	
Hazardous	Materials	,									
	Limit Use of Extremely Hazardous Materials near Schools during Construction	The Contractor shall not handle or store an extremely hazardous substance (as defined in California Public Resources Code Section 21151.4) or a mixture containing extremely hazardous substances in a quantity equal to or greater than the state threshold quantity specified pursuant to subdivision (j) of Section 25532 of the Health and Safety Code within 0.25 mile of a school. Prior to construction activities, signage will be installed to delimit all work areas within 0.25 mile of a school, informing the Contractor not to bring extremely hazardous substances into the area. The Contractor would be required to monitor all use of extremely hazardous substances. The above construction mitigation measure for hazardous materials and wastes is consistent with California Public Resources Code Section 21151.4, and would be effective in reducing the impact to a less-than-significant level.		Reporting and Monitoring	Weekly	Contractor Hazardous Materials Monitor	Contractor	Construction/ Weekly Reporting	Reporting Contract Requirements /Specifications	HMW#4	Temporary Hazardous Material and Waste Activities in the Proximity of Schools Twenty-nine schools are within 0.25 mile of the construction footprint of the Preferred Alternative.
Safety and	Security		•		•						
#1:	Incidents at	stations and provide a fair share of cost of	Construction /Post- construction/ Operation	Share	Annually	Authority		service levels during	Authority to fund through fair share of services agreement.	S&S #10:	Need for Expansion of Existing Fire, Rescue, and Emergency Services Facilities.

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Measure	Title	Mitigation Text	Phase	on Action	Schedule	ation Party	Party	ation Text	Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text
		factor for the first 5 years of operation. This cost-sharing agreement will include provisions									
		for ongoing monitoring and future negotiated									
		amendments as the stations are expanded or									
		passenger use increases. Such amendments									
		will be made on a regular basis for the first 5									
		years of station operation, as will be provided									
		in the agreement. To make sure that services									
		are made available, impact fees will not									
		constitute the sole funding mechanism,									
		although impact fees may be used to fund									
		capital improvements or fixtures (i.e., police									
		substation, additional fire vehicle, on-site									
		defibrillators, etc.) necessary to service									
		delivery. After the first 5 years of operation,									
		the Authority will enter into a new or revised									
		agreement with the public service providers of									
		fire, police, and emergency services to fund									
		the Authority's fair share of services. The fair									
		share will take into account the volume of									
		ridership, past record and trends in service									
		demand at the stations and HMF site, new local									
		revenues derived from station area									
		development, and any services that the Authority may be providing at the station.									
		Authority may be providing at the station.									
Socioecon	omics		1			1	T	1			
SO-MM#1:		The Authority will minimize impacts associated		Reporting	Monthly	Authority	Authority	Monthly	The Authority will SO #		Division of existing community Ponderosa Road/Edna Way east of Hanford,
		with the Preferred Alternative in the rural	construction/						meet with affected		the Newark Avenue vicinity northeast of Corcoran, and Crome. Impacts
	reduce								residents and		associated with the Preferred Alternative would relocate and displace
	impacts	Way east of Hanford, the Newark Avenue	/ Post-						property owners		residents of small, rural residential communities.
	associated	vicinity northeast of Corcoran, and Crome as	construction						and design	47	Effects to the regional agricultural community and displacement of homes
	with the	well as in urban residential areas in Fresno,							арргорнате		in the unincorporated areas of the region of the four affected counties.
	division of	Wasco, Shafter and Bakersfield by conducting							measures to		in the drinked porated areas of the region of the four affected counties.
	residential	special outreach to affected homeowners and							minimize impacts		
		residents to fully understand their special relocation needs. The Authority will make every									
	ds	effort to locate suitable replacement properties									
		that are comparable to those currently									
		occupied by these residents, including									
		constructing suitable replacement facilities if									
		necessary.									
		In cases where residents wish to remain in the									
		immediate vicinity, the Authority will take									
		measures to purchase vacant land or buildings									
		in the area, and consult with local authorities									
		over matters such as zoning, permits, and									
		moving of homes and replacement of services									
		and utilities, as appropriate. Before land									
		acquisition, the Authority will conduct									
		community workshops to obtain input from									
		those homeowners whose property would not									
		be acquired, but whose community would be									
		substantially altered by construction of HST									
		facilities, including the loss of many neighbors,									
		to identify measures that could be taken to									
		mitigate impacts on those who remain (including placement of sound walls and									
		landscaping, and potential uses for remnant									
	1	panascaping, and potential uses for remitable		<u> </u>	<u> </u>						1

Table 1Fresno to Bakersfield Mitigation Monitoring and Enforcement Plan

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Mitigation Measure	Title	Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementati on Action	Reporting Schedule	Implement ation Party	Reporting Party	Implement ation Text	Implementation Mechanism		Impact #	Impact Text
		parcels that could benefit the community in the long term).										
	measures to reduce impacts	with the Preferred Alternative in the existing mixed-use communities in the Bakersfield Northwest, Central, and Northeast districts	construction/ Construction /Post-	Reporting/Moni toring	Monthly	Authority	Authority		meet with affected residents and property owners	SO #6		Division of existing community Ponderosa Road/Edna Way east of Hanford, the Newark Avenue vicinity northeast of Corcoran, and Crome. Impacts associated with the Preferred Alternative would relocate and displace residents of small, rural residential communities.
	associated with the division of	Northwest, Central, and Northeast districts through a program of additional outreach to homeowners, residents, business owners, and community organizations in affected neighborhoods. As a part of this program, before land acquisition, the Authority will consult with officials and representatives of community facilities affected by significant noise impacts (e.g., churches, schools, and the veterinary hospital if the southern alignment is selected) to identify suitable noise abatement measures or to help affected businesses and organizations find more-suitable locations in the community. Similarly, the Authority will make every effort to locate suitable replacement housing for displaced residents. In cases where affected residents or community facilities wish to remain in their neighborhoods, the purchase and development of infill lots or other real estate, the relocation of existing buildings to vacant lots, and consultation with city staff regarding zoning and permit issues, may be required. The Authority will also conduct community workshops about the future use of the area beneath the rail guideway. These meetings will provide residents the opportunity to identify design and use options that could strengthen community cohesion and be compatible with the character of the impacted community. A minimum of three facilitated workshops will be held, one in each of the distinct neighborhoods, Bakersfield Northwest, Central, and Northeast districts. To maximize attendance and generate awareness of the workshops, the Authority will work with either community organizations, or community leaders within the neighborhoods. A location and time will be selected to increase attendance and be based on the needs of the community. Information will be presented at the workshops that give the community options for the future use of the area beneath the rail guideway, as well as an opportunity for individuals to provide	/Post-construction/ Operations						and design			residents of small, rural residential communities. Effects to the regional agricultural community and displacement of homes in the unincorporated areas of the region of the four affected counties.
		feedback. For example, if safety considerations prohibit such uses as bike paths or community gardens, alternatives, such as sculpture										
		gardens or managed landscaping, could be										

Table 1Fresno to Bakersfield Mitigation Monitoring and Enforcement Plan

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Mitigation Measure	Title	Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementati on Action	Reporting Schedule	Implement ation Party	Reporting Party	Implement ation Text	Implementation Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text
		considered. The comments and feedback will be considered in planning for the future use of the sites. Upon gathering feedback from the community, the Authority will report the findings, either through a fourth public workshop or in written report that would be made available to the public. The Authority will be responsible for implementing the results of the community workshops through project design and through the long-term management of the area beneath the elevated rail guideway. This will involve documenting the desired design concepts, incorporating them into the final design, and facilitating ongoing maintenance. The Authority will identify potential uses that may be developed in the project right-of-way. These uses will be compatible with the character of the adjacent community and sensitive to project needs (as outlined in Section 3.11, Safety and Security). The costs associated with the development of these associated uses and how these costs will be paid will be determined during consultations with the affected city, county, or parks district. Furthermore, the parties or entities (i.e., the Authority, local government, park or recreation district, or nonprofit organization) responsible for some ongoing maintenance of these community areas will be determined.									
	Implement measures to reduce impacts associated with the relocation of important facilities	the disruption to key community facilities: Bakersfield High School, Mercado Latino Tianguis, Fresno Rescue Mission, Mercy Hospital medical complex facilities, Bakersfield	Pre-construction/ Construction	Reporting/Moni toring	Monthly	Authority	Authority		The Authority will meet with affected residents and property owners and design appropriate measures to minimize impacts The Authority will hold workshops and create reports based on workshop and design findings	SO #6	Displacement of the Mercado Latino Tianguis. Displacement of the Fresno Rescue Mission, Bakersfield Homeless Shelter and associated facilities and programs. Displacement of the Mercy Medical Plaza building associated with the Mercy Hospital medical complex. Displacement of religious facilities. Displacement of government facilities—Bakersfield public works corporation yard and a Kern Mental Health office—as well as parking associated with the Bakersfield Convention Center.

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Mitigation Measure	Title	Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementati on Action	Reporting Schedule	Implement ation Party		Implement ation Text	Implementation Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text		
		community currently served to continue to access these services. Because many of these community facilities are located in Hispanic communities, the Authority will continue to implement a comprehensive Spanish-language outreach program for these communities as land acquisition begins. This program will facilitate the identification of approaches that would maintain continuity of operation and allow space and access for the types of services currently provided and planned for these facilities. Also, to avoid disruption to these community amenities, the Authority will ensure that all reconfiguring of land uses or buildings, or relocating of community facilities is completed before the demolition of any existing structures Because the unique services provided by the rendering facility and the CDFA sampling station in Kings County are critical to agricultural operations in the region, relocation of these facilities will occur before the existing facilities are closed or steps will be taken to ensure that sufficient capacity is available at other facilities so there is no interruption to the services provided. To ensure the fair and equitable treatment of the affected residents of the CityPlace affordable apartment complex with special relocation needs (including handicapped), the Authority will consult with the City of Bakersfield to identify suitable housing replacement options and relocation alternatives for all affected households.											
	to affected farmlands.	In cases where partial-property acquisitions result in division of agricultural parcels, the Authority will sevaluate with property owner input the effectiveness of providing overcrossings or undercrossings of the HST track to allow continued use of agricultural lands and facilities. This would include the design of overcrossings or undercrossings to allow farm equipment passage. (Refer to Section 3.14, Agricultural Lands, for additional information.) This mitigation measure will be effective because it will maintain access to farmlands for farmers whose property is bisected.		Reporting/Moni toring	Monthly	Authority	Authority		The Authority will meet with affected residents and property owners and design appropriate measures to minimize impacts The Authority will hold workshops and create reports based on workshop and design findings		Effects to the regional agricultural community and displacement of homes in the unincorporated areas of the region of the four affected counties.		
SO-MM#5	minimize the potential for physical	the design of project features consistent with	construction/ Construction	Reporting/Moni toring	Monthly	Authority	Authority		The Authority will meet with affected residents and property owners and design appropriate measures to minimize impacts	SO #7	Division of existing community Ponderosa Road/Edna Way east of Hanford, the Newark Avenue vicinity northeast of Corcoran, and Crome. Impacts associated with the Preferred Alternative would relocate and displace residents of small, rural residential communities. Effects to the regional agricultural community and displacement of homes in the unincorporated areas of the region of the four affected counties.		

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Mitigation Measure	Title	Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementati on Action	Reporting Schedule	Implement ation Party	Reporting Party	Implement ation Text	Implementation Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text
		mean structural aesthetics must respond to local settings with concern for the human scale, building scale, and the vantage points from which the structures will be viewed. Included in the Authority's design principles is the requirement that the structures enhance local environments and community context. Landscaping will be used to visually integrate project structures into the local context with plantings that recreate the natural setting into which they are placed. The aesthetic design of project structures, in combination with landscape and urban design that serve the local community can create a positive contribution to the surrounding visual context and minimize the potential for physical deterioration.							The Authority will hold workshops and create reports based on workshop and design findings		
SO-MM#6	Continue outreach to disproportion ately and negatively impacted environment al justice populations.	EJ outreach activities in adversely affected neighborhoods to obtain resident feedback on potential impacts and suggestions for mitigation	Pre- construction/ Construction / Operations		Monthly	Authority	Authority	Monthly reporting	The Authority will meet with affected residents and property owners and design appropriate measures to minimize impacts The Authority will hold workshops and create reports based on workshop and design findings	Applies to all environmental justice	impacts.
Station Pla	nning, Land	Use, and Development						•			
Mitigation m	neasures for st	ation planning, land use and development were in	ncorporated i	n other sections.	See Air Quality	and Aesthetics	, Noise and \	/ibration, and	Agriculture.		
Agricultura	al Land										
AG-MM #1:	Preserve the Total Amount of Prime	The Authority will enter into an agreement with the DOC California Farmland Conservancy Program to preserve farmland. The Authority will fund the California Farmland Conservancy	Pre- construction	Reporting	Monthly	Authority & California Farmland Conservancy	Authority	Prior to construction/ Monthly reporting	The Authority will enter into an agreement with the DOC California		Permanent Conversion of Agricultural Land to Nonagricultural Use. The Preferred Alternative would affect 3,474 acres of Important Farmland. The Preferred Alternative would cause a substantial change in intensity of
	Farmland, Farmland of Statewide Importance,	Program's work to identify suitable agricultural land for mitigation of impacts and to fund the purchase of agricultural conservation easements from willing sellers. The performance standards for this measure are to				Sonson variety		roporting	Farmland Conservancy Program to implement the preservation of	LU Impact #3:	land use incompatible with adjacent land uses. The Kings/Tulare Regional Station–East is likely to result in some unplanned changes in the use of existing adjacent land, regardless of the amount of parking provided at the station.
	Local	preserve Important Farmland in an amount commensurate with the quantity and quality of the converted farmlands, within the same agricultural regions as the impacts occur, at a replacement ratio of not less than 1:1 for lands that are permanently converted to nonagricultural use by the project. In addition, the Authority will provide an additional increment of Important Farmland mitigation acreage, above the 1:1 ratio minimum, at a level consistent with the terms of a settlement agreement the Authority reached with agricultural interests in County of Madera, et							farmland. The Authority and California Farmland Conservancy Program will develop selection criteria under this agreement to guide the pursuit and purchase of conservation easements.	-	Indirect changes to adjacent lands at the Kings/Tulare Regional Station–East site would substantially change the pattern and intensity of land use ir a way that would be incompatible with adjacent land uses.

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Mitigation Measure		Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementati on Action	Reporting Schedule	Implement ation Party		Implement ation Text	Implementation Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text
		al. v. California High-Speed Rail Authority. This approach will provide a consistent approach to calculating the total amount of acres of agricultural conservation easements across the Central Valley. The California Farmland Conservancy Program will work with local, regional, or statewide entities whose purpose includes the acquisition and stewardship of agricultural conservation easements. The Authority and California Farmland Conservancy Program will develop selection criteria under this agreement to guide the pursuit and purchase of conservation easements. These will include, but are not limited to, provisions to ensure that the easements will conform to the requirements of Public Resources Code Section 10252 and to prioritize the acquisition of willing seller easements on lands that are adjacent to other protected agricultural lands or that would support the establishment of greenbelts and urban separators.									
Danka and	Recreation	urban separators.									
PP-MM#1	Temporary Restricted Access to Park Facilities During Construction	Prior to temporary restricted access to the multi-use trail and Hoey trail, the contractor will ensure that connections to the unaffected trail portions and nearby roadways are maintained. The contractor will provide alternative pedestrian and bicycle access via a temporary detour of the multi-use trail using existing roadways or other public rights of way. The contractor will provide detour signage and lighting and will ensure that the alternative routes meet all public safety requirements.	Pre- construction/ Construction	Reporting/Com pensation	Weekly		Authority/C ontractor	construction/ Construction. Authority to coordinate with local jurisdictions	The Authority and Contractor will work with respective jurisdictions (City of Bakersfield) to develop a staging plan and detour plan for alternative access plan to impacted Trails.		Kern River Parkway. Construction activities for the Preferred Alternative would create use restriction of the multi-use trail and Hoey trail within the construction footprint.
		nearby roadways are maintained. If a proposed linear park closure restricts connectivity, the	construction/ Construction		Monthly	Authority	Authority	monthly reporting	The Authority and Contractor will work with respective jurisdictions (City of Bakersfield) to develop a staging plan and detour plan for alternative access plan to impacted park facilities.		Mill Creek Linear Park. Construction activities for the Preferred Alternative would create use restrictions of some areas of park facilities.
PP-MM#3	Collect Additional Maintenance Funds	The Authority will consult with the City of Bakersfield and Amtrak to identify its share of funding to provide additional maintenance, labor, and repairs for the existing Bakersfield Amtrak playground to remedy any potential degradation of existing facilities that may result from increased facility use. Prior to the opening of passenger service, the Authority will enter into an agreement with the city and Amtrak that establishes the funding share and describes the	Pre- construction/ Construction /Post- construction/ Operations	Compensation	Monthly	Authority	Authority		coordinate with the City of Bakersfield to identify	PK#4	Bakersfield Amtrak Station Playground. The Bakersfield Station would create an increase in use that would result in physical deterioration.

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	Implementati Reporting Implement Reporting Implement Implementation											
Mitigation Measure	Title	Mitigation Text	Phase	on Action		ation Party		Implement ation Text	Implementation Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text	
		relative roles of the Authority, the City of Bakersfield, and Amtrak in providing continuous maintenance of the existing playground.										
Aesthetics	and Visual R	Resources										
MM#1a	Minimize Visual	The project will adhere to local jurisdiction construction requirements (if applicable)	Pre- construction/	Reporting	Weekly	Contractor	Contractor	Construction/ Weekly	Requirements/	AVR#2	Construction Impacts of Existing Visual Quality. Construction activities would cause visual impacts.	
	Disruption from Construction	regarding construction-related visual/aesthetic disruption. In order to minimize visual disruption, construction will employ the	Construction / Post-					Reporting	Specifications	LU Impact #1	Disruption of access to some properties would temporarily inconvenience nearby residents on some lands along 31 miles of the Preferred Alternative.	
	Activities	following activities: • Minimize Pre-construction clearing to that necessary for construction.	construction							PK#1	Construction activities would cause visual impacts to park, recreation, and open space resources.	
		 Limit the removal of buildings to those that would obstruct project components. When possible, preserve existing vegetation, particularly vegetation along the edge of construction areas that may help screen views. After construction, Regrade areas disturbed by construction, staging, and storage to original contours and revegetate with plant material similar in replacement numbers and types to that which was removed based upon local jurisdictional requirements. If there are no local jurisdictional requirements, replace removed vegetation at a 1:1 replacement ratio for shrubs and small trees, and 2:1 replacement ratio for mature trees. For example, if 10 mature trees in an area are removed, replant 20 younger trees that after 5 to 15 years (depending upon the growth rates of the trees) would provide coverage similar to the coverage provided by the trees that were removed for construction. To the extent feasible, do not locate construction staging sites within the immediate foreground distance (0 to 500 feet) of existing residential, recreational, or other highsensitivity receptors. Where such siting is unavoidable, staging sites will be screened from sensitive receptors using appropriate solid screening materials such as temporary fencing and walls. Any graffiti or visual defacement of temporary fencing and walls will be painted over or removed within 5 business days. 								PK#1	Construction activities would cause visual impacts to school district facilities.	
AVR- MM#1b	Light	Where construction lighting will be required during nighttime construction, the Contractor	Pre- construction/	Reporting	Weekly	Contractor	Contractor		Requirements/	AVR#3	Nighttime Lighting during construction. Intrusive nighttime lighting could result in adverse impacts in both rural and urban areas.	
	during	will be required to shield such lighting and direct it downward in such a manner that the light source is not visible offsite, and so that	Construction					reporting	Specifications	LU Impact #1	Disruption of access to some properties would temporarily inconvenience nearby residents on some lands along 31 miles of the Preferred Alternative.	
		the light does not fall outside the boundaries of the project site to avoid light spill offsite.	:							PK#1	Construction activities would cause visual impacts to park, recreation, and open space resources.	
										PK#1	Construction activities would cause visual impacts to school district facilities.	

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Mitigation Measure	Title	Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementati on Action	Reporting Schedule	Implement ation Party		Implement ation Text	Implementation Mechanism		Impact #	Impact Text
AVR- MM#2a	Station	During final design of the elevated guideways and the Fresno, Kings/Tulare Regional, and Bakersfield stations, the contractor partnering with the Authority will coordinate with local jurisdictions on the design of these facilities so	Pre- construction/ Design	Reporting	Final design	and Authority	and Authority	and Construction/ Monthly	Established local consultation process with communities along the alignment	AVR#4		Lower visual quality in the Rural Valley/Agricultural Landscape Unit. Impacts on the existing visual character and quality of the site and its surroundings, as seen by nearby rural residents due to at-grade and elevated structures, HSTs, road overcrossings, or other prominent project features.
	Elements That Can Adapt to Local Context	that they are designed appropriately to fit in with the visual context of the areas near them. This will include the following activities: • For stations: During the station design process, establish a local consultation process								AVR#4		Lower visual quality in Wasco, and Shafter Landscape Units. Impacts on the existing visual character and quality of the site and its surroundings due to at-grade and elevated structures, HSTs, road overcrossings, or other prominent project features.
		with the Cities of Fresno and Bakersfield, and the cities and communities surrounding the Kings/Tulare Regional Station, as necessary, to identify and integrate local design features into the station design through a collaborative,								AVR#4		Lower visual quality in the Rosedale, Kern River, Central Bakersfield, and/or East Bakersfield Landscape Units. Impacts on the existing visual character and quality of the site and its surroundings in Bakersfield due to elevated guideways and sound barriers.
		context-sensitive solutions approach. The process will include activities to solicit community input in their respective station areas. This effort will be coordinated with the								AVR#4		Sound Barriers would lower visual quality or block views. The Preferred Alternative would require the use of sound barriers along portions of the guideway in urbanized areas, potentially lowering visual quality and/or blocking existing views, depending on the barrier location and materials.
		station area planning process that will be undertaken by those cities under their station area planning grants. • For elevated guideways in cities or								PK#4		Kern River Parkway. HST operation for the Preferred Alternative would substantially degrade the existing visual character of the site and its surroundings.
		unincorporated communities: During the elevated guideway design process, establish a process with the city or county with jurisdiction over the land along the elevated guideway to								PK#4		Mill Creek Linear Park. HST operation of the Preferred Alternative would substantially degrade the existing visual character of the site and its surroundings.
		advance the final design through a collaborative, context-sensitive solutions approach. Participants in the consultation process will meet on a regular basis to develop a consensus on the urban design elements that are to be incorporated into the final guideway designs. The process will include activities to solicit community input in the affected neighborhoods. Actions taken to help achieve integration with the local design context during the context-sensitive solutions process will include the following: • Design HST stations and associated								PK#4		Bakersfield Amtrak Station Playground. HST operation of the Preferred Alternative would substantially degrade the existing visual character of the site and its surroundings.
		structures such as elevators, escalators, and walkways to be attractive architectural elements or features that add visual interest to the streetscapes near them. • Design HST station parking structures and adjacent areas to integrate visually into the areas where they would be located. Where the city has adopted applicable downtown design										
		guidelines, the parking structures and adjacent areas will be designed to be compatible with the policies and principles of those guidelines. • For the elevated guideways and columns, incorporate architectural elements, such as graceful curved or tapered sculptural forms and decorative surfaces, to provide visual interest. Include decorative texture treatments.										
		interest. Include decorative texture treatments on large-scale concrete surfaces such as parapets and other portions of elevated										

Table 1Fresno to Bakersfield Mitigation Monitoring and Enforcement Plan

										1	
Mitigation Measure	Title	Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementati on Action	Reporting Schedule	Implement ation Party		Implement ation Text	Implementation Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text
		guideways. Include a variety of texture, shadow lines, and other surface articulation to add visual and thematic interest. Closely coordinate the design of guideway columns and parapets with station and platform architecture to promote unity and coherence where guideways lie adjacent to stations. • Integrate trees and landscaping into the station streetscape and plaza plans where possible to soften and buffer the appearance of guideways, columns, and elevated stations. This will be consistent with the principles of crime prevention through environmental design. • For the stations, structures, and related open spaces: incorporate design features that provide interest and reflect the local design context. These features could include landscaping, lighting, and public art. The designs in cities and unincorporated communities will reflect the results of the context-sensitive solutions design process, buring the context-sensitive solutions design process, the HST project's obligations and constraints related to planning, mitigation, engineering, performance, funding, and operational requirements will be taken into consideration.									
		counties to develop a project site and landscape design plan for the areas disturbed	Pre- construction/ Design	Reporting	Monthly		and	reporting	Requirements/ Specifications Authority will meet	AVR#4	Lower visual quality in the Rural Valley/Agricultural Landscape Unit. Impacts on the existing visual character and quality of the project area, as seen by nearby rural residents due to at-grade and elevated structures, HSTs, road overcrossings, or other prominent project features.
	Cities, Parks, Trail, and Urban Core Designs	by the project. As a result of following these plans, the design features identified in AVR-MM#2a and the park mitigation measure PK-MM#3 will be implemented.							with local jurisdictions during development of final design	AVR#4	Lower visual quality in Wasco, and Shafter Landscape Units. Impacts on the existing visual character and quality of the site and its surroundings due to at-grade and elevated structures, HSTs, road overcrossings, or other prominent project features.
										AVR#4	Lower visual quality in the Rosedale, Kern River, Central Bakersfield, and/or East Bakersfield Landscape Units. Impacts on the existing visual character and quality of the site and its surroundings in Bakersfield due to elevated guideways and sound barriers.
										AVR#4	Sound Barriers would lower visual quality or block views. The Preferred Alternative would require the use of sound barriers along portions of the guideway in urbanized areas, potentially lowering visual quality and/or blocking existing views, depending on the barrier location and materials.
										PK#4	Kern River Parkway. HST operation for the Preferred Alternative would substantially degrade the existing visual character of the site and its surroundings.
										PK#4	Mill Creek Linear Park. HST operation of the Preferred Alternative would substantially degrade the existing visual character of the site and its surroundings.
										PK#4	Bakersfield Amtrak Station Playground. HST operation of the Preferred Alternative would substantially degrade the existing visual character of the site and its surroundings.

Table 1Fresno to Bakersfield Mitigation Monitoring and Enforcement Plan

Mitigation	1			Implementat	i Reporting	Implement	Reporting	Implement	Implementation	1	
Measure		Mitigation Text	Phase	on Action	Schedule	ation Party	Party	ation Text	Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text
AVR- MM#2c	Grade and Elevated Guideways Adjacent to	Consistent with the design features developed under AVR-MM#2a, the contractor will plant trees along the edges of the rights-of-way in locations adjacent to residential areas. This will help reduce the visual contrast between the	Construction /Post- construction	Reporting	Monthly	Contractor and Authority	Contractor	Construction/ monthly reporting	Contract Requirements/ Specifications and Landscaping and maintenance will	AVR#4	Lower visual quality in the Rural Valley/Agricultural Landscape Unit. Impacts on the existing visual character and quality of the site and its surroundings, as seen by nearby rural residents due to at-grade and elevated structures, HSTs, road overcrossings, or other prominent project features.
	Areas	elevated guideway and the residential area. The species of trees to be installed will be selected on the basis of their mature size and shape, growth rate, hardiness, and drought tolerance. No species that is listed on the							be provided by the Contractor for its scope of work until substantial completion of the	AVR#4:	Lower visual quality in Wasco, and Shafter Park Landscape Units. Impacts on the existing visual character and quality of the site and its surroundings due to at-grade and elevated structures, HSTs, road overcrossings, or other prominent project features.
		Invasive Species Council of California's list of invasive species will be planted. The crowns of trees used should ultimately be tall enough so that upon maturity they will partially, or fully, block or screen views of the elevated guideway							work at which time the Authority shall assume responsibility for landscaping or	AVR#4	AVR#4: Lower visual quality in the Rosedale, Kern River, Central Bakersfield, and/or East Bakersfield Landscape Units. Impacts on the existing visual character and quality of the site and its surroundings in Bakersfield due to elevated guideways and sound barriers.
		from adjacent at-grade areas. Trees should allow ground-level views under the crowns (with pruning if necessary) while not interfering with the 15-foot clearance requirement for the guideway. The trees will be continuously maintained and appropriate irrigation systems will be installed within the tree planting areas.							iunuscuping or	AVR#4:	Sound Barriers would lower visual quality or block views. The Preferred Alternative would require the use of sound barriers along portions of the guideway in urbanized areas, potentially lowering visual quality and/or blocking existing views, depending on the barrier location and materials.
										PK#4	Kern River Parkway. HST operation for the Preferred Alternative would substantially degrade the existing visual character of the site and its surroundings.
										PK#4	Mill Creek Linear Park. HST operation of the Preferred Alternative would substantially degrade the existing visual character of the site and its surroundings.
										PK#4	Bakersfield Amtrak Station Playground. HST operation of the Preferred Alternative would substantially degrade the existing visual character of the site and its surroundings.
AVR- MM#2d	Unused w Portions of the Lands not Acquired for in	After construction is complete, the Authority will plant vegetation within lands acquired for the project (e.g., shifting roadways) that are not used for the HST or related supporting infrastructure. Plantings will allow adequate	Post- construction/ Operations	Reporting	Monthly	Authority	Authority	Post - Construction/ monthly reporting	Authority to implement appropriate landscape and maintenance plan	AVR#4	Lower visual quality in the Rural Valley/Agricultural Landscape Unit. Impacts on the existing visual character and quality of the site and its surroundings, as seen by nearby rural residents due to at-grade and elevated structures, HSTs, road overcrossings, or other prominent project features.
		space between the vegetation and the HST alignment and catenary lines. All street trees and other visually important vegetation removed in these areas during construction will								AVR#4	Lower visual quality in Corcoran, Wasco, and Shafter Landscape Units. Impacts on the existing visual character and quality of the site and its surroundings due to at-grade and elevated structures, HSTs, road overcrossings, or other prominent project features.
		be replaced with similar vegetation that, upon maturity, will be similar in size and character to the removed vegetation. The Authority will ensure that vegetation will be continuously maintained and appropriate irrigation systems								AVR#4	Lower visual quality in the Rosedale, Kern River, Central Bakersfield, and/or East Bakersfield Landscape Units. Impacts on the existing visual character and quality of the site and its surroundings in Bakersfield due to elevated guideways and sound barriers.
		will be installed within the planting areas. No species that is listed on the Invasive Species Council of California's list of invasive species will be planted.								AVR#4:	Sound Barriers would lower visual quality or block views. The Preferred Alternative would require the use of sound barriers along portions of the guideway in urbanized areas, potentially lowering visual quality and/or blocking existing views, depending on the barrier location and materials.
										PK#4	Kern River Parkway. HST operation of the Preferred Alternative would substantially degrade the existing visual character of the site and its surroundings.
										PK#4	Mill Creek Linear Park. HST operation of the Preferred Alternative would substantially degrade the existing visual character of the site and its surroundings.
										PK#4	Bakersfield Amtrak Station Playground. HST operation of the Preferred Alternative would substantially degrade the existing visual character of the site and its surroundings.

Table 1Fresno to Bakersfield Mitigation Monitoring and Enforcement Plan

Mitigation				Implementati	Reporting				Implementation		
Measure		Mitigation Text	Phase	on Action	Schedule	ation Party		ation Text		Impact #	Impact Text
AVR- MM#2e	Provide Offsite Landscape Screening Where	Where onsite landscape screening measures as described under AVR-MM#2d cannot provide effective screening to significantly affected high-sensitivity receptors such as nearby rural residential areas, provide offsite screening, as	Post- construction/ Operation	Reporting	Monthly		Contractor/ Environme ntal Compliance Manager/M	Construction/ monthly reporting	Contract Requirements/ Specifications and Landscaping and maintenance will	AVR#4	Lower visual quality in the Rural Valley/Agricultural Landscape Unit. Impacts on the existing visual character and quality of the site and its surroundings, as seen by nearby rural residents due to at-grade and elevated structures, HSTs, road overcrossings, or other prominent project features.
		appropriate, if desired by affected residential owners.					itigation Manager/ Authority		be provided by the Contractor for its scope of work until substantial		Lower visual quality in Wasco, and Shafter Landscape Units. Impacts on the existing visual character and quality of the site and its surroundings due to at-grade and elevated structures, HSTs, road overcrossings, or other prominent project features.
									work at which time the Authority shall assume	AVR#4	Lower visual quality in the Rosedale, Kern River, Central Bakersfield, and/or East Bakersfield Landscape Units. Impacts on the existing visual character and quality of the site and its surroundings in Bakersfield due to elevated guideways and sound barriers.
									landscaping or assign the responsibility to	AVR#4	Sound Barriers would lower visual quality or block views. The Preferred Alternative would require the use of sound barriers along portions of the guideway in urbanized areas, potentially lowering visual quality and/or blocking existing views, depending on the barrier location and materials.
		ndscape Upon the completion of construction, the Post-Repo						other third parties.	PK#4	Kern River Parkway. HST operation of the Preferred Alternative would substantially degrade the existing visual character of the site and its surroundings.	
	R- Landscape U									PK#4	Mill Creek Linear Park. HST operation of the Preferred Alternative would substantially degrade the existing visual character of the site and its surroundings.
										PK#4	Bakersfield Amtrak Station Playground. HST operation of the Preferred Alternative would substantially degrade the existing visual character of the site and its surroundings.
AVR- MM#2f		Upon the completion of construction, the contractor will plant the surface of the ground supporting the overpasses (slope-fill overpasses) and retained fill elements with vegetation consistent with the surrounding	Post- construction/ Operation	Reporting	Monthly	Authority Authority Monthly Reporting	Reporting		AVR#4	Lower visual quality in the Rural Valley/Agricultural Landscape Unit. Impacts on the existing visual character and quality of the site and its surroundings, as seen by nearby rural residents due to at-grade and elevated structures, HSTs, road overcrossings, or other prominent project features.	
	s and Retained Fill	landscape in terms of vegetative type, color, texture, and form. During final design, the Authority will consult with the affected cities and counties regarding the landscaping							substantial completion of the work at which time the Authority shall	AVR#4	Lower visual quality in Wasco, and Shafter Landscape Units. Impacts on the existing visual character and quality of the site and its surroundings due to at-grade and elevated structures, HSTs, road overcrossings, or other prominent project features.
		program for planting the slopes of the overcrossings and retained fill. Plant species will be selected on the basis of their mature size and shape, growth rate, and drought							_	AVR#4	Lower visual quality in the Rosedale, Kern River, Central Bakersfield, and/or East Bakersfield Landscape Units. Impacts on the existing visual character and quality of the site and its surroundings in Bakersfield due to elevated guideways and sound barriers.
		tolerance. No species that is listed on the Invasive Species Council of California's list of invasive species will be planted. The landscaping will be continuously maintained							responsibility to other third parties.	AVR#4	Sound Barriers would lower visual quality or block views. The Preferred Alternative would require the use of sound barriers along portions of the guideway in urbanized areas, potentially lowering visual quality and/or blocking existing views, depending on the barrier location and materials.
		and appropriate irrigation systems will be installed if needed. Where wall structures supporting the overpasses or retained fill are								PK#4	Kern River Parkway. HST operation of the Preferred Alternative would substantially degrade the existing visual character of the site and its surroundings.
		proposed, the structure will employ architectural details and low-maintenance trees and other vegetation to screen the structure,	rees e, on							PK#4	Mill Creek Linear Park. HST operation of the Preferred Alternative would substantially degrade the existing visual character of the site and its surroundings.
		minimize graffiti, and reduce the effects of large walls. Surface coatings will be applied on wood and concrete to facilitate cleaning and the removal of graffiti. Any graffiti or visual defacement or damage of fencing and walls								PK#4	Bakesfield Amtrak Station Playground. HST operation of the Preferred Alternative would substantially degrade the existing visual character of the site and its surroundings.
	V	will be painted over or repaired within a reasonable time after notification.									

Table 1Fresno to Bakersfield Mitigation Monitoring and Enforcement Plan

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Mitigation Measure	Title	Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementati on Action	Reporting Schedule	Implement ation Party		ation Text	Implementation Mechanism		Impact #	Impact Text
AVR- MM#2g	Provide Sound Barrier Treatments	The contractor will design a range of sound barrier treatments for visually sensitive areas, such as those where residential views of open landscaped areas would change or in urban areas where sound barriers would adversely	Pre- construction/ Construction		Monthly	Contractor	Contractor	monthly	Contract Requirements/ Specifications	AVR#4		Lower visual quality in the Rural Valley/Agricultural Landscape Unit. Impacts on the existing visual character and quality of the site and its surroundings, as seen by nearby rural residents due to at-grade and elevated structures, HSTs, road overcrossings, or other prominent project features.
		affect the existing character and setting (see the description of sound barriers in Table 3.16- 2). The Authority will develop the treatments during final design and integrate them into the final project design. The treatments will								AVR#4		Lower visual quality in Wasco, and Shafter Landscape Units. Impacts on the existing visual character and quality of the site and its surroundings due to at-grade and elevated structures, HSTs, road overcrossings, or other prominent project features.
		include, but are not limited to, the following: • Sound barriers along elevated guideways								AVR#4		Sound Barriers Would Lower Visual Quality or Block Views
		may incorporate transparent materials where sensitive views would be adversely affected by solid sound barriers. • Sound barriers will use non-reflective materials and will be of a neutral color. • Surface design enhancements and vegetation appropriate to the visual context of the area will be installed with the sound barriers. Vegetation will be installed consistent with the provisions of AVR-MM#2f. Surface enhancements will be consistent with the design features developed under AVR-MM#2a, and will include architectural elements (i.e., stamped pattern, surface articulation, and decorative texture treatment as determined acceptable to the local jurisdiction. Surface coatings will be used on wood and concrete sound barriers to facilitate cleaning and the removal of graffiti.								AVR#4		Lower visual quality in the Rosedale, Kern River, Central Bakersfield, and/or East Bakersfield Landscape Units. Impacts on the existing visual character and quality of the site and its surroundings in Bakersfield due to elevated guideways and sound barriers.
AVR- MM#2h	coatings will be used on wood and cor sound barriers to facilitate cleaning an removal of graffiti. Screen Traction Power Distribution Stations and Upon completion of station or HMF construction, the contractor will screen traction power substations (located at approximately 30-mile intervals along the HST alternatives), including radio	construction, the contractor will screen the traction power substations (located at approximately 30-mile intervals along any of the HST alternatives), including radio towers	Post- construction/ Operation	Reporting	Annually	Contractor	Contractor	Operations	Landscaping and maintenance will be provided by the Contractor for its scope of work until	AVR#4		Lower visual quality in the Rural Valley/Agricultural Landscape Unit. Impacts on the existing visual character and quality of the site and its surroundings, as seen by nearby rural residents due to at-grade and elevated structures, HSTs, road overcrossings, or other prominent project features.
	Radio Communicati on Towers	where required, and HMF from public view through the use of landscaping or solid walls/fences. This will consist of context-appropriate landscaping of a type and scale that does not draw attention to the station.							substantial completion of the work at which time the Authority shall assume	AVR#4		Lower visual quality in Wasco, and Shafter Landscape Units. Impacts on the existing visual character and quality of the site and its surroundings due to at-grade and elevated structures, HSTs, road overcrossings, or other prominent project features.
		Plant species will be selected on the basis of their mature size and shape, growth rate, hardiness, and drought tolerance. No species that is listed on the Invasive Species Council of California's list of invasive species will be planted. The landscaping will be continuously maintained and appropriate irrigation systems will be installed within the landscaped areas. Walls will be constructed of cinder-block or similar material and will be painted a neutral color to blend in with the surrounding context. If a chain-link or cyclone fence is used, it will include slats in the fencing. Any graffiti or visual defacement or damage of fencing and walls will be painted over or repaired within a reasonable period as agreed between the Authority and local jurisdiction. Figure 3.16-66 shows a power substation in an urban							responsibility for landscaping or assign the responsibility to other third parties.	AVR#4		Traction Power Stations would alter visual character or block views. The Preferred Alternative would require the placement of Traction Power Distribution Stations of varying sizes at approximately 5-mile intervals along the alignment, which would potentially alter the visual character of adjacent lands and/or block views toward areas beyond the alignment.

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Mitigation Measure	Title	Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementat on Action	i Reporting Schedule	Implement ation Party	Reporting Party	Implement ation Text	Implementation Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text
		environment that is partially screened by landscaping and fencing. None of the mitigation measure options are expected to result in secondary effects. The mitigation measures are typical of visual treatments applied on linear transportation facilities; they have been defined to be specific in range and implementable according to context, and designed in coordination with local jurisdictions.									
Cultural Re	esources										
	Inventory fo Archaeological Resources and Comply with the Stipulations Regarding the Treatment of Archaeological	The contractor will complete an inventory and evaluation report for archaeological		Reporting	Weekly	Contractor	Contractor	Pre-construction/weekly reporting or as dictated by the Archaeologic al Treatment Plan (ATP)	PA/ MOA	CUL #1	Potential Adverse Effects on Archaeological Resources due to Construction Activities Construction of the HST would result in possible substantial effects on unknown archaeological deposits or paleontological resources from ground-disturbing construction operations associated with the project, or in areas where PTE has not been granted.

Table 1Fresno to Bakersfield Mitigation Monitoring and Enforcement Plan

Mitigation Measure	Title	Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementati on Action	Reporting Schedule	Implement ation Party	Implement ation Text	Implementation Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text
		• For archaeological resources the Authority shall also determine if the resource is a unique archaeological site. If the resource is not an historical resource but is an archaeological site the resource shall be treated as required in California Public Resources Code 21083.2.								
CUL-MM #2	Archaeologic al Training	within the APE, a qualified professional archaeologist who meets the SOI Standards for Archaeology will develop a training program and printed material to be presented to construction personnel. The purpose of this training and accompanying materials will be to familiarize construction personnel with the relevant legal (Section 106/NEPA/CEQA) context for cultural resources of the project and with the types of cultural sites, features, and artifacts that could be uncovered during construction activities. These training sessions will be conducted before commencing construction within the APE or and will be repeated as needed as construction crews and supervisors change.	construction	Reporting	Monthly		disturbing activities/mo nthly reporting	Worker Environmental Awareness Program training ATP MOA An Unanticipated Discoveries Plan is a part of the ATP and has been developed, in coordination with the consulting parties, to detail the specific procedures to be followed if archaeological materials are found during construction. Implement an ADRP if the circumstances warrant an ADRP. The Authority will provide the ADRP, as an element of the treatment plan prepared for the section, to the MOA signatories and MOA concurring parties for review and comment.	CUL #1	Potential Adverse Effects on Archaeological Resources due to Construction Activities Construction of the HST would result in possible substantial effects on unknown archaeological deposits or paleontological resources from ground-disturbing construction operations associated with the project, or in areas where PTE has not been granted.
CUL-MM #3	Archaeologic al Monitorino in Areas of Sensitivity, Halt Work in	Prior to ground-disturbing construction the Authority will include a cultural resources discovery plan in the contract conditions of the Contractor, identifying the following steps to be taken in the event of the inadvertent discovery of cultural resources. • An archaeological monitor will be present to observe construction at geographic locations that are sensitive for unidentified cultural resources. Such locations may consist of construction areas near identified cultural resources (within a 200-foot radius around the	Construction	Reporting	Daily Logs (during active monitoring)	Contractor/A C uthority	Daily logs (during active monitoring)	ATP/MOA	CUL #1	Potential Adverse Effects on Archaeological Resources due to Construction Activities Construction of the HST would result in possible substantial effects on unknown archaeological deposits or paleontological resources from ground-disturbing construction operations associated with the project, or in areas where PTE has not been granted.

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Mitigation Measure	Title	Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementati on Action	Reporting Schedule	Implement ation Party	Reporting Party	Implement ation Text	Implementation Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text
		known boundaries of identified resources) and where ground-disturbing construction will occur within 1,500 feet of major water features, or in other areas of identified sensitivity based on inventory work to be completed when permission to enter is granted. • In the event of an archaeological resource discovery, work will cease in the immediate vicinity of the find, based on the direction of the archaeological monitor or the apparent location of cultural resources if no monitor is present. A qualified archaeologist will assess the significance of the find and make recommendations for further evaluation and treatment as necessary. These steps shall include evaluation for the CRHR and NRHP and necessary treatment to resolve significant effects if the resource is an historical resource or historic property. If the resource is eligible for the CRHR an archaeological resource methods of preservation in place shall be considered in the order of priority provided in CEQA Guidelines § 15126.4(b)(3). If data recovery is the only feasible mitigation The Authority shall adopt a data recovery plan as required under CEQA Guidelines § 15126.4(b)(3)(C). The California State Lands Commission (CSLC) will be notified if the find is a cultural resource on or in the submerged lands of California and consequently under the jurisdiction of the CSLC. The Authority will comply with all applicable rules and regulations promulgated by CSLC with respect to cultural resources in submerged lands. The project proponent will also comply with the PA. Performance tracking of this mitigation measure is based upon successful implementation and approval of the documentation by the SHPO and appropriate consulting parties.									
CUL-MM #4	State and	Discoveries of human remains on private and state agency lands in California are governed by California Health and Safety Code Section 7050.5 and Public Resources Code Section 5097.98. Native American remains discovered on federal lands are governed by NAGPRA (25 US Code Section 3001. If human remains are discovered on state-owned or private lands the contractor shall contact the relevant County Coroner to allow the Coroner to determine if an investigation regarding the cause of death is required. If no investigation is required and the remains are of Native American origin the Authority shall contact the Native American Heritage Commission to identify an MLD. The MLD shall	Pre- construction/ Construction /Post- construction		No reporting necessary unless remains are identified	Professional Archaeologist	Professiona I Archaeologi	are identified during construction, Weekly	ATP/MOA	CUL #1	Potential Adverse Effects on Archaeological Resources due to Construction Activities Construction of the HST would result in possible substantial effects on unknown archaeological deposits or paleontological resources from ground-disturbing construction operations associated with the project, or in areas where PTE has not been granted.

Table 1Fresno to Bakersfield Mitigation Monitoring and Enforcement Plan

Mitigation		Addition to The Control of the Contr	DI-	Implementati					Implementation		I
Measure	Title	Mitigation Text	Phase	on Action	Schedule	ation Party	Party	ation Text	Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text
		be empowered to reinter the remains with appropriate dignity. If the MLD fails to make a									
		recommendation the remains shall be									
		reinterred in a location not subject to further									
		disturbance and the location shall be recorded									
		with the Native American Heritage Commission and relevant information center of the									
		California Historical Resources Information									
		System.									
		If human remains are part of an archaeological									
		site the Authority and contractor shall, in									
		consultation with the MLD and other									
		stakeholders, consider preservation in place as the first option, in the order of priority called									
		for in CEQA Guidelines Section 15126.4(b)(3).									
		In consultation with the relevant Native									
		American stakeholders the Authority may									
		conduct scientific analysis on the human remains if called for under a data recovery plan									
		and amenable to all stakeholders. California									
		and the Authority will work with the most likely									
		descendant, to satisfy the requirements of									
		California Public Resources Code Section									
		5097.98. Performance tracking of this mitigation measure will be based on successful									
		implementation and approval of the									
		documentation by the SHPO and appropriate									
		consulting parties.									
CUL-MM#5	Conduct Additional	When access is obtained, conduct surveys,	Pre- construction/		Weekly	Contractor	Contractor	Pre- construction	PA	Cul#1	Potential Adverse Effects on Archaeological Resources due to Construction Activities Construction of the HST would result in possible substantial
		testing, and evaluation pursuant to the ATP. Follow treatments and data recovery, as	Construction					surveys and			effects on unknown archaeological deposits or paleontological resources
	Data Data	required.	20.101. 401.011					Construction/			from ground-disturbing construction operations associated with the project,
	Recovery	·						weekly			or in areas where PTE has not been granted.
								reporting or			
								as dictated by the ATP			
								and the MOA			

Historic Ar	chitectural	Resources									
CUL-MM#6	Complete Inventories for Historic Architectura Resources	Because design of the project is currently only at 15%, it may be necessary to conduct additional inventories for historic architectural resources as the design is finalized. The Authority, under delegated responsibility under the PA and MOA, shall complete inventory and evaluate historic architectural properties for the NRHP. The Authority will also evaluate historic architectural resources to determine if they are historical resources (CRHR-eligible). For identified NRHP historic properties the Authority will assess the potential for adverse effects by applying the effects criteria in 36 C.F.R. Part 800.5(a)(1). For CRHR historic resources the Authority shall assess the potential for significant impacts by applying the criteria in CEQA Guidelines 15064.5(b).		Reporting	Weekly	Contractor	Contractor	construction surveys and	PA / Historic Structure Report (HSR) and the relocation plan	Cul#2	Potential Adverse Effects on Historic Architectural Resources due to Construction Activities Construction activities that may cause impacts on historic architectural resources can include excavation, staging, heavy-equipment usage and movement, drilling,
CUL-MM #7	Avoid and/o Monitor Adverse Construction Vibration Effects	The BETP will describe the methodology for the avoidance of adverse vibration effects and how such avoidance will be monitored and implemented during construction of the project. Implementation of avoidance measures will be monitored to ensure that damaging vibration levels are avoided during construction adjacent to the historic properties identified as requiring this treatment.		Reporting	Weekly	Contractor	Contractor	surveys and	PA / Historic Structure Report (HSR) and the relocation plan	Cul#2	Potential Adverse Effects on Historic Architectural Resources due to Construction Activities Construction activities that may cause impacts on historic architectural resources can include excavation, staging, heavy-equipment usage and movement, drilling, demolition, or the need for relocation, as well as increases in vibration levels or introduction of new visual elements.
CUL-MM #8	Implement Protection and/or Stabilization Measures	The BETP will identify historic properties/historical resources that may require treatment, protection and/or stabilization	Construction	Reporting	Weekly	Contractor	Contractor	Pre- construction surveys and Construction/ weekly	BETP PA Historic Structure Report (HSR) and the relocation plan	Cul#2	Potential Adverse Effects on Historic Architectural Resources due to Construction Activities Construction activities that may cause impacts on historic architectural resources can include excavation, staging, heavy-equipment usage and movement, drilling, demolition, or the need for relocation, as well as increases in vibration levels or introduction of new visual elements.
#10	Minimize Adverse Effects through Relocation o Historic Structures	A BETP will identify historic properties/historica resources that could be relocated to help avoid their destruction and minimize the direct adverse effect of their physical damage or alteration. The development of the plan for relocation and the implementation of relocation will take place before construction. The relocation of the historic properties/historical resources will take into account the historic site and layout (i.e., the orientation of the buildings to the cardinal directions) and their potential re-use. The properties subject to relocation will be documented in detailed recordation that includes photography. This documentation may consist of preparation of updated recordation forms (DPR 523), or may be consistent with	construction/ Construction /Post- Construction		Weekly (during physical relocation)	Contractor	Contractor	construction	HABS/HAER/HALS/	Cul#2	Potential Adverse Effects on Historic Architectural Resources due to Construction Activities Construction activities that may cause impacts on historic architectural resources can include excavation, staging, heavy-equipment usage and movement, drilling, demolition, or the need for relocation, as well as increases in vibration levels or introduction of new visual elements.

	the HABS, the Historic American Engineering Record (HAER), or the Historic American Landscape Survey (HALS) programs; or other recordation methods stipulated in the MOA and described in the BETP. The relocation plan will provide for stabilization of the structures before, during, and after the move, as well as inadvertent damage.	1								
CUL-MM #11	Minimize Adverse Operational Noise Effects A BETP will identify the historic properties/historical resources that will be subject to treatment to minimize the indirect adverse effects caused by the operational noise of the HST project. Properties subject to this mitigation will be treated in consultation with the landowner or land-owning agencies and the CEQA lead agency (i.e., the Authority). Preliminary project design options, such as noise walls, have been developed to help reduce noise impacts and follow FRA methodologies for noise abatement.	Pre- construction/ Construction e/Post- Construction	Reporting	Ongoing	Contractor	Contractor	construction and Construction	BETP PA Historic American Building Survey (HABS)/Historic American Engineering Record (HAER)/ Historic American Landscape Survey (HALS) programs, MOA	Cul#2	Potential Adverse Effects on Historic Architectural Resources due to Construction Activities Construction activities that may cause impacts on historic architectural resources can include excavation, staging, heavy-equipment usage and movement, drilling, demolition, or the need for relocation, as well as increases in vibration levels or introduction of new visual elements.
CUL-MM #12	Prepare and Submit Hadditional Recordation and Documentation on Beta Perpare and Documentation on Hadditional Recordation and Documentation on Hadditional Recordation and Documentation on Hadditional Recordation forms (DPR 523), or may be consistent with the HABS, the Historic American Engineering Record (HAER), or the Historic American Landscape Survey (HALS) programs; a Historic Structure Report; or other recordation methods stipulated in the MOA and described in the BETP. The recordation undertaken by this treatment would focus on the aspect of integrity that would be affected by the project for each historic property subject to this treatment. For example, historic properties in an urban setting that would experience an adverse visual effect would be photographed to capture exterior and contextual views; interior spaces would not be ashject to recordation if they would not be affected. Consultation with the SHPO and the consulting parties will be conducted for the historic architectural resources to be documented. Recordation documents will follow the appropriate guidance for the recordation format and program selected. Copies of the documentation will be provided to the consulting parties and offered to the appropriate local governments, historical societies and agencies, or other public repositories, such as libraries. The documentation will also be offered in printed and electronic form to any repository or organization to which the SHPO, the Authority, and the local agency with jurisdiction over the property, through consultation, may agree. The electronic copy of the documentation may also be placed on an agency or organization's website.	construction/ Construction	Reporting	Monthly	Contractor, Authority to coordinate with SHPO	Contractor	construction/ monthly reporting	BETP/ Photographs and nomination document, HABS/HAER/HALS/MOA	Cul#2	Potential Adverse Effects on Historic Architectural Resources due to Construction ActivitiesConstruction activities that may cause impacts on historic architectural resources can include excavation, staging, heavy-equipment usage and movement, drilling, demolition, or the need for relocation, as well as increases in vibration levels or introduction of new visual elements.

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CUL-MM #13	Prepare Interpretive or Educational Materials	Based on the finalization of design and the completed inventory, the BETP will identify historic properties and historical resources that will be subject to historic interpretation or preparation of educational materials. Interpretive and educational materials will provide information regarding specific historic properties or historical resources and will address the aspect of the significance of the properties that would be affected by the project. Interpretive or educational materials could include, but are not limited to: brochures, videos, websites, study guides, teaching guides, articles or reports for general publication, commemorative plaques, or exhibits. Historic properties and historical resources subject to demolition by the project will be the subject of informative permanent metal plaques that will be installed at the site of the demolished historic property or at nearby public locations. Each plaque will provide a brief history of the subject property, its engineering/architectural features and characteristics, and the reasons for and the date of its demolition. The interpretive or educational materials will utilize images, narrative history, drawings, or other material produced for the mitigation described above, including the additional recordation prepared, or other archival sources. The interpretive or educational materials should be advertised, and made available to, and/or disseminated to the public. The interpretive materials may be made available in physical or digital formats, at local libraries, historical societies, or public buildings.	Post-construction	Reporting	Annual	Authority	in consultatio	Post- construction/ annual reporting	BETP Photographic documentation Plan for repairs to historic properties	Cul#2	Potential Adverse Effects on Historic Architectural Resources due to Construction Activities Construction activities that may cause impacts on historic architectural resources can include excavation, staging, heavy-equipment usage and movement, drilling, demolition, or the need for relocation, as well as increases in vibration levels or introduction of new visual elements.
CUL-MM #14	Plan Repair of Inadvertent Damage	Based on the completed inventory, the BETP will provide a plan for the repair of inadvertent damage to historic properties or historical resources be developed before project construction. The plan will consist of a general protocol for inadvertent damage to historic architectural resources and a listing of specific properties that should be the subject of an individual plan because of their immediate proximity to the project. Inadvertent damage from the project to any of the historic properties or historical resources near construction activities will be repaired in accordance with the SOI's Standards for Rehabilitation. Inadvertent damage will consist of any damage that results in a significant impact to a historical within the meaning of CEQA Guidelines Section 15064.5(b)(2) or adverse effects to historic properties within the meaning of 36 C.F.R. Part 800.5(a)(1). The plan may utilize photographic documentation prepared for the other mitigation measures (such as the additional recordation) as the baseline condition for assessing damage. The plan will include the			Monthly	Authority	Authority, in consultation with the SHPO and appropriate consulting parties	Monthly reporting	BETP, Historic American Building Survey (HABS)/Historic American Engineering Record (HAER)/ Conformance with SOI's Standards of Rehabilitation, Plans for repairs to historic properties	Cul #2	Potential Adverse Effects on Historic Architectural Resources due to Construction Activities Construction activities that may cause impacts on historic architectural resources can include excavation, staging, heavy-equipment usage and movement, drilling, demolition, or the need for relocation, as well as increases in vibration levels or introduction of new visual elements.

		protocols for notification, coordination, and reporting to the SHPO and the landowner or land-owning agencies. Before it can be implemented, the repair plan will be submitted for review and comment to the SHPO to verify conformance with the SOI's Standards for Rehabilitation. This mitigation measure is consistent with best practices within the professional historic preservation community and is commensurate with treatment of historic properties in similar-scale transportation projects. This type of mitigation measure has proven to be effective in achieving the stewardship goals of Section 106 and CEQA review. Performance tracking of this treatment is described in the BETP.							
CUL-MM #15	Visual Screening	Based on the finalization of design and the completed inventory, the BETP will identify historic properties and historical resources that will be subject to visual screening planting. Visual screening will consist of plant material that will minimize the view of the project from the property subject to mitigation. This treatment will minimize adverse effects on historic properties/historical resources to the extent possible.Plant species will be selected on the basis of their mature size and shape, growth rate, and drought tolerance. No species that is listed on the Invasive Species Council of California's list of invasive species will be planted. The landscaping will be continuously maintained and appropriate irrigation systems will be installed if needed. Visual screen planting may be undertaken in the form of boundary planting on the affected property, planting at affected viewpoints, and/or planting on project property as appropriate. This treatment will be developed in consultation with the landowner or land-owning agencies, as required by the PA. The visual screen planting treatment will include preparation of a planting plan that utilizes evergreen tree or shrub species and will take into account both the growth rate and ultimate height and density for the selected species to ensure that the visual screen can be accomplished effectively.	Reporting	Annual	Authority	Authority	Post- construction/ annual reporting	BETPPhotographic documentationVisu al Screening Plan	Potential Adverse Effects on Historic Architectural Resources due to Construction ActivitiesConstruction activities that may cause impacts on historic architectural resources can include excavation, staging, heavy-equipment usage and movement, drilling, demolition, or the need for relocation, as well as increases in vibration levels or introduction of new visual elements.

Paleontol	ogical Resour	rces								
CUL-MM #16	Direct Monitoring during	paleontological resources monitoring should be conducted. Paleontological resources monitors (PRMs) will be selected by the PRS based on their qualifications, and the scope and nature of their monitoring will be determined and	construction/ Construction		Daily Logs (during active monitoring)	Contractor	Contractor	Identify PRS at least 120 days prior to construction The PRS will document any discoveries, as needed, evaluate the potential resource, and assess the significance of the find.	Cul#3	Potential Adverse Effects on Paleontological Resources due to Construction Activities Like archaeological resources, construction activities that may impact paleontological resources include ground-disturbing activities. Surficial activities such as staging and clearing usually do not affect paleontological resources because the associated disturbance does not extend deep enough to affect paleontologically sensitive deposits.
CUL-MM #17	Prepare and Implement a Paleonto- logical Resource Monitoring and Mitigation Plan	Paleontological monitoring and mitigation measures are restricted to those construction-related activities that will result in the disturbance of paleontologically sensitive sediments. The PRMMP will include a description of when and where construction monitoring will be required; emergency discovery procedures; sampling and data recovery procedures; procedures for the preparation, identification, analysis, and curation of fossil specimens and data recovered; and procedures for reporting the results of the monitoring and mitigation program. The monitoring program will be designed to accommodate site-specific construction of the selected option. The PRMMP will be consistent with Society of Vertebrate Paleontology (SVP 1995) guidelines for the mitigation of construction impacts on paleontological resources. The PRMMP will also be consistent with the SVP (1996) conditions for receivership of paleontological collections and any specific requirements of the designated repository for any fossils collected.	Construction	Reporting	Monthly	Contractor	Contractor	Construction/ Monthly Environmental Awareness Program training	Cul#3	Potential Adverse Effects on Paleontological Resources due to Construction Activities Like archaeological resources, construction activities that may impact paleontological resources include ground-disturbing activities. Surficial activities such as staging and clearing usually do not affect paleontological resources because the associated disturbance does not extend deep enough to affect paleontologically sensitive deposits.
CUL-MM #18	Halt Construction When Paleonto- logical Resources Are Found	If fossil or fossil-bearing deposits are discovered during construction, regardless of the individual making a paleontological discovery, construction activity in the immediate vicinity of the discovery will cease. This requirement will be spelled out in both the PRMMP and the WEAP. Construction activity may continue elsewhere provided that it continues to be monitored as appropriate. If the discovery is made by someone other than a PRM or the PRS, a PRM or the PRS will immediately be notified.	Construction	Reporting	Daily logs during active monitoring	Contractor	Contractor	Construction/ PRMMP, WEAP Weekly reporting (if resource is identified during construction)	Cul#3	Potential Adverse Effects on Paleontological Resources due to Construction Activities Like archaeological resources, construction activities that may impact paleontological resources include ground-disturbing activities. Surficial activities such as staging and clearing usually do not affect paleontological resources because the associated disturbance does not extend deep enough to affect paleontologically sensitive deposits.

Regional Growth

-	o significant impacts on Regional Growth have been identified.												
Cumulativ	Cumulative Impacts												
CUM-N&V- MM#1	construction	To minimize the potential overlapping noise- generating construction activities within the same area, the Authority would consult with local city and county planning departments and other agencies as determined necessary. Consultation would entail notifying the departments/agencies regarding the anticipated HST construction schedule and would allow for adjustment of construction schedules for adjacent projects or projects in close proximity to the HST alignment, to the extent feasible.	Construction /	consult with departments/a	Monthly	Contractor/A uthority	Contractor	Monthly, record keeping, and reporting	Meetings with departments/agenc ies	Cumulative noise and vibration impacts of the HST alternatives and other past, present, and reasonably foreseeable projects during construction			
CUM-SO- MM#1	agencies regarding construction	To minimize the potential cumulative effects of overlapping construction activities within the same area, the Authority would consult with the local city and county planning departments and other agencies as determined necessary, to notify the departments/agencies regarding the anticipated HST construction schedule and allow for adjustment of construction schedules for adjacent projects or projects in close proximity to the HST alignment, to the extent feasible, in order to limit the overlap of community disruption.		consult with departments/a	Monthly	Contractor/A uthority	Contractor	Monthly, record keeping, and reporting	Meetings with departments/agenc ies	Construction and operation of the HST project and other past, present, and reasonably foreseeable projects would result in division and/or disruption of communities in the cities of Fresno, Hanford, Corcoran, Wasco, Shafter, and Bakersfield, as well as unincorporated communities in Kings and Kern counties.			
CUM-SO- MM#2	Public outreach.	For areas with potentially overlapping construction schedules for the HST and other projects, the Authority would continue to undertake environmental justice outreach prior to construction, as described in Mitigation Measure SO-6: Continue outreach to disproportionately and negatively impacted environmental justice communities of concern. The Authority would obtain feedback from the affected neighborhoods regarding these project construction schedules to address community concerns.	Pre- Construction /Constructio n	Public outreach activities	Monthly	Contractor/A uthority	Contractor	Monthly, record keeping, and reporting	Meetings with departments/agenc ies	Construction and operation of the HST project and other past, present, and reasonably foreseeable projects would result in division and/or disruption of communities in the cities of Fresno, Hanford, Corcoran, Wasco, Shafter, and Bakersfield, as well as unincorporated communities in Kings and Kern counties.			
CUM-VQ- MM#1	agencies on HST project design.	Prior to construction, the Authority would consult with local city and county planning departments to provide information about the HST project design. This would allow for local plans and proposed development projects that could be adversely affected by the HST project to be modified and potential visual impacts to high-sensitivity viewers to be reduced, as determined feasible by project applicants/planning departments.		Notify and consult with departments/a gencies	Monthly	Contractor/A uthority	Contractor	Monthly, record keeping, and reporting	Meetings with departments/agenc ies	Cumulative visual effect of the HST in combination with other past, present, and reasonably foreseeable future projects			



Table 2 Fresno to Bakersfield Avoidance and Minimization Measures

Table 2Fresno to Bakersfield Avoidance and Minimization Measures

Avoidance and Mitigation Measure	Title	Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementation Action	Reporting Schedule	Implementation Party	Reporting Party	Implementation Text	Implementation Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text
Air Quality						-					
		Trucks will be covered to reduce significant fugitive dust								AQ #1	Common Regional Air Quality Impacts During Construction
AQ-AM #1	Truck Equipment	emissions while hauling soil and other similar material. • All trucks and equipment will be washed before exiting	Construction	Reporting	Daily	Contractor	Contractor	Daily Reporting	Condition of Design Build Contract	AQ #2	Compliance with Air Quality Plans
		the construction site.								AQ #7	Localized Air Quality Impacts to Schools during Construction
		Exposed surfaces and unpaved roads will be watered three times daily.								AQ #1	Common Regional Air Quality Impacts During Construction
AQ-AM #2	Fugitive Dust Emissions	 Vehicle travel speed on unpaved roads will be reduced to 15 miles per hour. Any dust-generating activities will be suspended when wind speed exceeds 25 mph. All disturbed areas, including storage piles that are not being actively used for construction purposes, will be effectively stabilized for dust emissions using water or a chemical stabilizer/suppressant, or covered with a tarp or other suitable cover or vegetative ground cover. In areas adjacent to organic farms, the Authority will use nonchemical means of dust suppression. All onsite unpaved roads and offsite unpaved access roads will be effectively stabilizer/suppressant. In areas adjacent to organic farms, the Authority will use nonchemical means of dust suppression. All land clearing, grubbing, scraping, excavation, land leveling, grading, cut and fill, and demolition activities will be effectively controlled for fugitive dust emissions by an application of water or by presoaking. With the demolition of buildings up to six stories in height, all exterior surfaces of the buildings will be wetted during demolition. All materials transported offsite will be covered or effectively wetted to limit visible dust emissions, and at least 6 inches of freeboard space from the top of the container will be maintained. All operations will limit or expeditiously remove the accumulation of mud or dirt from adjacent public streets at the end of each workday. The use of dry rotary brushes is expressly prohibited except where preceded or accompanied by sufficient wetting to limit the visible dust emissions. Use of blower devices is expressly forbidden. Following the addition of materials to, or the removal of materials from, the surface of outdoor storage piles, piles will be effectively stabilized for fugitive dust emissions using sufficient water or a chemical stabilizer/suppressant. In areas adjacent to organic farms, the Authority will use non-chemical means of dust suppression. For addi	Construction	Reporting	Weekly	Contractor	Contractor	Weekly Reporting	Condition of Design Build Contract	AQ #2	Compliance with Air Quality Plans Localized Air Quality Impacts to Schools during Construction

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		Within urban areas, trackout will be immediately removed when it extends 50, or more, feet from the site.								AQ #1	Common Regional Air Quality Impacts During Construction
AQ-AM #3	Trackouts	 and at the end of each workday. Any site with 150, or more, vehicle trips per day will take actions specified in SJVAPCD's Rule 8041 to prevent carryout and trackout. 	Construction	Contractor	Daily	Contractor	Contractor	Daily Reporting	Condition of Design Build Contract	AQ #2	Compliance with Air Quality Plans
AQ-AM #4	Material Selection	Low- or super-compliant VOC (Clean Air) paints, coatings, and industrial coatings that meet the regulatory limits in the SCAQMD Rule 1113 will be used.	Design/Construction	Contractor	Monthly	Contractor	Contractor	At incorporation or completion of design/ During construction report monthly	Condition of Design Build Contract	AQ #7	Localized Air Quality Impacts to Schools during Construction
Noise and Vib	ration										
NV-AM #1	General Construction Guidelines-Noise	FTA and FRA have guidelines for minimizing noise and vibration impacts at sensitive receptors that will be	Construction	Contractor	Monthly	Contractor	Contractor	At incorporation or completion of design/ During construction	Condition of Design Build Contract	N&V #1	Construction noise mitigation measures Construction vibration mitigation
	and Vibration	followed during construction.						report monthly		N&V #2	measures
EMI/EMF star	ndards									<u> </u>	
EMI/EMF -AM #1	EMCPP Design Features	The HST project would adhere to international guidelines and comply with applicable federal and state laws and regulations. Similarly, project design will follow the EMCPP to avoid EMI and to ensure HST operational safety. Some features of the EMCPP include: • During the planning stage through system design, the Authority will perform EMC/EMI safety analyses, which will include identification of existing nearby radio systems, design of systems to prevent EMI with identified neighboring uses, and incorporation of these design requirements into bid specifications used to procure radio systems. • Pipelines and other linear metallic objects that are not sufficiently grounded through the direct contact with earth would be separately grounded in coordination with the affected owner or utility to avoid possible shock hazards. For cases where metallic fences are purposely electrified to inhibit livestock or wildlife from traversing the barrier, specific insulation design measures would be implemented. • HST standard corrosion protection measures would be implemented to eliminate risk of substantial corrosion of nearby metal objects. • The Authority will work with the engineering departments of BNSF Railway, UPRR, and SJVR where these railways parallel the HST to apply the standard design practices to prevent interference with the electronic equipment operated by these railroads. Design provisions to prevent interference would be put in place and determined to be adequately effective prior to the activation of potentially interfering systems of the HST. Applicable design standards for EMI/EMF that would be used for the project are provided in Appendix 2-D, such as IEEE Standard C95.6-2002 – IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Electromagnetic Fields, 0-3 kHz		Reporting	Monthly	Contractor	Contractor/ Authority	At incorporation or completion of design/ During construction report monthly	Reporting Contractor	EMF/EMI Impact #5	Impacts to Sensitive Equipment from EMI
Public Utilities	Energy Design F		 						1		
PUB-AM #1	Minimization of Utility interruption	Project design and phasing of construction activities would be coordinated with service providers to minimize or avoid interruptions, including for upgrades of existing power lines to connect the HST System to existing PG&E substations. Where relocating an irrigation facility is necessary, the Authority shall ensure that where feasible the new facility is operational prior to disconnecting the original facility. Prior to construction in areas where utility	Design/Construction	Reporting	Monthly	Contractor	Contractor	At incorporation or completion of design/ During construction report monthly	Condition of Design Build Contract	PU&E#8	Potential Conflicts with Fixed Electrical Facilities

		service interruptions are unavoidable, the contractor would notify the public through a combination of communication media (e.g., by phone, email, mail, newspaper notices, or other means) within that jurisdiction and the affected service providers of the planned outage. The notification would specify the estimated duration of the planned outage and would be published no fewer than 7 days prior to the outage. Construction would be coordinated to avoid interruptions of utility service to hospitals and other critical users.									
Biological Res	ources	,						<u>, </u>			
BIO-AM #1	Environmental Design	In addition to the mitigation measures described below in Section 3.7.7, multiple project design features have been developed for the Fresno to Bakersfield Section to avoid and minimize potential impacts and effects on biological resources. At multiple locations, the route of the alternative alignments was altered to avoid impacts and effects to biological resources. During project design and construction, the Authority and FRA would implement measures to reduce impacts on air quality and hydrology based on applicable design standards. Implementation of these measures would also reduce impacts to biological resources. The design standards applicable to the project are listed in Appendix 2-D and the measures to be applied are summarized in Section 3.3, Air Quality and Global Climate Change and Section 3.8, Hydrology and Water Resources.	Design/Construction	Contractor	Monthly	Contractor	Contractor	At incorporation or completion of design/ During construction report monthly	Condition of Design Build Contract	N/A	N/A
BIO-AM #2	Wildlife Crossings	Wildlife crossing opportunities will be available through a variety of engineered structures, including dedicated wildlife crossing structures, elevated structures, bridges over riparian corridors, road overcrossings and undercrossings, and drainage facilities (i.e., large-diameter [60- to 120-inch] culverts and paired 30-inch culverts). For a more detailed discussion of the crossing structures, including figures depicting the frequency and locations of these structures, refer to Figures 3-3a through 3-3d and Section 5.6 of the Fresno to Bakersfield Section: Biological Resources and Wetlands Technical Report (Authority and FRA 2012a).	Design/Construction	Contractor	Monthly	Contractor	Contractor	At incorporation or completion of design/ During construction report monthly	Condition of Design Build Contract	BIO#8	Project impacts from the HST alternatives would permanently reduce the functionality of wildlife movement corridors and habitat linkages.
Hydrology and	Water Quality				•						
HYD- AM #1	Storm Water Management and Treatment	During the detailed design phase, each receiving stormwater system's capacity will be evaluated to accommodate project runoff for the design storm event. As necessary, onsite stormwater management measures, such as detention or selected upgrades to the receiving system, will be designed to provide adequate capacity and to comply with the design standards in Appendix 2-D and the latest version of <i>Technical Memorandum 2.6.5 Hydraulics and Hydrology Guidelines</i> (Authority 2011). Onsite stormwater management facilities will be designed and constructed to capture runoff and provide treatment prior to discharge of pollutant-generating surfaces, including station parking areas, access roads, new road over- and underpasses, reconstructed interchanges, and new or relocated roads and highways. Low-impact development (LID) techniques will be used to detain runoff onsite and to reduce offsite runoff. Constructed wetland systems, biofiltration and bioretention systems, wet ponds, organic mulch layers, planting soil beds, and vegetated systems (biofilters) such as vegetated swales and grass filter strips will be used, where appropriate.	Design/ Construction	Contractor	Monthly	Contractor	Contractor	At incorporation or completion of design/ During construction report monthly	Condition of Design Build Contract	Impact HWR #6	Permanent Impact on Surface Water Quality

		Stormwater infiltration or detention facilities are to be built in compliance with the design standards indicated in Appendix 2-D. Vegetated set-backs from streams will be used.									
HYD- AM #2	Flood Protection	The project will be designed to both remain operational during flood events and to minimize increases in 100-year flood elevations. Design standards will include the following: • Establish track elevation to prevent saturation and infiltration of stormwater into the sub-ballast. • Minimize development within the floodplain, to such an extent that water surface elevation in the floodplain would not increase by more than 1 foot, or as required by state or local agencies, during the 100-year flood flow. Avoid placement of facilities in the floodplain (e.g., at the Shafter East and Shafter West HMF sites) or raise the ground with fill above the base-flood elevation. The floodplain crossings will be designed to maintain a 100-year floodwater surface elevation of no greater than 1 foot above current levels, or as required by state or local agencies, and will not increase existing 100-year floodwater surface elevations in FEMA-designated floodways. The following design standards would minimize the effects of pier placement on floodplains and floodways: • Design site crossings to be as nearly perpendicular to the channel as feasible to minimize bridge length. • Orient piers to be parallel to the expected high-water flow direction to minimize flow disturbance. • Elevate bridge crossings at least 3 feet above the high-water surface elevation to provide adequate clearance for floating debris, or as required by local agencies. (The Central Valley Flood Protection Board [CVFPB] requires that the bottom members [soffit] of a proposed bridge be at least 3 feet above the design floodplain. The required clearance may be reduced to 2 feet on minor streams at sites where significant amounts of stream debris are unlikely.) • Conduct engineering analyses of channel scour depths at each crossing to evaluate the depth for burying the bridge piers and abutments. Implement scour-control measures to reduce erosion potential. • Use quarry stone, cobblestone, or their equivalent for erosion control along rivers and streams, comple	Design/ Construction	Authority/Contractor	Monthly	Contractor	Contractor	At incorporation or completion of design/ During construction report monthly	Condition of Design Build Contract	Impact HWR #8	Permanent Impact on Floodplains
HYD- AM #3	Construction Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan.	The SWRCB Construction General Permit (Order No. 2009-0009 DWQ, NPDES No. CAS000002) establishes three project risk levels that are based on site erosion and receiving-water risk factors. Risk Levels 1, 2, and 3 correspond to low-, medium-, and high-risk levels for a project. A preliminary analysis indicates that most of the project would fall under Risk Level 1, the lowest risk level. However, sections of the project may be more appropriately categorized as Risk Level 2 due to the combination of local rainfall, soil erodibility, and the lengths of the constructed slopes. For example, the portion of the project draining to Kings River would fall under Risk Level 2. Risk Level 2 measures also would be carried out anywhere in the project vicinity where construction activities are conducted within or immediately	Design/Construction	Reporting	Monthly	Contractor	Contractor	At incorporation or completion of design/ During construction report monthly	Condition of Design Build Contract	Impact HWR #2	Temporary Water Quality Impact

adjacent to sensitive environmental areas such as			
streams, wetlands, and vernal pools.			
The Construction General Permit requires preparation and			
implementation of a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan			
(SWPPP), which would provide BMPs to minimize potential			
short-term increases in sediment transport caused by			
construction, including erosion control requirements,			
stormwater management, and channel dewatering for			
affected stream crossings. These BMPs will include			
measures to provide permeable surfaces where feasible			
and to retain or detain and treat stormwater onsite. Other			
BMPs include strategies to manage the overall amount and			
quality of stormwater runoff. The Construction SWPPP will			
include measures to address, but are not limited to, the			
following:			
Hydromodification management to ensure maintenance			
of pre-project hydrology by emphasizing onsite retention			
of stormwater runoff using measures such as flow			
dispersion, infiltration, and evaporation, supplemented by			
detention, where required. Additional flow control			
measures will be implemented where local regulations or			
drainage requirements dictate.			
Implementing practices to minimize the contact of			
construction materials, equipment, and maintenance			
supplies with stormwater.			
Limiting fueling and other activities using hazardous			
materials to areas distant from surface water, providing			
drip pans under equipment, and daily checks for vehicle			
condition.			
Implementing practices to reduce erosion of exposed			
soil, including soil stabilization, watering for dust control,			
perimeter silt fences, and sediment basins.			
Implementing practices to maintain current water quality			
including silt fences, stabilized construction entrances,			
grass buffer strips, ponding areas, organic mulch layers,			
inlet protection, and Baker tanks and sediment traps to			
settle sediment.			
Implementing practices to capture and provide proper			
offsite disposal of concrete washwater, including isolation			
of runoff from fresh concrete during curing to prevent it			
from reaching the local drainage system, and possible			
treatment with dry ice or other acceptable means to			
reduce the alkaline character of the runoff (high pH) that			
typically results from new concrete.			
Developing and implementing a spill prevention and			
emergency response plan to handle potential fuel or other			
spills.			
Using diversion ditches to intercept offsite surface			
runoff.			
Where feasible, avoiding areas that may have substantial			
erosion risk, including areas with erosive soils and steep			
slopes.			
Where feasible, limiting construction to dry periods when			
flows in water bodies are low or absent.			
Implementation of a SWPPP is the responsibility of the			
construction contractor's Qualified SWPPP Practitioner			
(QSP) or designee. As part of that responsibility, the			
effectiveness of construction BMPs must be monitored			
before and after storm events. Records of these			
inspections and monitoring results are submitted to the			
SWRCB/Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB) as			
part of the annual report required by the Statewide			
Construction General Permit. The reports are available to			
the public online. The SWRCB and RWQCB have the			
opportunity to review these documents.			

HYD- AM #4	Regional Dewatering Permit	The Central Valley RWQCB, Order No. R5-2008-0081, Waste Discharge Requirements General Order for Dewatering and Other Low Threat Discharges to Surface Waters, is a permit that covers construction dewatering discharges and some other listed discharges that do not contain significant quantities of pollutants, and that either (1) are 4 months, or less, in duration, or (2) have an average dry-weather discharge that does not exceed 0.25 million gallons per day.	Design	Permit	As requested by Permit Conditions	Authority	Authority	Permit Application and Reporting	Reporting per Permit Requirements	Impact HWR #3	Temporary Impacts on Groundwater Quality and Volume
HYD- AM #5	Flood Protection	The CVFPB regulates specific river, creek, and slough crossings for flood protection. These crossings must meet the provisions of Title 23 of the CCR. Title 23 requires that new crossings maintain hydraulic capacity through such measures as in-line piers, adequate streambank height (freeboard), and measures to protect against streambank and channel erosion. Section 208.10 requires that improvements, including crossings, be constructed in a manner that does not reduce the channel's capacity or functionality, or that of any federal flood control project. The CVFPB reviews applications for encroachment permits for approval of a new channel crossing or other channel modification. For a proposed crossing or placement of a structure near a federal flood control project, the CVFPB coordinates review of the encroachment permit application with USACE pursuant to assurance agreements with USACE and the USACE Operation and Maintenance Manuals under Title 33 CFR, Section 208.10 and Title 33 U.S.C., Section 408. Under Section 408 of the Rivers and Harbors Act, the USACE must approve any proposed modification that involves a federal flood control project. A Section 408 permit would be required if construction modifies a federal levee. A Section 208.10 permit would be required where the project encroaches on a federal facility but does not modify it.	Design	Permit	As requested by Permit Conditions	Authority	Authority	Permit Application and Reporting	Reporting per Permit Requirements	Impact HWR #8	Permanent Impact on Floodplains
HYD- AM #6	Industrial Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan	The stormwater general permit (Order No. 97-03-DWQ, NPDES No. CAS000001) requires preparation of a SWPPP and a monitoring plan for industrial facilities that discharge stormwater from the site, including vehicle maintenance facilities associated with transportation operations. The permit includes performance standards for pollution control.	Design	Permit	As requested by Permit Conditions	Authority	Authority	Permit Application and Reporting	Reporting per Permit Requirements	Impact HWR #6	Permanent Impact on Surface Water Quality
Geology and So	oils										
GEO- AM #1	General Guidelines to be followed	2010 American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO) Load and Resistance Factor Design Bridge Design Specifications and the 2009 AASHTO Guide Specifications for Load and Resistance Factor Design Seismic Bridge Design: These documents provide guidance for characterization of soils, as well as methods to be used in the design of bridge foundations and structures, retaining walls, and buried structures. These design specifications will provide minimum specifications for evaluating the seismic response of the soil and structures. • Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Circulars and Reference Manuals: These documents provide detailed guidance on the characterization of geotechnical conditions at sites, methods for performing foundation design, and recommendations on foundation construction. These guidance documents include methods for designing retaining walls used for retained cuts and retained fills, foundations for elevated structures, and at-grade segments. Some of the documents include guidance on	Design/Construction/ Operation	Design/ Reporting	Yearly	Contractor	Contractor	At incorporation or completion of design/ During construction report monthly	Implementation of guidelines during Design/construction and operation phases	Impact GSS #1 through #11	

GEO-AM #4	Geotechnical Inspections	Prior to and throughout construction, conduct geotechnical inspections to verify that no new, unanticipated conditions are encountered, and to determine the locations of unstable soils in need of improvement.	Design/Construction	Authority/Contractor	Monthly	Authority/Contractor	Authority/ Contractor	At incorporation or completion of design	Condition of Design Build Contract	N/A	N/A
GEO-AM #5	Improve Unstable Soils	Employ various methods to mitigate for the risk of ground failure from unstable soils. If the soft or loose soils are shallow, they can be excavated and replaced with competent soils. To limit the excavation depth, replacement materials can also be strengthened using geosynthetics. Where unsuitable soils are deeper, ground improvement methods, such as stone columns, cement deep-soil-mixing (CDSM), or jet-grouting, can be used. Alternatively, if sufficient construction time is available, preloading—in combination with prefabricated vertical drains (wicks) and staged construction—can be used to gradually improve the strength of the soil without causing bearing-capacity failures. Both over-excavation and ground improvement methods have been successfully used to improve similar soft or loose soils. Lime treatment of heavy rail subgrades over soft soils has also been used successfully in the San Joaquin Valley. The application of these methods is most likely at stream and river crossings, where soft soils could occur; however, localized deposits could occur at other locations along the alignment. The ground improvement or over-excavation methods may also be necessary at the start of approach fills for elevated track sections or retained-earth segments of the alignment if the earth loads exceed the bearing capacity of the soil. Alternatively, at these locations, earth fills might be replaced by lightweight fill, such as lightweight concrete, extruded polystyrene (geofoam), or short columns, and cast-in-drilled hole (CIDH) piles might be used to support the transition from the elevated track to the at-grade alignment.	Design/Construction	Contractor	Monthly	Contractor	Contractor	At incorporation or completion of design	Condition of Design Build Contract	Impact GSS #1	Encountering Unstable Soils During Construction Effects of Unstable Soils on Operations
GEO-AM #6	Improve Settlement-Prone Soils	Settlement-prone soils are improved prior to facility construction. Ground improvement is used to transfer new earth loads to deeper, more competent soils. Another alternative is to use preloads and surcharges with wick drains to accelerate settlement in areas that are predicted to undergo excessive settlement. By using the preload and surcharge with wick drains, settlement would be forced to occur. The application of these methods is most likely at stream and river crossings, where soft soils are more likely to occur. Where groundwater is potentially within 50 feet of the ground surface, any below-ground excavations use well points in combination with sheet pile walls to limit the amount of settlement of adjacent properties from temporary water drawdown. Alternately, water can be reinjected to make up for localized water withdrawal.	Design/Construction	Contractor	Monthly	Contractor	Contractor	Monthly Record Keeping	Condition of Design Build Contract	Impact GSS #2 Impact GSS #7	Soil Settlement at Structures or along Trackway During Construction Effects of Soil Settlement on Operations
GEO-AM #7	Prevent Water and Wind Erosion	Many mitigation methods exist for controlling water and wind erosion of soils. These include the use of straw bales and mulches, revegetation, and covering areas with geotextiles. Where the rate of water runoff could be high, riprap and riprap check dams could be used to slow the rate of water runoffs. Other BMPs for water are discussed in Section 3.8, Hydrology and Water Resources. Implementation of these methods is important where large sections of earth are exposed during construction, such as for retained-cut design segments.	Construction	Contractor	Monthly	Contractor	Contractor	Monthly Record Keeping	Contract Requirements/ Specifications	Impact GSS #3	Soil Erosion During Construction
GEO-AM #8a	Modify or Remove and Replace Soils with Shrink-Swell Potential	One option is to excavate and replace soils that represent the highest risk. In locations where shrink-swell potential is marginally unacceptable, soil additives will be mixed with existing soil to reduce the shrink-swell potential. The decision whether to remove or treat the soil is made on the basis of specific shrink-swell characteristics of the soil,	Construction	Contractor	Monthly	Contractor	Contractor	Monthly Record Keeping	Condition of Design Build Contract	Impact GSS #8	Effects of Moderate to High Shrink- Swell Potential on Operations

		the additional costs for treatment versus excavation and replacement, as well as the long-term performance characteristics of the treated soil.									
GEO-AM #8b	Modify or Remove and Replace Soils Corrosion Characteristics	One option is to excavate and replace soils that represent the highest risk. In locations where corrosivity potential is marginally unacceptable, soil additives will be mixed with existing soil to reduce the corrosive potential. The decision whether to remove or treat the soil is made on the basis of specific corrosivity characteristics of the soil, the additional costs for treatment versus excavation and replacement, as well as the long-term performance characteristics of the treated soil.	Construction	Contractor	Monthly	Contractor	Contractor	Monthly Record Keeping	Condition of Design Build Contract	Impact GSS #9	Effects of Moderately to Highly Corrosive Soils on Operations
GEO-AM #9	Evaluate and Design for Large Seismic Ground Shaking	Prior to final design, additional seismic studies will be conducted to establish the most up-to-date estimation of levels of ground motion. Updated Caltrans seismic design criteria will be used in the design of any structures supported in or on the ground. These design procedures and features reduce the potential that moments, shear forces, and displacements that result from inertial response of the structure will lead to collapse of the structure. In critical locations, pendulum base isolators can reduce the levels of inertial forces. New composite materials can enhance seismic performance.	Design/Construction	Authority/Contractor	Monthly	Authority/Contractor	Authority/ Contractor	Monthly Record Keeping	Condition of Design Build Contract	Impact GSS #11	Effects of Seismicity on Operations
GEO-AM #10	Secondary Seismic Hazards	As discussed above, various ground improvement methods can be implemented to mitigate the potential for liquefaction, liquefaction-induced lateral spreading or flow of slopes, or post-earthquake settlement. Ground improvement around CIDH piles improves the lateral capacity of the CIDH during seismic loading. CDSM, stone columns, EQ drains or jet-grouting develop resistance to lateral flow or spreading of liquefied soils.	Construction	Contractor	Monthly	Contractor	Contractor	Monthly Record Keeping	Condition of Design Build Contract	Impact GSS #11	Effects of Seismicity on Operations
GEO-AM #11	Suspend Operations During or After an Earthquake	Install motion-sensing instruments to provide ground-motion data; install a control system to shut down HST operations temporarily during or after a potentially damaging earthquake to reduce risks. Monitors will be installed at select locations where high ground motions could damage the HST track system. Candidate locations would include, but are not limited to, elevated guideways and retained-earth, retained-cut, and at-grade segments.	Design/Construction/ Operation	Reporting	As Needed	Contractor/Authority	Contractor/ Authority	At incorporation or completion of design/ During construction report monthly	As needed based on an Earthquake Event	Impact GSS #11	Effects of Seismicity on Operations
Hazardous Mat	terials and Waste										
		Materials and wastes would be handled, transported, and disposed of in accordance with applicable state and federal regulations, such as Resource Conservation and								Impact HMW #1	Temporary Transport, Use, Storage, and Disposal of Hazardous Materials and Wastes
HMW-AM #1	Transportation of Materials	Recovery Act (RCRA), Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA), the Hazardous Materials Release Response Plans and Inventory Law, and the Hazardous Waste Control Act (see Section 3.3, Air Quality, for regulations applying to hazardous air pollutants).	Construction/Operation	Reporting	Monthly	Contractor	Contractor	Weekly Record Keeping and Monthly Reporting	Condition of Design Build Contract	Impact HMW #6	Transport, Use, Storage, and Disposal of Hazardous Materials and Wastes
		During the property acquisition process, analysis of properties acquired for construction of the HST will be conducted, as needed, including title searches and								Impact HMW #2	Inadvertent Disturbance of Hazardous Materials or Waste
HMW-AM #2	Property Acquisition	determination of which properties require further assessment for hazardous material contamination. Prior to acquisition of properties, the Authority will conduct Phase 1 environmental site assessments in accordance with standard ASTM methodologies to characterize each site. The determination of what parcels require soil testing and where testing should occur would be informed by the Phase 1 environmental site assessment and made in conjunction with state and local agency officials. Testing and appropriate remediation would be conducted prior to	Design/Construction	Reporting	Monthly	Contractor	Contractor	Phase 1 Report	Condition of Design Build Contract	Impact HMW #3	Construction on or in Proximity to PEC Sites

		acquisition Remediation activities may include removal of contamination, in-situ treatment, or soil capping									
HMW-AM #3	Landfill	All work within 1,000 feet of a landfill would require methane protection measures, including gas detection systems and personnel training, pursuant to Title 27, the hazardous materials contingency plan, and BMPs.	Construction	Reporting	Monthly	Contractor	Contractor	Monthly Record Keeping	Condition of Design Build Contract	N/A	N/A
HMW-AM #4	Work Barriers	Nominal design variances, such as the addition of a plastic barrier beneath the ballast material to limit the potential release of volatile subsurface contaminants, may be	Design/Construction	Reporting	Monthly	Contractor	Contractor	Monthly Record Keeping	Condition of Design Build Contract	Impact HMW #2	Inadvertent Disturbance of Hazardous Materials or Waste
		implemented in conjunction with site investigation and remediation							oon a de	Impact HMW #3	Construction on or in Proximity to PEC Sites
HMW-AM #5	Undocumented	The Authority is aware that undocumented contamination could be encountered during construction activities and is committed to work closely with local agencies to resolve	Company at the second	Deposition	A. Norded	0	0	December	Condition of Design Build	Impact HMW #2	Inadvertent Disturbance of Hazardous Materials or Waste
HIVIVV-AIVI #5	Contamination	any such encounters. A construction management plan will be developed that will include provisions for the disturbance of undocumented contamination.	Construction	Reporting	As Needed	Contractor	Contractor	Reporting as needed	Contract	Impact HMW #4	Temporary Hazardous Material and Waste Activities in the Proximity of Schools
	5 1111 51	Demolition plans will be prepared for the safe dismantling and removal of building components and debris. The							Condition of Design Build	Impact HMW #2	Inadvertent Disturbance of Hazardous Materials or Waste
HMW-AM #6	Demolition Plans	demolition plans will include a plan for lead and asbestos abatement.	Construction	Reporting	As Needed	Contractor	Contractor	Reporting as needed	Contract	Impact HMW #4	Temporary Hazardous Material and Waste Activities in the Proximity of Schools
		An SPCC plan or, for smaller quantities, a spill prevention and response plan, will be implemented that prescribes								Impact HMW #2	Inadvertent Disturbance of Hazardous Materials or Waste
HMW-AM #7	Spill Prevention	BMPs to follow to clean up any hazardous material release. During operation of the HST, hazardous materials monitoring plans, such as a hazardous materials business plan and an SPCC plan, will be implemented.	Construction	Reporting	As Needed	Contractor/Authority	Contractor/ Authority	Reporting as needed	Condition of Design Build Contract	Impact HMW #4	Temporary Hazardous Material and Waste Activities in the Proximity of Schools
	Storage of	Storage of hazardous materials during construction and operation will meet requirements for transport, labeling,						Weekly Record Keeping	Condition of Design Build	Impact HMW #1	Temporary Transport, Use, Storage, and Disposal of Hazardous Materials and Wastes
HMW-AM #8	Hazardous Materials	containment, cover, and other BMPs to comply with the State Water Resources Control Board Construction General Permit conditions.	Construction/Operation	Reporting	Monthly	Contractor/Authority	Contractor	and Monthly Reporting	Contract	Impact HMW #6	Transport, Use, Storage, and Disposal of Hazardous Materials and Wastes
		To the extent feasible, the Authority is committed to identifying, avoiding, and minimizing hazardous substances in the material selection process for								Impact HMW #1	Temporary Transport, Use, Storage, and Disposal of Hazardous Materials and Wastes
HMW-AM #9	Material Selection	construction, operation, and maintenance of the HST system. Moreover, using an Environmental Management System, the Authority will evaluate the full inventory of hazardous materials employed on an annual basis and will replace hazardous substances with nonhazardous materials to the extent possible. These standards and material specifications would aid in promoting safety for passengers and employees.	Design/Construction/ Operation	Reporting	Yearly	Contractor/Authority	Contractor/ Authority	At incorporation or completion of design/ Yearly Reporting and Inventory	Condition of Design Build Contract	Impact HMW #6	Transport, Use, Storage, and Disposal of Hazardous Materials and Wastes
Safety and Sec	urity	,									<u> </u>
S&S - AM #1	Emergency Vehicle Access	Final design includes development of a detailed construction transportation plan that would include coordination with local jurisdictions on emergency vehicle access. The plan would establish procedures for temporary road closures including: access to residences and businesses during construction, lane closure, signage and flag persons, temporary detour provisions, alternative bus and delivery routes, emergency vehicle access, and alternative access locations.	Design/Construction	Design/Reporting	Monthly or as Needed During Construction	Contractor	Contractor	At incorporation or completion of design/As needed during construction	Condition of Design Build Contract	Impact S&S #1	Accidents at Construction Sites

S&S - AM #2 Operation and Transportation Hazards	Engineering design and construction phases include preliminary hazard analysis (PHA), collision hazard analysis (CHA), and threat and vulnerability assessment (TVA) methods. • PHAs follow the U.S. Department of Defense's System Safety Program Plan Requirements (MIL-STD-882) to identify and determine the facility hazards and vulnerabilities so that they can be addressed—and either eliminated or minimized by—the design. • CHAs follow the Federal Railroad Administration's Collision Hazard Analysis Guide: Commuter and Intercity Passenger Service (FRA 2007) which provides a step-by-step procedure on how to perform a hazard analysis and how to develop effective mitigation strategies that will improve passenger rail safety.	Design/Construction	Design/Reporting	Monthly or as needed during construction	Contractor	Contractor	At incorporation or completion of design/As needed during construction	Condition of Design Build Contract	Impact S&S #4	Train Accidents
S&S - AM #3 Criminal and Terrorist Acts	TVAs establish provisions for the deterrence and detection of, as well as the response to, criminal and terrorist acts for rail facilities and system operations. Provisions include right-of-way fencing, intrusion detection, security lighting, security procedures and training, and closed-circuit televisions. Intrusion-detection technology could also alert to the presence of inert objects, such as toppled tall structures or derailed freight trains, and stop HST operations to avoid collisions.	Design/Construction	Design/Reporting	Monthly or as needed during construction	Contractor	Contractor	At incorporation or completion of design/As needed during construction	Condition of Design Build Contract	Impact S&S #16	Criminal Activity Aboard Trains and at Stations
S&S - AM #4a Construction Safety Plan	Construction Safety and Health Plans (CSHPs) shall include the following: 1. Train workers and supervisors to recognize symptoms of illness, and ways to minimize exposure, such as washing hands at the end of shifts. 2. Provide washing facilities nearby for use at the end of shifts. 3. Provide vehicles with enclosed, air-conditioned cabs and ensure workers keep windows closed. Equip heavy equipment cabs with high efficiency particulate air (EPA) filters. 4. Make National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) -approved respiratory protection with particulate filters as recommended by the California Department of Public Health available to workers who request them.	Design/Construction	Design/Reporting	Monthly or as needed during construction	Contractor	Contractor	At incorporation or completion of design/As needed during construction	Condition of Design Build Contract	Impact S&S #1	Accidents at Construction Sites

S&S - AM #4b	Valley Fever	The following recommendations were provided by the Environmental Protection Agency and refined through discussion with the California Department of Public Health (CDPH). • Prior to construction , provide information on causes, preventative measures, symptoms, and treatments for Valley Fever to individuals who could potentially be exposed through construction activities (i.e., construction workers, monitors, managers, and support personnel); • Continue outreach and coordination with the California Department of Public Health. In addition, reach out to county departments of public health to ensure that the above referenced information concerning Valley Fever is readily available to nearby residents, schools, and businesses and to obtain area information about Valley Fever outbreaks and hotspots; and, Provide a qualified person dedicated to overseeing implementation of Valley Fever prevention measures to encourage a culture of safety of the contractors and subcontractors. The individual should have the authority to adaptively manager the implementation of Valley Fever.	cion/ Design/Reporting	Monthly or as needed during construction and operation	Authority/Contractor	Authority/ Contractor	At incorporation or completion of design/As needed during construction and operation	At incorporation or completion of design/As needed during construction and operation	Impact S&S #1 Impact AQ #1 Impact AQ #6	Accidents at Construction Sites Common Regional Air Quality Impacts During Construction Localized Air Quality Impacts During Guideway/Alignment Construction Localized Air Quality Impacts to Schools during Construction
		adaptively manage the implementation of Valley Fever prevention and effect change in coordination with the county Public Health Officer. This medical information will be maintained following applicable and appropriate confidentiality protections.							Impact AQ #9	Localized Air Quality Impacts from HMF and MOWF Construction
		The following measures have been added to the requirements for the Construction Safety and Health Plans (CSHPs) regarding preventive measures to avoid Valley							Impact S&S #1	Accidents at Construction Sites
		Fever exposure (Ch. 3.11, Design Features, 3.11.6). The following shall be included in the existing design feature for Ch. 3.11, "Safety and Security."				_ Authority/			Impact AQ #1	Common Regional Air Quality Impacts During Construction
S&S - AM #4c	Valley Fever	The Construction Safety and Health Plan shall include the following: 1. Train workers and supervisors on how to recognize symptoms of illness, and ways to minimize exposure, such as washing hands at the end of shifts; Design/Construction	ion/ Design/Reporting	Monthly or as needed during construction	Authority/Contractor		At incorporation or completion of design/As needed during	At incorporation or completion of design/As	Impact AQ #6	Localized Air Quality Impacts During Guideway/Alignment Construction
		2. Provide washing facilities nearby for washing at the end of shifts; 3. Provide vehicles with enclosed, air conditioned cabs and make sure workers keep the windows closed. Equip heavy		and operation		Contractor	construction and operation	needed during construction and operation	Impact AQ #7	Localized Air Quality Impacts to Schools during Construction
		equipment cabs with high efficiency particulate air (HEPA) filters; and, 4. Make NIOSH approved respiratory protection with particulate filters as recommended by the CDPH available to workers who request them.							Impact AQ #9	Localized Air Quality Impacts from HMF and MOWF Construction

S&S - AM #5	Fire/Life Safety Programs	Fire/Life Safety Programs (FLSPs) implement the requirements set forth in the Federal Rail Safety Act. FLSPs address the safety of passengers and employees during emergency response. The FLSP also would address the needs of disabled persons. A FLSP is coordinated with local emergency response organizations to provide them with an understanding of the rail system, facilities, and operations, and to obtain their input for modifications to emergency response operations and facilities, such as evacuation routes.	Design/Reporting	Monthly or as needed during construction/operation	Authority/Contractor	Authority/ Contractor	At incorporation or completion of design/As needed during construction Condition of Design Build Contract	Impact S&S #4	Train Accidents
		System Security Plans address design features intended to maintain security at the stations within the track right-of-						Impact S&S #4	Train Accidents
		way, at stations, and onboard trains. The design standards and guidelines require emergency walkways on both sides of the tracks for both elevated and at-grade sections.						Impact S&S #6	HST Accidents Associated with Seismic Events
S&S - AM #6	System Security Plans	Adequate space would be present along at-grade sections of the alignment to allow emergency response access. Design/Construction/Operation	Design/Reporting	Monthly or as needed during construction/	Authority/Contractor	Authority/ Contractor	At incorporation or completion of design/As needed during Contract	Impact S&S #7	Risk of Fire
	Turs	Ground access would be available from elevated tracks where access to ground equipment is required. This ground access could be used in the event of an emergency. Additional ground access would be considered, consistent with fire and rescue procedures and where practical operational standards include a system-specific police force.		operation		Conductor	construction	Impact S&S #9	Increased Response Times for Fire, Rescue, and Emergency Services Associated with Access to Elevated Track
S&S - AM #7	Operating Procedure	Standard operating procedures and emergency operating procedures include industry best practices, such as the FRA-mandated Roadway Worker Protection Program. They address the day-to-day operation and emergency situations to maintain the safety of employees, passengers, and the public.	Design/Reporting	Monthly or as needed during operation	Authority	Authority	As needed during operation Reporting	Impact S&S #16	Criminal Activity Aboard Trains and at Stations
		System Safety Program Plans (SSPPs) incorporate FRA requirements and are implemented upon FRA approval.						Impact S&S #4	Train Accidents
		These plans are based on the principles outlined in The Manual for Development of System Safety Program Plans						Impact S&S #6	HST Accidents Associated with Seismic Events
	504	for Commuter Railroads (American Public Transportation Association 2006) and address project design, construction, testing, and operation.		Monthly or as needed			At incorporation or completion of design/As	Impact S&S #7	Risk of Fire
S&S - AM #8	FRA Requirements	Rail systems must comply with FRA requirements for tracks, equipment, railroad operating rules, and practices, including the Passenger Equipment Safety Standards (49 CFR Part 238), Highway-Rail Grade Crossing Guideline for the High-Speed Passenger Rail (FRA 2009), and track safety standards (49 CFR Part 213). Requirements include warning systems and barrier systems to enhance track safety. Design/Construction/Operation	Design/Reporting	during construction/operation	Authority/Contractor	Authority/ Contractor	needed during construction and operation Condition of Design Build Contract	Impact S&S #9	Increased Response Times for Fire, Rescue, and Emergency Services Associated with Access to Elevated Track
		Worker safety in the workplace is generally governed by the Occupational Health and Safety Act of 1970, which						Impact S&S #4	Train Accidents
		established the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA). OSHA establishes standards and					At incorporation or	Impact S&S #15	Hazards to HST Passengers and Employees from Flooding
S&S - AM #9	Worker Safety Oversees compliance with workplace safety and reporting of injuries and illnesses of employed workers. In California, OSHA enforcement of workplace requirements is performed by Cal OSHA. Under Cal OSHA regulations, as of July 1, 1991, every employer must establish, implement, and maintain an injury and illness prevention program.	Design/Reporting	Monthly or as needed during construction and operation	Authority/Contractor	Authority/ Contractor	completion of design/As needed during construction and operation Condition of Design Build Contract	Impact S&S #16	Criminal Activity Aboard Trains and at Stations	



S&S - AM #10	Environmental Design	HST urban design guidelines (Authority 2011b) require implementing the principles of Crime Prevention through Environmental Design. This is a design method that focuses on reducing opportunities for crime through the design and management of the physical environment. Four basic principles of Crime Prevention through Environmental Design should be considered during station and site planning: territoriality (designing physical elements that express ownership of the station or site); natural surveillance (arranging physical features to maximize visibility); improve sightlines (provide clear views of surrounding areas); and access control (physical guidance of people coming and going from a space).	Design/Construction/ Operation	Design/Reporting	Yearly	Authority/Contractor	Authority/ Contractor	At incorporation or completion of design/As needed during construction and operation	Design process and reporting	Impact S&S #16	Criminal Activity Aboard Trains and at Stations
Socioeconomic	s. Communities a	nd Environmental Justice									
SO-AM #1	Construction Management Plan	The Authority will require that the design-build contractor will develop and implement a construction management plan to address communications, community impacts, visual protection, air quality, safety controls, noise controls, and traffic controls to minimize impacts on low-income households and minority populations. The plan will assure property access is maintained for local businesses, residences, and emergency services. This plan will include maintaining customer and vendor access to local businesses throughout construction by using signs to instruct customers about access to businesses during construction. In addition, the plan will include efforts to consult with local transit providers to minimize impacts on local and regional bus routes in affected communities. Construction Management Plans are standard for large infrastructure projects such as this one, and are considered effective in minimizing community impacts.	Design/Construction	Reporting	Monthly	Contractor	Contractor	At incorporation or completion of design/Monthly Reporting during Construction	Condition of Design Build Contract	N/A	N/A
	Uniform Act and California Relocation Assistance Act Compliance	The Authority has considered avoidance and minimization measures that are consistent with the Statewide Program EIR/EIS (Authority and FRA 2005) and Bay Area to Central Valley Program EIR/EIS commitments (Authority and FRA [2008] 2010). The Authority must comply with the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act, as amended (Uniform Act). The provisions of the Uniform Act, a federally mandated program, would apply to all acquisitions of real property or displacements of persons resulting from this federally assisted project. It was created to provide for and ensure fair and equitable treatment of all affected persons. Additionally, the Fifth Amendment of the United States Constitution provides that private property may not be taken for a public use without payment of "just compensation." The Uniform Act requires that the owning agency provide notification to all affected property owners of the agency's intent to acquire an interest in their property. This notification includes a written offer letter of just compensation. A right-of-way specialist is assigned to each property owner to assist him or her through the acquisition process. The Uniform Act also provides benefits to displaced individuals to assist them financially and with advisory services related to relocating their residence or business operation. Benefits are available to both owner occupants and tenants of either residential or business properties. The Uniform Act requires provision of relocation benefits to all eligible persons regardless of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin. Benefits to which eligible owners or	Design/Construction/ Operations	Reporting and meeting with interested parties	Monthly	Authority	Authority	Monthly Reporting and Record Keeping	Compliance with Acts, Creation of Ombudsmen Office and Reporting	N/A	N/A

tenants may be entitled are determined on an individual basis and explained in detail by an assigned right-of-way Similarly, the project must adhere to California Relocation Assistance Act requirements. Owners of private property have federal and state constitutional guarantees that their property will not be acquired or damaged for public use unless owners first receive just compensation. Just compensation is measured by the "fair market value," where the property value is considered to be the highest price that would be negotiated on the date of valuation. The value must be agreed upon by a seller who is willing, not obliged to sell, but under no particular or urgent necessity and by a buyer who is ready, willing, and able to buy but under no particular necessity. Both the owner and the buyer must deal with the other with the full knowledge of all the uses and purposes for which the property is reasonably adaptable and available (Code of Civil Procedure Section 1263.320a). The Authority has developed more detailed information about how it plans to comply with the Uniform Act and the California Relocation Assistance Act. The Authority has developed three detailed relocation assistance documents modeled after Caltrans versions. The documents are listed below and included in Appendix 3.12-A: • Your Rights and Benefits as a Displacee under the Uniform Relocation Assistance Program (Residential). • Your Rights and Benefits as a Displacee under the Uniform Relocation Assistance Program (Mobile Home). • Your Rights and Benefits as a Displaced Business, Farm, or Nonprofit Organization under the Uniform Relocation Assistance Program. Before any acquisitions occur, the Authority will develop a relocation mitigation plan, in consultation with affected cities and counties. In addition to establishing a program to minimize the economic disruption related to relocation, the relocation mitigation plan will be written in a style that also enables it to be used as a public-information document. The plan will be designed to meet the following objectives: Provide affected property and business owners and tenants a high level of individualized assistance in situations when relocation is necessary. Coordinate relocation activities with other agencies causing displacements in the study area to ensure that all displaced persons receive fair and consistent relocation · Make a best effort to minimize the permanent closure of displaced businesses and non-profit agencies as a result of · Within the limits established by law and regulation, minimize the economic disruption caused to tenants and residents by relocation. • In individual situations, where warranted, consider the cost of obtaining the entitlement permits necessary to relocate to a suitable location and take those costs into account when establishing the fair market value of the property. • Provide those business owners who require complex permitting (such as dairies) with regulatory compliance assistance.

		The relocation mitigation plan will include the following components: • A description of the appraisal, acquisition, and relocation process that describes the activities of the appraisal and relocation specialists, for the benefit of the reader. • A means of assigning appraisal and relocation staff to affected property owners, tenants, or other residents on an individual basis. • Individualized assistance to affected property owners, tenants, or other residents in applying for funding, including research to summarize loans, grants, and federal aid available, and research of demographically similar areas for relocation. • Creation of an ombudsman's position to act as a single point of contact for property owners, residents, and tenants with questions about the relocation process. The ombudsman would also act to address concerns about the relocation process as it applies to the individual situations									
		of property owners, tenants, and other residents. Relocation Mitigation Plans are commonly used for large infrastructure projects that displace a large number of									
		residences and businesses, such as this project, and are considered successful in minimizing the impact to individual property owners.									
Station Plann	ing, Land Use and										
		Although not strictly part of the project design, the Authority has established a certain "zone of responsibility" around the proposed stations. To that end, the Authority prepared and distributed Urban Design Guidelines (Authority [2010] 2011b) available on the Authority's website to provide assistance in urban planning for the								LU Impact #3	The Kings/Tulare Regional Station alternatives are likely to result in some unplanned changes in the use of existing adjacent land, regardless of the amount of parking provided at the station.
LU-AM#1	Zone of Responsibility	stations to help achieve great placemaking. The guidelines are based on international examples where cities and transit agencies have incorporated sound urban design principles as integrated elements of large-scale transportation systems. The application of sound urban design principles to the HST System will help to maximize the performance of the transportation investment, enhance the livability of the communities it serves, create long-term value, and sensitively integrate the project into the communities along the HST System corridor. The Authority and FRA have also provided planning grants for cities that could have an HST station to assist them in land use planning in the areas surrounding the stations.	Design/Construction/ Operation	Reporting	As needed during construction	Contractor/Authority	Contractor/ Authority	At incorporation or completion of design/Yearly Reporting during Construction	Meetings with local authority and contract specifications	LU Impact #5	Indirect changes to adjacent lands at the Kings/Tulare Regional Station sites would substantially change the pattern and intensity of land use in a way that would be incompatible with adjacent land uses.
LU-AM#2	Construction Management Plan	Project design features would reduce some of the temporary land use impacts from project construction. These features are described in Section 3.12.6, Socioeconomics, Communities, and Environmental Justice, and in Section 3.3.8, Air Quality and Global Climate Change. They include implementation of a construction management plan to minimize temporary impacts on adjacent land uses and implementation of dust control measures during project construction.	Design/Construction	Reporting	Monthly	Contractor	Contractor	At incorporation or completion of design/Monthly Reporting during Construction	Condition of Design Build Contract	LU Impact #1:	Temporary and intermittent disruption of access to some properties, temporarily inconvenience nearby residents, and temporarily change the intensity of agricultural operations on some lands along 31 miles of the BNSF Alternative, along the Corcoran Bypass, and Allensworth Bypass
Agricultural L	and										
AG-AM #1	Restoration of Land Used for Temporary Staging Areas	All staging areas on Important Farmlands will be returned to as close to their Design staging condition as possible with the goal of ensuring these parcels remain available for long-term agricultural use	Construction	Reporting	Monthly	Contractor	Contractor	Reporting	Condition of Design Build Contract	N/A	N/A
AG-AM #2	Farmland Consolidation Program	The Authority will establish and administer a farmland consolidation program to sell remnant parcels to neighboring landowners for consolidation with adjacent farmland properties. In addition, on request, the program	Design/Construction	Reporting	Monthly	Authority	Authority	At incorporation or completion of design/Monthly Reporting during Construction	Weekly record keeping and monthly reporting	AG#4	Permanent Conversion of Agricultural Land to Nonagricultural Use

		will assist the owners of remnant parcels in selling those									
		remnants to adjacent landowners. The goal of the									
		program is to provide The program will focus on severed									
		remainder parcels, including those that were under									
		Williamson Act or Farmland Security Act contract at the									
		time of right-of-way acquisition and have become too									
		small to remain in the local Williamson Act or Farmland									
		Security Act program. The program will assist landowners									
		in obtaining lot line adjustments where appropriate to									
		incorporate remnant parcels into a larger parcel that is									
		consistent with size requirements under the local									
		government general plan. The program will operate for no									
		less than 5 years after construction of the Fresno to									
		Bakersfield Section is completed.									
		The Authority and FRA expect that productive farmland									
		would be farmed in some manner, and not left idle in									
		perpetuity. However, the Authority and FRA recognize that									
		constructing the Fresno to Bakersfield HST project will have a disruptive effect on farm ownership that would									
		temporarily idle some remainder parcels. The intent of the									
		Farmland Consolidation Program is to take responsibility									
		for the disruptive effects and proactively work to restore									
		remainder parcels to productive agricultural use (and not									
		rely on market forces to accomplish the same result). This									
		process would be a series of real estate transactions, and									
		the Authority would be using the same real property									
		transaction processes used by Caltrans; this process									
		features the use of Authority right-of-way agents who									
		generally follow Caltrans procedures. The State of									
		California has a long history of managing real estate									
		transactions through Caltrans and other state entities									
		(e.g., the Department of General Services), which helps									
		promote the success of the Authority's farmland									
		consolidation program.									
		The Authority will assign a representative to act as a									
		single point of contact to assist each confined animal									
		facility owner during the process of obtaining new or amended permits or other regulatory compliance						At incorporation or	Weekly record keeping and		
AG-AM #3	Permit Assistance		ian/Construction	Donorting	Monthly	Authority	Authority	completion of design/Monthly	monthly	N/A	N/A
AG-AM #3	Permit Assistance	facility. The Authority will consider and may provide	ign/Construction	Reporting	Monthly	Authority	Representative	Reporting during	reporting/Authority	N/A	N/A
		compensation when acquisition of a confined animal site						Construction	Representative Assignment		
		would either require relocation of the facility or									
		amendment of its existing regulatory permits.									
		During the HST testing phase, the Authority will fund a									
		program to undertake original research on the wind and									
		noise effects of HST operations on agricultural activities.									
		The Authority will engage qualified researchers within the									
		University of California or California State University									
		system to undertake this research. The researcher will be									
		selected by the Authority through a request for proposal									
		process. The research will include monitoring of noise and									
		wind effects at representative points along the test track.									
		The research period will include the testing phase and	ting phase/						Research and report		
AG-AM #4	Research	Textend 2 years after confinencement of revenue service.	eration	Reporting	Two Years	Authority	Authority	Reporting	compilation	N/A	N/A
		The Authority will publicly distribute a report of the							23p		
		findings of the research program.									
		The research will include, but is not limited to, the									
		following subjects:									
		Generated wind speed, duration, and area of influence									
		from HST trainsets at typical operational speeds.									
		Effects of HST-generated wind on the effectiveness of									
		honey bee pollination.									
	1	Dust production as a result of typical HST operations,					1				1

Parks, Recrea	ntion and Open Spa	including entrainment and dispersal patterns of dust in the HST slipstream. • Generated noise levels and duration from HST trainsets at typical operational speeds. • Noise contours depicting modeled noise levels at distance from the tracks. • Practical methods for reducing effects on agriculture.									
PC-AM #1	Design Standards	The design standards applicable to the project are summarized in Section 3.3.8 in Air Quality and Global Climate Change, Section 3.4.6 in Noise and Vibration and Section 3.16.6 in Aesthetics and Visual Resources.	Design/Construction	Reporting	Monthly during construction	Contractor	Contractor	At incorporation or completion of design/Monthly Reporting during Construction	Condition of Design Build Contract	N/A	N/A
Aesthetics an	d Visual Quality										
AVR-AM #1	Design Standards	The Authority has adopted design standards and design guidelines that are established to create a minimum aesthetic quality for a long-lasting infrastructure. Many of these elements are described in Table 3.16-2 in Section 3.16.5.3, High-Speed Train Alternatives. In addition to the features described in Table 3.16-2, the Authority's Urban Design Guidelines for the California High Speed Train Project (Authority 2011b) briefly discusses the principles of context-sensitive solutions to guide the design of stations. This approach is equally applicable to elevated guideways and will be employed to mitigate visual impacts through context-sensitive design. Aesthetic Guidelines for Non-Station Structures (TM 200-06) (Authority 2011a) will also guide the design of the HST components. These standards and guidelines work to minimize and avoid aesthetic effects on the adjacent surroundings, where possible	Design/Construction/ Operation	Reporting	Monthly during construction and as needed during operation	Authority/Contractor	Authority/ Contractor	At incorporation or completion of design/Monthly Reporting during Construction and as needed during operation	Condition of Design Build Contract	AVR #4	Lower Visual Quality
Cultural and I	Paleontological Res	sources								•	
CUL- AM #1	Protective Measures	Cultural resources mitigation measures and commitments could occur prior to, during, and following construction. Protective measures, such as conducting archaeological training, building stabilization or archaeological site capping, and recordation of resources would take place prior to construction; other protective measures such as vibration monitoring for built resources or monitoring for archaeological resources during ground-disturbing activities would occur during construction. Measures that could take place after construction may include interpretive programs, including displays, interpretive signage, etc.	Design/Construction/ Operation	Reporting/Meetings with Agencies	As needed	Authority/Contractor	Authority/ Contractor	At incorporation or completion of design/As needed	Meetings with interested agencies and compilation of reports/Reporting	Impact Cul #1 Impact Cul #2 Impact Cul #3	Potential Adverse Effects on Archaeological Resources due to Construction Activities Potential Adverse Effects on Historic Architectural Resources due to Construction Activities Potential Adverse Effects on Paleontological Resources due to Construction Activities
CUL -AM #2	PA	The PA established the framework for the development and implementation of measures to avoid, minimize, and/or mitigate adverse effects on historic properties caused by the HST System, in compliance with Section 106 and NEPA. The PA also established that a MOA will be prepared for each section of the HST project to detail the HST project commitments to implement these treatments.	Design/Construction	Reporting	Weekly	Contractor	Contractor	At incorporation or completion of design/Weekly reporting or as dictated by the BETP and the MOA	BETP PA	Impact Cul #2	Potential Adverse Effects on Historic Architectural Resources due to Construction Activities



Transportation	1										
										Impact TR #1	Construction (Not Including Stations) Impacts on Circulation and Emergency Access
								At incorporation or completion of design/ Implementation during construction	Condition of Design Build	Impact TR #2	Impacts on Circulation from Fresno Station Construction
TRA-AM #1	Off-Street Parking for Construction- Related Vehicles	Identify adequate off-street parking for all construction- related vehicles throughout the construction period. If adequate parking cannot be provided on the construction		Design/Build and Construction Transportation Plan to	Weekly	Contractor	Contractor			Impact TR #3	Impacts on Circulation from Kings/ Tulare- East Station Construction
TRA-AM #1		sites, designate a remote parking area and use a shuttle bus to transfer construction workers to the job site.	Design/Construction	be prepared prior to construction, followed by reporting.	Weekiy	Contractor			Contract	Impact TR #5	Impacts on Circulation from Bakersfield Station Construction
										Impact TR #7	Impacts on Circulation from Rural Area Construction
										Impact TR #9	Construction (Not Including Stations) Impacts on School Districts
		Prepare specific construction management plans to address maintenance of pedestrian access during the								Impact TR #1	Construction (Not Including Stations) Impacts on Circulation and Emergency Access
		construction period. Actions to limit pedestrian access would include, but not be limited to, sidewalk closures, bridge closures, crosswalk closures or pedestrian reporting		Decises/Duild and						Impact TR #2	Impacts on Circulation from Fresno Station Construction
TRA-AM #2	Maintenance of Pedestrian Access	bridge closures, crosswalk closures or pedestrian rerouting at intersections, placement of construction-related material within pedestrian pathways or sidewalks, and	Design/Construction	Design/Build and Construction Transportation Plan to be prepared prior to	Weekly	Contractor	Contractor	At incorporation or completion of design/ Implementation during	Condition of Design Build Contract	Impact TR #3	Impacts on Circulation from Kings/ Tulare- East Station Construction
	redestriali Access	pedestrians during the construction period. If sidewalks		construction, followed by reporting.				construction	Conduct	Impact TR #5	Impacts on Circulation from Bakersfield Station Construction
		are maintained along the construction site frontage, provide covered walkways. Pedestrian access should be								Impact TR #7	Impacts on Circulation from Rural Area Construction
		maintained unless maintaining access would be unsafe for pedestrians.								Impact TR #9	Construction (Not Including Stations) Impacts on School Districts
		Prepare specific construction management plans to address maintenance of bicycle access during the construction period. Actions to limit bicycle access would include, but not be limited to, bike lane closures or narrowing, closure or narrowing of streets that are designated bike routes, bridge closures, placement of construction-related materials within designated bike lanes or along bike routes, and other actions that may affect the								Impact TR #1	Construction (Not Including Stations) Impacts on Circulation and Emergency Access
										Impact TR #2	Impacts on Circulation from Fresno Station Construction
TRA-AM#3	Maintenance of Bicycle Access		Design/Construction	Design/Build and Construction Transportation Plan to be prepared prior to	Weekly Contractor Contractor At incorporation or completion of design/ Implementation during Contract Contractor	Condition of Design Build	Impact TR #3	Impacts on Circulation from Kings/ Tulare- East Station Construction			
	Dicycle Access			construction, followed by reporting.				construction	Contract	Impact TR #5	Impacts on Circulation from Bakersfield Station Construction
		mobility or safety of bicyclists during the construction period. Bicycle access will be maintained where feasible.								Impact TR #7	Impacts on Circulation from Rural Area Construction
										Impact TR #9	Construction (Not Including Stations) Impacts on School Districts
										Impact TR #1	Construction (Not Including Stations) Impacts on Circulation and Emergency Access
										Impact TR #2	Impacts on Circulation from Fresno Station Construction
TRA-AM#4	Restriction on Construction	Limit construction material deliveries between 7 a.m. and 9 a.m. and between 4 p.m. and 6 p.m. on weekdays. The number of construction employees arriving or departing	Construction	Design/Build and Construction Transportation Plan to	Weekly	Contractor	Contractor	Implementation during	Condition of Design Build	Impact TR #3	Impacts on Circulation from Kings/ Tulare- East Station Construction
	Hours	the site between the hours of 7 a.m. to 8:30 a.m. and 4:30 p.m. to 6 p.m. would be limited.		be prepared prior to construction, followed by reporting.				construction	Contract	Impact TR #5	Impacts on Circulation from Bakersfield Station Construction
										Impact TR #7	Impacts on Circulation from Rural Area Construction
										Impact TR #9	Construction (Not Including Stations) Impacts on School Districts

										Impact TR #1	Construction (Not Including Stations) Impacts on Circulation and Emergency Access
	Construction Truck Routes							Implementation during	Condition of Design Build	Impact TR #2	Impacts on Circulation from Fresno Station Construction
TRA-AM#5		Deliver all construction-related equipment and materials on the appropriate truck routes. Prohibit heavy-construction vehicles from accessing the site via other routes.	Construction Con	Design/Build and Construction Transportation Plan to	Weekly	Contractor	Contractor			Impact TR #3	Impacts on Circulation from Kings/ Tulare- East Station Construction
				be prepared prior to construction, followed by reporting.	,			construction	Contract	Impact TR #5	Impacts on Circulation from Bakersfield Station Construction
										Impact TR #7	Impacts on Circulation from Rural Area Construction
										Impact TR #9	Construction (Not Including Stations) Impacts on School Districts
								Implementation during construction	Condition of Design Build Contract	Impact TR #1	Construction (Not Including Stations) Impacts on Circulation and Emergency Access
	Protection of Public Roadways	Repair any structural damage to public roadways,								Impact TR #2	Impacts on Circulation from Fresno Station Construction
TRA-AM #6		returning any damaged sections to their original structural condition. Survey the condition of the public roadways along truck routes providing access to the proposed project site both before construction and after construction is complete. Complete a before- and after-survey report and submit to the Authority for review,	Construction	Design/Build and Construction Transportation Plan to	Weekly	Contractor	Contractor			Impact TR #3	Impacts on Circulation from Kings/ Tulare- East Station Construction
	during Construction			be prepared prior to construction, followed by reporting.						Impact TR #5	Impacts on Circulation from Bakersfield Station Construction
		indicating the location and extent of any damage.								Impact TR #7	Impacts on Circulation from Rural Area Construction
										Impact TR #9	Construction (Not Including Stations) Impacts on School Districts
		Coordinate with the appropriate transit jurisdiction before limiting access to public transit or limiting movement of public transit vehicles. Potential actions that would impact access to transit include, but are not limited to, relocating			Weekly	Contractor	Contractor	At incorporation or completion of design/	Condition of Design Build Contract	Impact TR #1	Construction (Not Including Stations) Impacts on Circulation and Emergency Access
										Impact TR #2	Impacts on Circulation from Fresno Station Construction
TRA-AM#7	Maintenance of Public Transit		Design/Construction	Design/Build and Construction Transportation Plan to be prepared prior to						Impact TR #3	Impacts on Circulation from Kings/ Tulare- East Station Construction
	Access and Routes	or removing bus stops, limiting access to bus stops or transfer facilities, or otherwise restricting or constraining public transit operations. Public transit access and routing		construction, followed by reporting.				construction	Contract	Impact TR #5	Impacts on Circulation from Bakersfield Station Construction
		will be maintained where feasible.								Impact TR #7	Impacts on Circulation from Rural Area Construction
										Impact TR #9	Construction (Not Including Stations) Impacts on School Districts
		The design-builder will prepare a detailed Construction Transportation Plan for the purpose of minimizing the impact of construction and construction traffic on								Impact TR #1	Construction (Not Including Stations) Impacts on Circulation and Emergency Access
		adjoining and nearby roadways. The Construction Transportation Plan will be prepared in close consultation		Design/Build and						Impact TR #2	Impacts on Circulation from Fresno Station Construction
TRA-AM #8	Construction Transportation Plan	with the pertinent city or county, and will be reviewed and approved by the Authority prior to commencing any construction activities. This plan will address, in detail, the activities to be carried out in each construction phase, with the requirement of maintaining traffic flow during peak travel periods. Such activities include, but are not limited to, the routing and scheduling of materials deliveries, materials staging and storage areas, construction employee arrival and departure schedules, employee parking locations, and temporary road closures,	Design/Construction	Construction Transportation Plan to be prepared prior to	Weekly	Contractor	Contractor	At incorporation or completion of design/ Implementation during	Condition of Design Build Contract	Impact TR #3	Impacts on Circulation from Kings/ Tulare- East Station Construction
P				construction, followed by reporting.				construction		Impact TR #5	Impacts on Circulation from Bakersfield Station Construction
										Impact TR #7	Impacts on Circulation from Rural Area Construction
										Impact TR #9	Construction (Not Including

		if any. The plan will provide traffic controls pursuant to the California Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices								Stations) Impacts on School Districts
		sections on temporary traffic controls (Caltrans 2012) and will include a traffic control plan that includes, at minimum, the following elements: • Temporary signage to alert drivers and pedestrians to the construction zone. • Flag persons or other methods of traffic control. • Traffic speed limitations in the construction zone.								
		 Temporary road closures and provisions for alternative access during the closure. Detour provisions for temporary road closures. Alternating one-way traffic will be considered as an alternative to temporary closures where practical and where it would result in better traffic flow than would a detour. 								
		 Identified routes for construction traffic. Provisions for safe pedestrian and bicycle passage, or convenient detour. Provisions to minimize access disruption to residents, businesses, customers, delivery vehicles, and buses to the extent practical. Where road closures are required during construction, limit to the hours that are least disruptive to 								
		access for the adjacent land uses. • Provisions for farm equipment access. • Provisions for 24-hour access by emergency vehicles. • Safe vehicular and pedestrian access to local businesses and residences during construction. The plan will provide for scheduled transit access where construction would otherwise impede such access. Where an existing bus stop								
		is within the work zone, the design-builder will provide a temporary bus stop at a convenient location away from where construction is occurring. Adequate measures will be taken to separate students and parents walking to and from the temporary bus stop from the construction zone. • Advance notification to the local school district of construction activities and rigorously maintained traffic control at all school bus loading zones, to ensure the safety of school children • Project Design Features 1-7 and 9-11.								
	Construction	Provide a mechanism to prevent roadway construction activities from reducing roadway capacity during major athletic events or other special events that attract a substantial number of visitors. Mechanisms include the	Design/Build and Construction Transportation Plan to	construction	Condition of Design Build	Impact TR #1	Construction (Not Including Stations) Impacts on Circulation and Emergency Access			
TRA-AM #9	during Special Events	presence of police officers directing traffic, special event parking, use of within-the-curb parking, or shoulder lanes	be prepared prior to construction, followed by reporting.	Weekly	Contractor	Contractor	Implementation during construction	Contract	Impact TR #2 Impact TR #5	Station Construction Impacts on Circulation from Bakersfield Station Construction
TRA-AM#10	Protection of Freight and Passenger Rail during Construction	Repair any structural damage to freight or public railways, and return any damaged sections to their original structural condition. If necessary, during construction, a "shoofly" track would be constructed to allow existing train lines to bypass any areas closed for construction activities. Upon completion, tracks would be opened and repaired; or new mainline track would be constructed, and the "shoofly" would be removed	Design/Build and Construction Transportation Plan to be prepared prior to construction, followed by reporting.	Weekly	Contractor	Contractor	Implementation during construction	Condition of Design Build Contract	Impact TR #1	Construction (Not Including Stations) Impacts on Circulation and Emergency Access

		In addition to the measures listed above, the Authority will also perform the following in the cities of Fresno and Bakersfield:								Impact TR #1	Construction (Not Including Stations) Impacts on Circulation and Emergency Access
		Maintain detection at signalized intersections where alignment changes or widening are necessary, in order								Impact TR #2	Impacts on Circulation from Fresno Station Construction
		that the traffic signal does not need to be placed on recall (fixed timing). • Changeable message signs (CMS) will be employed to									
		advise motorists of lane closures or detours ahead. The CMSs will be deployed seven days before the start of									
		construction at that location.									
		Where project construction would cause delays on major roadways during the construction period, the project will									
		provide for a network of CMS locations to provide adequate driver notification. For example, construction-									
		related delays at the railroad grade separations that lead									
		to SR 99 interchanges will require CMS placement to the east to allow drivers to make alternate route decisions. In									
		the case of work on Shaw Avenue, recommended									
		placement would be a CMS at Shaw Avenue just east of SR 41 and a CMS at Shaw Avenue just east of Palm									
		Avenue. Similar CMS usage will be required along Ashlan									
		Avenue, Clinton Avenue, McKinley Avenue, Olive Avenue, and Belmont Avenue.									
		The Authority, in conjunction with the City of Fresno Public Works Department and City of Bakersfield Public									
		Works Department, will develop a traffic management									
		plan for the surface transportation network to minimize potential impacts on public safety services.									
	Additional	During project construction, alignment of roadways to be		Design/Build and Construction							
TRA-AM #11	Features in the	grade-separated and freeway overpasses to be reconstructed will be offset from the existing alignment to	Construction	Transportation Plan to be prepared prior to	Weekly	Contractor	Contractor	Implementation during construction	Condition of Design Build Contract		
	Cities of Fresno and Bakersfield	facilitate staged construction, wherever possible. The Authority will also include the following measures		construction, followed				Construction	Contract		
		specific to the city of Fresno:		by reporting.						Impact TR #5	Impacts on Circulation from Bakersfield Station Construction
		Clinton Avenue over SR 99 and Ashlan Avenue over the UPRR will be offset from their existing alignments to allow									
		for the existing roadway to remain open while the new									
		structure is being built. It is recognized by the city that this type of staging may necessitate temporary ramps to									
		and from SR 99 during various phases of construction.									
		Four travel lanes will be maintained from 7 a.m. to 9 a.m. and from 4 p.m. to 6 p.m. on Shaw Avenue from Cornelia									
		to Blythe Avenue (at UPRR), on Ashlan Avenue from									
		Parkway to Valentine Avenue (at UPRR), and on Clinton Avenue from Marks Avenue to Weber Avenue (at SR 99).									
		The Veterans Boulevard overpass and construction of									
		new alignments of Golden State Boulevard and Bullard Avenue will be completed and open to traffic prior to the									
		closure of the Carnegie Avenue at-grade railroad crossing. • One lane of traffic in each direction must be maintained									
		at all times for Olive Avenue and McKinley Avenue for									
		construction of the proposed grade separations. No full closures of these crossings will occur, with the exception									
		of short duration closures of less than 72 hours not more									
		than once per month. • During any Belmont Avenue closures that are									
		determined to be necessary, the adjacent crossings of									
		Olive Avenue and Divisadero Street will remain open with no lane closures at the two crossings.									
		Two of the three crossings will remain open at any given time at the existing railroad crossings at Divisadero,									
		Tuolumne, and Stanislaus									
	1						1	•			

Attachment A Transportation Mitigation Measures

	Caused by Alignment Construction ¹	Caused by HST Station Operation and Future Growth ²	Mitigation Detail	FEIR/FEIS CH3.2 Table Location	Implementing Party and Monitoring/Reporting Party	Implementation / Reporting Schedule	Implementation Mechanism
Fresno Station							
Intersections	T 81/4		7	T 11 00 40 5 1			TERRAL WE MOULD THE CT
4 – Van Ness Ave/SR 41 SB Ramp	N/A	TR MM#3: Add Signal to Intersection to Improve LOS/Operation.	Install a traffic signal at the intersection prior to Fresno Station opening.	Table 3.2-40 Future (2035) Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Fresno Station Area	TR MM#3 - Implementing Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor) Monitoring/Reporting Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor)	TR MM#3: Prior to Fresno Station opening	TR MM #3: MOU with City of Fresno and/or Caltrans, as necessary; contract with station contractor
6 – SR 99 NB	N/A	TR MM#3: Add Signal to	Install a traffic signal at the	Table 3.2-40 Future	TR MM#3 - Implementing	TR MM#3: Prior to Fresno	TR MM #3: MOU with City
Ramps/Ventura Ave		Intersection to Improve LOS/Operation.	intersection prior to Fresno Station opening.	(2035) Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Fresno Station Area	Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor) Monitoring/Reporting Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor)	Station opening	of Fresno and/or Caltrans, as necessary; contract with station contractor
7 – E St/Ventura Ave	N/A	TR MM#3: Add Signal to Intersection to Improve LOS/Operation.	Install a traffic signal at the intersection prior to Fresno Station opening.	Table 3.2-40 Future (2035) Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Fresno Station Area	TR MM#3 - Implementing Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor) Monitoring/Reporting Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor)	TR MM#3: Prior to Fresno Station opening	TR MM #3: MOU with City of Fresno, as necessary; contract with station contractor
25 – H St/Tulare St	N/A	TR MM#2: Modify Signal Phasing.	Re-time the existing signal in PM to 60 prior to Fresno Station opening.	Table 3.2-40 Future (2035) Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Fresno Station Area	TR MM#2 - Implementing Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor) Monitoring/Reporting Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor)	TR MM#2: Prior to Fresno Station opening	TR MM #2: MOU with City of Fresno, as necessary; contract with station contractor
30 – U St/Tulare St	N/A	TR MM#6: Widen Approaches to Intersections; TR MM#7 - Add Exclusive Turn Lanes to Intersections.	Install southbound left-turn lane. Restripe southbound shared through-/left lane to through- lane prior to Fresno Station opening.	Table 3.2-40 Future (2035) Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Fresno Station Area	TR MM#6 and #7 - Implementing Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor) Monitoring/Reporting Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor)	TR MM#6 and #7: Prior to Fresno Station opening	TR MM #6 and #7: MOU with City of Fresno and/or Caltrans, as necessary; contract with station contractor
33-0 – Divisadero St/SR 41 NB Ramps/Tulare St (Existing Plus Project)	TR MM#6: Widen Approaches to Intersections; TR MM#7 - Add Exclusive Turn Lanes to Intersections. ³	N/A	Widen the westbound approach to provide one exclusive left-turn lane, two through-lanes, and one exclusive right-turn lane at the intersection concurrent with alignment construction.	Table 3.2-39 Existing Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Fresno Station Area	TR MM#6 and 7 - Implementing Party: Authority and Alignment Contractor; Monitoring/Reporting Party: Same	TR MM#6 and #7 - Concurrent with alignment construction	TR MM #6 and 7 - MOU with City of Fresno and/or Caltrans, as necessary; Contract with alignment contractor
37 – SR 99 Southbound Ramps/ Fresno St	N/A	TR MM#6: Widen Approaches to Intersections;	Widen the eastbound approach to provide two exclusive	Table 3.2-40 Future (2035) Plus Project	TR MM#6 and #7 - Implementing Party:	TR MM#6 and #7: Prior to Fresno Station opening	TR MM #6 and #7: MOU with City of Fresno and/or
		[] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []	through-lanes and one exclusive	Mitigation Measures –	Authority and Contractor (station		Caltrans, as necessary;
		TR MM#7 - Add Exclusive Turn Lanes to Intersections.	right-turn lane at the intersection prior to Fresno Station opening.	Fresno Station Area	contractor) Monitoring/Reporting Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor)		contract with station contractor



	Caused by Alignment Construction ¹	Caused by HST Station Operation and Future Growth ²	Mitigation Detail	FEIR/FEIS CH3.2 Table Location	Implementing Party and Monitoring/Reporting Party	Implementation / Reporting Schedule	Implementation Mechanism
38 – SR 99 NB Ramps/Fresno St	N/A	TR MM#4: Restripe Intersections; TR MM#7: Add Exclusive Turn Lanes of Intersections.	Restripe westbound right-turn lane to a shared through-/right-turn lane prior to Fresno Station opening.	Table 3.2-40 Future (2035) Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Fresno Station Area	TR MM#4 and #7 - Implementing Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor) Monitoring/Reporting Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor)	TR MM#4 and #7: Prior to Fresno Station opening	TR MM #4 and 7: MOU with City of Fresno, as necessary; contract with station contractor
42 – Van Ness Ave/Fresno St	N/A	TR MM#4: Restripe Intersections; TR MM#7: Add Exclusive Turn Lanes to Intersections.	Install southbound right lane, restripe shared southbound lane to southbound through-lane prior to Fresno Station opening.	Table 3.2-40 Future (2035) Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Fresno Station Area	TR MM#4 and #7 - Implementing Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor) Monitoring/Reporting Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor)	TR MM#4 and #7: Prior to Fresno Station opening	TR MM #4 and 7: MOU with City of Fresno, as necessary; contract with station contractor
46 – Fresno St/Divisadero St	N/A	TR MM#4: Restripe Intersections; TR MM#7: Add Exclusive Turn Lanes to Intersections.	Install westbound left-turn lane and restripe shared through-/left lane to through-lane prior to Fresno Station opening.	Table 3.2-40 Future (2035) Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Fresno Station Area	TR MM#4 and #7 - Implementing Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor) Monitoring/Reporting Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor)	TR MM#4 and #7: Prior to Fresno Station opening	TR MM #4 and 7: MOU with City of Fresno, as necessary; contract with station contractor
52 – E Street/Stanislaus St	N/A	TR MM#6: Widen Approaches to Intersections; TR MM#7: Add exclusive turn lanes to intersections.	Widen the eastbound approach to provide one exclusive left-turn lane, one exclusive through-lane, and one exclusive right-turn lane at the intersection prior to Fresno Station opening.	Table 3.2-40 Future (2035) Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Fresno Station Area	TR MM#6 and #7 - Implementing Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor) Monitoring/Reporting Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor)	TR MM#6 and #7: Prior to Fresno Station opening	TR MM #6 and #7: MOU with City of Fresno, as necessary; contract with station contractor
53 – Broadway St/Stanislaus St	N/A	TR MM#6: Widen Approaches to Intersections; TR MM#7: Add exclusive turn lanes to intersections.	Widen the eastbound approach to provide one exclusive left-turn lane, one exclusive through-lane, and one exclusive right-turn lane at the intersection prior to Fresno Station opening.	Table 3.2-40 Future (2035) Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Fresno Station Area	TR MM#6 and #7 - Implementing Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor) Monitoring/Reporting Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor)	TR MM#6 and #7: Prior to Fresno Station opening	TR MM #6 and #7: MOU with City of Fresno, as necessary; contract with station contractor
54 – Van Ness Ave/Stanislaus St	TR MM#5: Revise Signal Cycle Length	TR MM#6: Widen Approaches to Intersections; TR MM#7: Add exclusive turn lanes to intersections	Re-time the existing signal in PM to 60 concurrent with alignment construction. Prior to Fresno Station opening, widen the westbound approach to provide one exclusive left-turn lane, one exclusive through-lane, and one shared through-/right-turn lane at the intersection.	Table 3.2-39 Existing Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Fresno Station Area Table 3.2-40 Future (2035) Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Fresno Station Area	TR MM#5 - Implementing Party: Authority and alignment Contractor; Monitoring/Reporting Party: same; TR MM#6 and #7 - Implementing Party: Authority and station contractor; Monitoring/Reporting Party: same	TR MM#5 - Concurrent with alignment construction; TR MM#6 and# 7: Prior to station opening.	TR MM#5 - Contract with alignment contractor, and MOU with Fresno as necessary; TR MM #6 and #7: MOU with City of Fresno as necessary, and contract with station contractor



	Caused by Alignment Construction ¹	Caused by HST Station Operation and Future Growth ²	Mitigation Detail	FEIR/FEIS CH3.2 Table Location	Implementing Party and Monitoring/Reporting Party	Implementation / Reporting Schedule	Implementation Mechanism
55 – N. Blackstone Ave/Stanislaus St	N/A	TR MM#6: Widen Approaches to Intersections; TR MM#7: Add exclusive turn lanes to intersections	Widen the westbound approach to provide one exclusive left-turn lane, one exclusive through-lane, and one shared through-/right-turn lane at the intersection prior to Fresno Station opening.	Table 3.2-40 Future (2035) Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Fresno Station Area	TR MM#6 and #7 - Implementing Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor) Monitoring/Reporting Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor)	TR MM#6 and #7: Prior to Fresno Station opening	TR MM #6 and #7: MOU with City of Fresno, as necessary; contract with station contractor
63 – H St/Divisadero St3	TR MM#5: Revise Signal Cycle Length.	N/A	Re-time the existing signal in AM to 120 concurrent with alignment construction.	Table 3.2-39 Existing Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Fresno Station Area	TR MM#5 - Implementing Party: Authority and Alignment Contractor; Monitoring/Reporting Party: Same	TR MM#5 - Concurrent with alignment construction	TR MM#5 - MOU with City of Fresno, as necessary; Contract with alignment contractor
74 – N. Blackstone Ave/E. Belmont Ave	N/A	TR MM#6: Widen Approaches to Intersections; TR MM#7: Add exclusive turn lanes to intersections	Install eastbound right-turn lane. Restripe shared southbound through-/left-turn to left-turn lane. Restripe shared southbound through-right lane to through-lane. Install southbound right-turn lane prior to Fresno Station opening.	Table 3.2-40 Future (2035) Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Fresno Station Area	TR MM#6 and #7 - Implementing Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor) Monitoring/Reporting Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor)	TR MM#6 and #7: Prior to Fresno Station opening	TR MM #6 and #7: MOU with City of Fresno, as necessary; contract with station contractor
80 – N. Blackstone Ave/SR 180 Westbound Ramps	TR MM#4: Restripe Intersections. TR MM#7: Add Exclusive Turn Lanes to Intersections.	TR MM#4: Restripe Intersections. (N/A because restriping done for alignment construction impacts mitigates station traffic impact)	Concurrent with alignment construction: (a) Restripe shared eastbound lane to eastbound through- and eastbound right-turn lane and (b) Restripe the eastbound approach to provide one exclusive left-turn lane and one shared left-turn/right-turn/through-lane at the intersection.	Table 3.2-39 Existing Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Fresno Station Area Table 3.2-40 Future (2035) Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Fresno Station Area	TR MM#4 and #7 - Implementing Party: Authority and Alignment Contractor; Monitoring/Reporting Party: Authority and Alignment Contractor	TR MM#4, TR MM#7 - Concurrent with alignment construction	TR MM#4 and 7 - MOU with City of Fresno and/or Caltrans, as necessary; Contract with alignment contractor
84 – G St/Mono S	N/A	TR MM#3: Add Signal to Intersection to Improve LOS/Operation.	Install a traffic signal at the intersection prior to Fresno Station opening.	Table 3.2-40 Future (2035) Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Fresno Station Area	TR MM#3 - Implementing Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor) Monitoring/Reporting Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor)	TR MM#3: Prior to Fresno Station opening	TR MM #3: MOU with City of Fresno, as necessary; contract with station contractor
86 – H St/Ventura St	TR MM#3: Add Signal to Intersection to Improve LOS/Operation.	TR MM#3: Add Signal to Intersection to Improve LOS/Operation. (N/A because signal add done for alignment construction impacts mitigates station traffic impact)	Install a traffic signal at the intersection concurrent with alignment construction.	Table 3.2-39 Existing Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Fresno Station Area Table 3.2-40 Future (2035) Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Fresno Station Area	TR MM#3 - Implementing Party: Authority and Alignment Contractor; Monitoring/Reporting Party: Authority and Alignment Contractor	TR MM#3 - concurrent with alignment construction.	TR MM#3 - MOU with City of Fresno, as necessary; Contract with alignment contractor
90 – Broadway St/Santa Clara St	N/A	TR MM#3: Add Signal to Intersection to Improve LOS/Operation.	Install a traffic signal at the intersection prior to Fresno Station opening.	Table 3.2-40 Future (2035) Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Fresno Station Area	TR MM#3 - Implementing Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor) Monitoring/Reporting Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor)	TR MM#3: Prior to Fresno Station opening	TR MM #3: MOU with City of Fresno, as necessary; contract with station contractor



	Caused by Alignment Construction ¹	Caused by HST Station Operation and Future Growth ²	Mitigation Detail	FEIR/FEIS CH3.2 Table Location	Implementing Party and Monitoring/Reporting Party	Implementation / Reporting Schedule	Implementation Mechanism
92 – S. Van Ness Ave/E. California Ave	N/A	TR MM#3: Add Signal to Intersection to Improve LOS/ Operation; TR MM#7: Add Exclusive Turn Lanes to Intersections.	Install a traffic signal at the intersection; also provide exclusive left-turn lanes in both northbound and southbound directions, and change phasing on the northbound left and southbound left to protected plus permissive prior to Fresno Station opening.	Table 3.2-40 Future (2035) Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Fresno Station Area	TR MM#3 and #7 - Implementing Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor) Monitoring/Reporting Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor)	TR MM#3 and #7: Prior to Fresno Station opening	TR MM #3 and TR MM #7: MOU with City of Fresno and/or Caltrans as necessary; contract with station contractor
96 – Golden State Blvd/E. Church Ave	N/A	TR MM#2: Modify signal phasing; TR MM#6: Add Exclusive Turn Lanes to Intersections.	Provide an exclusive right-turn lane in the northbound direction, and change signal phasing on all approaches to provide a protected plus permissive left turn phase prior to Fresno Station opening.	Table 3.2-40 Future (2035) Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Fresno Station Area	TR MM#2 and #6 - Implementing Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor) Monitoring/Reporting Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor)	TR MM#2 and #6: Prior to Fresno Station opening	TR MM #2 and TR MM #6: MOU with City of Fresno and/or Caltrans as necessary; contract with station contractor
101 – S. East Ave/Golden State Blvd	N/A	TR MM#2: Modify signal phasing.	Increase cycle length in the PM Peak Hour prior to Fresno Station opening.	Table 3.2-40 Future (2035) Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Fresno Station Area	TR MM#2 - Implementing Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor) Monitoring/Reporting Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor)	TR MM#2: Prior to Fresno Station opening	TR MM #2: MOU with City of Fresno, as necessary; contract with station contractor
102 – Golden State Blvd/E. Jensen Ave	N/A	TR MM#7: Add Exclusive Turn Lanes to Intersections.	Provide an exclusive right-turn lane for both northbound and southbound approaches prior to Fresno Station opening.	Table 3.2-40 Future (2035) Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Fresno Station Area	TR MM#7 - Implementing Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor) Monitoring/Reporting Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor)	TR MM#7: Prior to Fresno Station opening	TR MM #7: MOU with City of Fresno, as necessary; contract with station contractor
105 – Stanislaus St/99 SB Off	N/A	TR MM#6: Widen Approaches to Intersections; TR MM#7: Add Exclusive Turn Lanes to Intersections.	Widen the southbound approach to provide one shared left turn/through-lane and one exclusive right-turn lane at the intersection prior to Fresno Station opening.	Table 3.2-40 Future (2035) Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Fresno Station Area	TR MM#6 and #7 - Implementing Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor) Monitoring/Reporting Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor)	TR MM#6 and #7: Prior to Fresno Station opening	TR MM #6 and TR MM #7: MOU with City of Fresno and/or Caltrans as necessary; contract with station contractor
106 – Stanislaus St/99 NB On	N/A	TR MM#6: Widen Approaches to Intersections; TR MM#7: Add Exclusive Turn Lanes to Intersections.	Widen the southbound approach to provide one shared left turn/through-lane and one exclusive right-turn lane at the intersection prior to Fresno Station opening.	Table 3.2-40 Future (2035) Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Fresno Station Area	TR MM#6 and #7 - Implementing Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor) Monitoring/Reporting Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor)	TR MM#6 and #7: Prior to Fresno Station opening	TR MM #6 and TR MM #7: MOU with City of Fresno and/or Caltrans as necessary; contract with station contractor
111 – Stanislaus St/ Fulton St	N/A	TR MM#6: Widen Approaches to Intersections; TR MM#7: Add Exclusive Turn Lanes to Intersections.	Widen the southbound approach to provide one shared left turn/through-lane, and one exclusive right-turn lane at the intersection prior to Fresno Station opening.	Table 3.2-40 Future (2035) Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Fresno Station Area	TR MM#6 and #7 - Implementing Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor) Monitoring/Reporting Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor)	TR MM#6 and #7: Prior to Fresno Station opening	TR MM #6 and TR MM #7: MOU with City of Fresno, as necessary; contract with station contractor



	Caused by Alignment Construction ¹	Caused by HST Station Operation and Future Growth ²	Mitigation Detail	FEIR/FEIS CH3.2 Table Location	Implementing Party and Monitoring/Reporting Party	Implementation / Reporting Schedule	Implementation Mechanism
115 – Stanislaus St/M St	N/A	TR MM#6: Widen Approaches to Intersections; TR MM#7: Add Exclusive Turn Lanes to Intersections.	Widen the southbound approach to provide one shared left-turn/through lane, and one exclusive right-turn lane at the intersection prior to Fresno Station opening.	Table 3.2-40 Future (2035) Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Fresno Station Area	TR MM#6 and #7 - Implementing Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor) Monitoring/Reporting Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor)	TR MM#6 and #7: Prior to Fresno Station opening	TR MM #6 and TR MM #7: MOU with City of Fresno, as necessary; contract with station contractor
117 – Stanislaus St/N St	TR MM#3: Add Signal to Intersection to Improve LOS/Operation.	TR MM#6: Widen Approaches to Intersections; TR MM#7: Add Exclusive Turn Lanes to Intersections.	Install a traffic signal at the intersection concurrent with alignment construction. Prior to Fresno Station opening, widen the westbound approach to provide one exclusive left-turn lane, one exclusive through-lane, and one shared through-/right-turn lane at the intersection.	Table 3.2-39 Existing Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Fresno Station Area Table 3.2-40 Future (2035) Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Fresno Station Area	TR MM#3 - Implementing Party: Authority and Alignment Contractor; Monitoring/Reporting Party: Authority and Alignment Contractor; TR MM#6 and #7 - Implementing Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor) Monitoring/Reporting Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor) contractor)	TR MM#3 - Concurrent with alignment construction TR MM#6 and #7: Prior to Fresno Station opening.	TR MM#3 - Contract with alignment contractor, and MOU with Fresno as necessary; TR MM #6 and 7: MOU with City of Fresno as necessary, and contract with station contractor
124 – West Olive Ave/SR 99 SB Ramps	N/A	TR MM#6: Widen Approaches to Intersections; TR MM#7: Add Exclusive Turn Lanes to Intersections.	Widen southbound approach to provide an exclusive left-turn lane prior to Fresno Station opening.	Table 3.2-40 Future (2035) Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Fresno Station Area	TR MM#6 and #7 - Implementing Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor) Monitoring/Reporting Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor)	TR MM#6 and #7: Prior to Fresno Station opening	TR MM #6 and TR MM #7: MOU with City of Fresno and/or Caltrans, as necessary; contract with station contractor
125 – West Olive Ave/SR 99 NB Ramps	N/A	TR MM#6: Widen Approaches to Intersections; TR MM#7: Add Exclusive Turn Lanes to Intersections.	Widen northbound approach to provide an exclusive left-turn lane prior to Fresno Station opening.	Table 3.2-40 Future (2035) Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Fresno Station Area	TR MM#6 and #7 - Implementing Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor) Monitoring/Reporting Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor)	TR MM#6 and #7: Prior to Fresno Station opening	TR MM #6 and TR MM #7: MOU with City of Fresno and/or Caltrans, as necessary; contract with station contractor
129 – West Belmont Ave/SR 99 Southbound Ramps	N/A	TR MM#3: Add Signal to Intersection to Improve LOS/Operation.	Install a traffic signal at the intersection with a protected westbound left-turn phase prior to Fresno Station opening.	Table 3.2-40 Future (2035) Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Fresno Station Area	TR MM#3 - Implementing Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor) Monitoring/Reporting Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor)	TR MM#3: Prior to Fresno Station opening	TR MM #3: MOU with City of Fresno and/or Caltrans, as necessary; contract with station contractor
130 – West Belmont Ave/SR 99 NB Ramps	N/A	TR MM#3: Add Signal to Intersection to Improve LOS/Operation.	Install a traffic signal at the intersection prior to Fresno Station opening.	Table 3.2-40 Future (2035) Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Fresno Station Area	TR MM#3 - Implementing Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor) Monitoring/Reporting Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor)	TR MM#3: Prior to Fresno Station opening	TR MM #3: MOU with City of Fresno and/or Caltrans, as necessary; contract with station contractor



		Caused by HST Station					
	Caused by Alignment Construction ¹	Operation and Future Growth ²	Mitigation Detail	FEIR/FEIS CH3.2 Table Location	Implementing Party and Monitoring/Reporting Party	Implementation / Reporting Schedule	Implementation Mechanism
Roadway Segments							
7 – Stanislaus St, between Van Ness Ave and O St	N/A	TR MM#8: Add New Lanes to Roadway.	Widen the roadway to provide one additional lane in each direction prior to Fresno Station opening.	Table 3.2-40 Future (2035) Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Fresno Station Area	TR MM#8 - Implementing Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor) Monitoring/Reporting Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor)	TR MM#8: Prior to Fresno Station opening	TR MM #8: MOU with City of Fresno, as necessary; contract with station contractor
14 – Fresno Street, between P Street and M Street	N/A	TR MM#8: Add New Lanes to Roadway.	Widen the roadway to provide one additional lane in each direction prior to Fresno Station opening.	Table 3.2-40 Future (2035) Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Fresno Station Area	TR MM#8 - Implementing Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor) Monitoring/Reporting Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor)	TR MM#8: Prior to Fresno Station opening	TR MM #8: MOU with City of Fresno, as necessary; contract with station contractor
21 – Tulare St, between R St and U St	N/A	TR MM#8: Add New Lanes to Roadway.	Widen the roadway to provide one additional lane in each direction prior to Fresno Station opening.	Table 3.2-40 Future (2035) Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Fresno Station Area	TR MM#8 - Implementing Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor) Monitoring/Reporting Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor)	TR MM#8: Prior to Fresno Station opening	TR MM #8: MOU with City of Fresno, as necessary; contract with station contractor
56 – Stanislaus St, between M St and N St	N/A	TR MM#8: Add New Lanes to Roadway.	Widen the roadway to provide one additional lane in each direction prior to Fresno Station opening.	Table 3.2-40 Future (2035) Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Fresno Station Area	TR MM#8 - Implementing Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor) Monitoring/Reporting Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor)	TR MM#8: Prior to Fresno Station opening	TR MM #8: MOU with City of Fresno, as necessary; contract with station contractor
58 – Van Ness Ave, south of Tuolumne Street	N/A	TR MM#8: Add New Lanes to Roadway.	Widen the roadway to provide one additional lane in each direction prior to Fresno Station opening.	Table 3.2-40 Future (2035) Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Fresno Station Area	TR MM#8 - Implementing Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor) Monitoring/Reporting Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor)	TR MM#8: Prior to Fresno Station opening	TR MM #8: MOU with City of Fresno, as necessary; contract with station contractor
Kings Tulare Regional St	ation – East						
Intersections	NI/A	TD MM#2. Add Classel to	Mides the need on the second	T-M-2.2.42.53	TD MM#2 Tourisment's	TD MM#2. Dilanta Mina	TD MM #2. MOU 305
1 – Ninth Ave/SR 198	N/A	TR MM#3: Add Signal to Intersection to Improve LOS/Operation.	Widen the roadway to provide one additional lane in each direction prior to Kings Tulare Regional Station–East opening.	Table 3.2-42 Future (2035) Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Kings/Tulare Regional Station–East Alternative	TR MM#3 - Implementing Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor) Monitoring/Reporting Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor)	TR MM#3: Prior to Kings Tulare Regional Station–East opening.	TR MM #3: MOU with County of Kings and/or Caltrans, as necessary; contract with station contractor
3 – SR 43/SR 198 Eastbound Ramps	N/A	TR MM#3: Add Signal to Intersection to Improve LOS/Operation.	Widen the roadway to provide one additional lane in each direction prior to Kings Tulare Regional Station–East opening.	Table 3.2-42 Future (2035) Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Kings/Tulare Regional Station–East Alternative	TR MM#3 - Implementing Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor) Monitoring/Reporting Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor)	TR MM#3: Prior to Kings Tulare Regional Station–East opening.	TR MM #3: MOU with County of Kings and/or Caltrans, as necessary; contract with station contractor



	Caused by Alignment Construction ¹	Caused by HST Station Operation and Future Growth ²	Mitigation Detail	FEIR/FEIS CH3.2 Table Location	Implementing Party and Monitoring/Reporting Party	Implementation / Reporting Schedule	Implementation Mechanism
4 – Seventh Ave/SR 198	N/A	TR MM#3: Add Signal to Intersection to Improve LOS/Operation.	Widen the roadway to provide one additional lane in each direction prior to Kings Tulare Regional Station–East opening.	Table 3.2-42 Future (2035) Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Kings/Tulare Regional Station–East Alternative	TR MM#3 - Implementing Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor) Monitoring/Reporting Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor)	TR MM#3: Prior to Kings Tulare Regional Station–East opening.	TR MM #3: MOU with County of Kings and/or Caltrans, as necessary; contract with station contractor
6 – Sixth Ave/SR 198	N/A	TR MM#3: Add Signal to Intersection to Improve LOS/Operation.	Widen the roadway to provide one additional lane in each direction prior to Kings Tulare Regional Station–East opening.	Table 3.2-42 Future (2035) Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Kings/Tulare Regional Station–East Alternative	TR MM#3 - Implementing Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor) Monitoring/Reporting Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor)	TR MM#3: Prior to Kings Tulare Regional Station–East opening.	TR MM #3: MOU with County of Kings and/or Caltrans, as necessary; contract with station contractor
7 – Second Ave/SR 198	N/A	TR MM#3: Add Signal to Intersection to Improve LOS/Operation.	Widen the roadway to provide one additional lane in each direction prior to Kings Tulare Regional Station–East opening.	Table 3.2-42 Future (2035) Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Kings/Tulare Regional Station–East Alternative	TR MM#3 - Implementing Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor) Monitoring/Reporting Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor)	TR MM#3: Prior to Kings Tulare Regional Station—East opening.	TR MM #3: MOU with County of Kings and/or Caltrans, as necessary; contract with station contractor
8 – SR 43/Lacey Blvd	N/A	TR MM#3: Add Signal to Intersection to Improve LOS/Operation.	Widen the roadway to provide one additional lane in each direction prior to Kings Tulare Regional Station–East opening.	Table 3.2-42 Future (2035) Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Kings/Tulare Regional Station–East Alternative	TR MM#3 - Implementing Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor) Monitoring/Reporting Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor)	TR MM#3: Prior to Kings Tulare Regional Station—East opening.	TR MM #3: MOU with County of Kings and/or Caltrans, as necessary; contract with station contractor
Bakersfield Station							
Intersections							
6 – Union Ave/E. Brundage Lane	N/A	TR MM#6: Widen Approaches to Intersections. TR MM#7: Add Exclusive Turn Lanes to Intersections.	Widen the westbound approach to provide an additional exclusive left-turn lane at the intersection.	Table 3.2-46 Future (2035) Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Bakersfield Stations	TR MM#6 and #7 - Implementing Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor) Monitoring/Reporting Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor)	TR MM#6 and #7: Prior to Bakersfield Station opening	TR MM #6 and TR MM #7: MOU with City of Bakersfield, as necessary; contract with station contractor
15 – SR 99 NB Ramps/ California Ave	N/A	TR MM#4: Restripe Intersections. TR MM#7: Add Exclusive Turn Lanes to Intersections.	Restripe the northbound approach to provide one exclusive left-turn lane, one shared left-turn/through-/right-turn lane, and one exclusive right-turn lane at the intersection.	Table 3.2-46 Future (2035) Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Bakersfield Stations	TR MM#4 and #7 - Implementing Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor) Monitoring/Reporting Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor)	TR MM#4 and #7: Prior to Bakersfield Station opening	TR MM #4 and TR MM #7: MOU with City of Bakersfield and/or Caltrans, as necessary; contract with station contractor



	Caused by Alignment Construction ¹	Caused by HST Station Operation and Future Growth ²	Mitigation Detail	FEIR/FEIS CH3.2 Table Location	Implementing Party and Monitoring/Reporting Party	Implementation / Reporting Schedule	Implementation Mechanism
16 – Oak St/California Ave	N/A	TR MM#5: Revise Signal Cycle Length.	Modify the existing traffic signal to provide protected left-turn phases for the northbound and southbound approaches at the intersection.	Table 3.2-46 Future (2035) Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Bakersfield Stations	TR MM#5 - Implementing Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor) Monitoring/Reporting Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor)	TR MM#5: Prior to Bakersfield Station opening	TR MM #5: MOU with City of Bakersfield, as necessary; contract with station contractor
23 – Union Ave/California Ave (North and Hybrid Alternatives only)	N/A	TR MM#5: Revise Signal Cycle Length.	Re-time the signal in AM and PM	Table 3.2-46 Future (2035) Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Bakersfield Stations	TR MM#5 - Implementing Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor) Monitoring/Reporting Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor)	TR MM#5: Prior to Bakersfield Station opening	TR MM #5: MOU with City of Bakersfield, as necessary; contract with station contractor
41 – Union Ave/Golden State Ave/21st St	N/A	TR MM#6: Widen Approaches to Intersections. TR MM#7: Add Exclusive Turn Lanes to Intersections.	Widen the northbound approach to provide an additional through-lane to go on Union Ave.	Table 3.2-46 Future (2035) Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Bakersfield Stations	TR MM#6 and #7 - Implementing Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor) Monitoring/Reporting Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor)	TR MM#6 and #7: Prior to Bakersfield Station opening	TR MM #6 and TR MM #7: MOU with City of Bakersfield, as necessary; contract with station contractor
42 – F St/23rd St	N/A	TR MM#6: Widen Approaches to Intersections. TR MM#7: Add Exclusive Turn Lanes to Intersections.	Widen the eastbound approach to provide one exclusive left turn lane, two exclusive through lanes, and one shared through-/right-turn lane at the intersection.	Table 3.2-46 Future (2035) Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Bakersfield Stations	TR MM#6 and #7 - Implementing Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor) Monitoring/Reporting Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor)	TR MM#6 and #7: Prior to Bakersfield Station opening	TR MM #6 and TR MM #7: MOU with City of Bakersfield, as necessary; contract with station contractor
51 – Q St/Golden State Ave	N/A	TR MM#5: Revise Signal Cycle Length.	Re-time the signal in AM and PM	Table 3.2-46 Future (2035) Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Bakersfield Stations	TR MM#5 - Implementing Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor) Monitoring/Reporting Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor)	TR MM#5: Prior to Bakersfield Station opening	TR MM #5: MOU with City of Bakersfield, as necessary; contract with station contractor
56 – M St/28 St/Golden State Ave	N/A	TR MM#6: Widen Approaches to Intersections. TR MM#7: Add Exclusive Turn Lanes to Intersections.	Widen the northbound approach to provide an additional through-lane to go on Union Ave.	Table 3.2-46 Future (2035) Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Bakersfield Stations	TR MM#6 and #7 - Implementing Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor) Monitoring/Reporting Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor)	TR MM#6 and #7: Prior to Bakersfield Station opening	TR MM #6 and TR MM #7: MOU with City of Bakersfield, as necessary; contract with station contractor



	Caused by Alignment Construction ¹	Caused by HST Station Operation and Future Growth ²	Mitigation Detail	FEIR/FEIS CH3.2 Table Location	Implementing Party and Monitoring/Reporting Party	Implementation / Reporting Schedule	Implementation Mechanism
60 – F St/Golden State Ave	N/A	TR MM#6: Widen Approaches to Intersections. TR MM#7: Add Exclusive Turn Lanes to Intersections.	Widen the eastbound approach to provide one exclusive left turn lane, two exclusive through lanes, and one shared through-/right-turn lane at the intersection.	Table 3.2-46 Future (2035) Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Bakersfield Stations	TR MM#6 and #7 - Implementing Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor) Monitoring/Reporting Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor)	TR MM#6 and #7: Prior to Bakersfield Station opening	TR MM #6 and TR MM #7: MOU with City of Bakersfield, as necessary; contract with station contractor
71 – Truxtun Ave/Tulare St	N/A	TR MM#3: Add Signal to Intersection to Improve LOS/Operation.	Install traffic signal.	Table 3.2-46 Future (2035) Plus Project Mitigation Measures – Bakersfield Stations	TR MM#3 - Implementing Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor) Monitoring/Reporting Party: Authority and Contractor (station contractor)	TR MM#3: Prior to Bakersfield Station opening	TR MM #3: MOU with City of Bakersfield, as necessary; contract with station contractor



California High-Speed Train Project EIR/EIS

Fresno to Bakersfield Section



Mitigation Monitoring and Enforcement Plan Amendments

	-
Prenared	by:

Stephanie Roberts, PMT Environmental Planner

10/2/14

10 (3/14

Date

Checked by:

Andrew Bayne, PMT Environmental Planner

Date

Approved by

Bryan Porter, PMT Environmental Manage

Date

Released by:

Mark McLoughlin, Director of Environmental Planning

California High-Speed Rail Authority

Date

Released by:

David Valenstein, Division Chief Environment and Systems Planning Federal Railroad Administration October 8, 2014

Date

Document/Amended	Date	Description
0	27 June 2014	FRA Record of Decision
1	August 2014	Staff update to add mitigation measures ordered by the Surface Transportation Board and California Code of Regulations as requested by California Public Utilities Commission

Note: Signatures apply for the latest MMEP amendments as noted above.

Introduction

In April 2014, the Federal Railroad Administration (FRA) and California High-Speed Rail Authority (Authority) published a joint Final Project Environmental Impact Report/ Environmental Impact Statement (EIR/EIS) for the Fresno to Bakersfield Section of the California High-Speed Train (HST) Project (Project). The Final Project EIR/EIS satisfies the requirements of National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) and was the basis for the FRA's Record of Decision (ROD). As part of the ROD (June 27, 2014), the FRA selected the BNSF Alternative in combination with the Corcoran Bypass, Allensworth Bypass, and the Bakersfield Hybrid alternatives and the Kings/Tulare Regional Station-East Alternative and the Bakersfield Station-Hybrid Alternative.

A Mitigation Monitoring and Enforcement Plan (MMEP) was prepared for the Fresno to Bakersfield Section of the HST Project that adheres to the Council on Environmental Quality's (CEQ) regulations (40 Code of Federal Regulations [CFR] Section 1505) and FRA Procedures for Considering Environmental Impacts (64 Federal Register 28545, May 26, 1999). The FRA adopted the MMEP for the mitigation identified in the Final Project EIR/EIS. The MMEP was prepared based on, the CEQ finalized guidance entitled *Appropriate Use of Mitigation and Monitoring and Clarifying the Appropriate Use of Mitigated Findings of No Significant Impact* (CEQ January 14, 2011), which assists federal agencies to develop mitigation programs that provide effective documentation, implementation, and monitoring of mitigation commitments.

The following are additions and/or amendments to the adopted MMEP via order from the Surface Transportation Board (STB), Service Date August 12, 2014, Docket Number FD 35724 (Sub-No. 1) and additional California Public Utilities Commission (CPUC) requirements per their October 13, 2011 comment letter on the Draft EIR/EIS.

On August 23, 2013, the STB became a cooperating agency, as defined by 40 C.F.R. § 1508.5, for the preparation of a final project-specific EIS, as well as for the other EISs currently being prepared or in the planning stages for the remainder of the proposed HST System. Subsequently, the STB's Office of Environmental Analysis (OEA) worked with the Authority and the FRA in the preparation of a Final EIS for this, the Fresno to Bakersfield Project Section. The STB accepted OEA's recommendation to adopt the Final EIS, which took a "hard look" at the potential environmental impact of the project, selected an environmentally preferred route from a range of alternatives, and recommended extensive environmental conditions to avoid, minimize, or mitigate the project's potential environmental impact. After weighing the entire record on both the transportation merits and the environmental issues, the Board granted the Authority's petition for exemption subject to various environmental mitigation conditions, including: (1) construction of the route designated by FRA as environmentally preferable, (2) compliance with the mitigation imposed by FRA in its ROD, and (3) compliance with three additional environmental conditions recommended by OEA¹.

The CPUC, in its October 13, 2011 letter, requested several requirements to be listed in the Mitigation Monitoring Section of the FEIR/EIS and for this to be forwarded to the CPUC. However, these considerations and requirements were not listed in either the Final EIR/EIS or the adopted MMEP.

Table 1 describes mitigation measures that would mitigate for potential adverse environmental impacts from construction and operation based upon the STB Order. Tables 2 and 3 would address new and/or additional avoidance and minimization measures for potential impacts to construct and operate the HST Project regarding both STB Order and CPUC consideration and requirement. Items highlighted in yellow are new additions while redline items are changes to the adopted MMEP.

¹ Language from the STB Service Date August 12, 2014, Docket Number FD 35724 (Sub-No. 1).







 Table 1

 Amendment to the Mitigation Monitoring and Enforcement Plan per Surface Transportation Board Order

Mitigation Measure		Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementati on Action	Reporting Schedule	Implement ation Party		Implement ation Text	Implementation Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text
Noise and	loise and Vibration										
N&V- MM #7	Mercy Hospital Noise Avoidance	During project-related construction, the Authority is prohibited from using pile drivers within 300 feet of the south side of Mercy Hospital's existing building located at 2215 Truxtun Avenue, Bakersfield, California			100% Record Set Design	Contractor	Contractor		Contract Requirements/ Specifications	N&V#1	Construction Noise



 Table 2

 Amendment to the Avoidance and Minimization Measures per Surface Transportation Board Order

Avoidance and Mitigation Measure Station Plannin	Title 1g, Land Use and D	Mitigation Text evelopment	Phase	Implementation Action	Reporting Schedule	Implementation Party	Reporting Party	Implementation Text	Implementation Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text
LU-AM#2	Construction Management Plan	Project design features would reduce some of the temporary land use impacts from project construction. These features are described in Section 3.12.6, Socioeconomics, Communities, and Environmental Justice, and in Section 3.3.8, Air Quality and Global Climate Change. They include implementation of a construction management plan to minimize temporary impacts on adjacent land uses including freight railroad operations, and implementation of dust control measures during project construction.	Design/Construction	Reporting	Monthly	Contractor	Contractor	At incorporation or completion of design/Monthly Reporting during Construction	Condition of Design Build Contract	LU Impact #1:	Temporary and intermittent disruption of access to some properties, temporarily inconvenience nearby residents, ar temporarily change the intensity of agricultural operations on some lands along 31 miles of the BNSF Alternative, along the Corcoran Bypass, and Allensworth Bypass
Socioeconomic	s. Communities an	d Environmental Justice									
SO-AM #1	Construction Management Plan	The Authority will require that the design-build contractor will develop and implement a construction management plan to address communications, community impacts, visual protection, air quality, safety controls, noise controls, and traffic controls to minimize impacts on low-income households and minority populations. The plan will assure property access is maintained for local businesses, residences, and emergency services. This plan will include maintaining customer and vendor access to local businesses throughout construction by using signs to instruct customers about access to businesses during construction. The plan will address potential project-related construction impacts to freight railroad operations. In addition, the plan will include efforts to consult with local transit providers to minimize impacts on local and regional bus routes in affected communities. Construction Management Plans are standard for large infrastructure projects such as this one, and are considered effective in minimizing community impacts.	Design/Construction	Reporting	Monthly	Contractor	Contractor	At incorporation or completion of design/Monthly Reporting during Construction	Condition of Design Build Contract	N/A	N/A



 Table 3

 Amendment to the Avoidance and Minimization Measures per California Public Utility Commission Consideration and Requirement

Avoidance and Mitigation Measure Title	Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementation Action	Reporting Schedule	Implementation Party	Reporting Party	Implementation Text	Implementation Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text
UB-AM #2 CPUC Railroad Crossing Requirements	At the request of the CPUC the following requirements per the California Code of Regulations Title 20, Division 1 Public Utilities Commission, Chapter 1 Rules of Practice and Procedure, Article 3 Particular Applications are provided: § 3.7. (Rule 3.7) Public Road Across Railroad. Applications to construct a public road, highway, or street across a railroad must be made by the municipal, county, state, or other governmental authority which proposes the construction. Such applications shall be served on the affected railroad corporations, and shall contain the following information: (a) The rail milepost and either a legal description of the location of the proposed crossing or a location description using a coordinate system that has accuracy comparable to a legal description. (b) Crossing identification numbers of the nearest existing public crossing on each side of the proposed crossing. (Numbers may be obtained from the crossing sign at the crossing, or from the office of the railroad.) (c) If the proposed crossing is at-grade, (1) a statement showing the public need to be served by the proposed crossing; (2) a statement showing the signs, signals, or other crossing warning devises which applicant recommends be provided at the proposed crossing. (d) A map of suitable scale (50 to 200 feet per inch) showing accurate locations of all streets, roads, property lines, tracks, buildings, structures or other obstructions to view for a distance of at least 400 feet along the railroad and 200 feet along the highway in each direction from the proposed crossing. Such map shall show the character of surface or pavement and width of same, either existing or proposed, on the street or road adjacent to the proposed crossing and on each side thereof. (e) A map of suitable scale (1,000 to 3,000 feet per inch) showing the relation of the proposed crossing to existing vads and railroads in the general vicinity of the proposed crossing. § 3.8. (Rule 3.8) Alter or Relocate Existing Railroad Crossing An application to alt	Design	CPUC approval required before construction of railroad crossings over public roads, under public roads or under railroads is allowed	100% record set design	Contractor	Contractor	At incorporation or completion of 100% record set design	Condition of Design Build Contract	Not Applicable	CPUC requirements added at the request of the CPUC



Avoidance and Mitigation Measure	Title	Mitigation Text	Phase	Implementation Action	Reporting Schedule	Implementation Party	Reporting Party	Implementation Text	Implementation Mechanism	Impact #	Impact Text
		An application to construct a railroad across a public road, highway or street shall be served on the municipal, county, state or other governmental authority having jurisdiction and control over the highway or charged with its construction and maintenance, and shall include, in addition to the information required by Rule 3.7, the following information: (a) A copy of the franchise or permit, if any be requisite, from the authority having jurisdiction, which allows the railroad to cross the public road, highway, or street involved. If such franchise or permit has already been filed, the application need only make specific reference to such filing. (b) The proposed crossing identification number. (c) The map referred to in Rule 3.7(d) shall also show, by distinct colorings or lines, all new tracks or changes in existing tracks, within the limits of the drawing, which are to be made in connection with the construction of the proposed crossing.									
		§ 3.10. (Rule 3.10) Railroad Across Railroad. Applications to construct a railroad or street railroad across a railroad or street railroad shall be served on the affected railroad or street railroad corporations, and shall contain the following: (a) The rail milepost and either a legal description of the location of the proposed crossing or a location description using a coordinate system that has accuracy comparable to a legal description. (b) A map of suitable scale (50 to 200 feet per inch) showing accurate locations of all streets, roads, property lines, tracks, buildings, structures or other obstructions to view in the immediate vicinity. (c) A map of suitable scale (1,000 to 3,000 feet per inch) showing the relation of the proposed crossing to existing railroads in the general vicinity. (d) A profile showing the ground line and grade line of approaches on all railroads affected. (e) A true copy of the contract executed by the parties, or other evidence that the carrier to be crossed is willing that the crossing be installed.									







California High-Speed Train Project EIR/EIS

Fresno to Bakersfield Section



Mitigation Monitoring and Enforcement Plan Amendments

Prepared by:

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California High-Speed Rail Authority

8/27/2015

Date

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Released by

David Valenstein, Division Chief Environment and Systems Planning Federal Railroad Administration Date

Note: Signatures apply for the latest MMEP amendments as noted above.







Introduction

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The following is an amendment to the adopted MMEP to clarify contract requirements and enforce adherence to the Valley Fever avoidance and minimization measures S&S – AM #4b and S&S – AM 4c. This change was identified by the Authority's Construction Managers to enable them to manage and oversee design-build contractors' construction activities. Table 1 describes avoidance and minimization measures S&S – AM #4b S&S – AM #4c respectively and provides the changes shown in yellow highlight.

¹ Language from the STB Service Date August 12, 2014, Docket Number FD 35724 (Sub-No. 1).







 Table 1

 Amendment to the Avoidance and Minimization Measure for Contract Clarification

S&S - AM #4b	Valley Fever	The following recommendations were provided by the Environmental Protection Agency and refined through discussion with the California Department of Public Health (CDPH). • Prior to construction , provide information on causes, preventative measures, symptoms, and treatments for Valley Fever to individuals who could potentially be exposed through construction activities (i.e., construction workers, monitors, managers, and support personnel); • Continue outreach and coordination with the California Department of Public Health. In addition, reach out to county departments of public health to ensure that the above referenced information concerning Valley Fever is readily available to nearby residents, schools, and businesses and to obtain area information about Valley Fever outbreaks and hotspots; and,	Design/Construction/ Operation	Design/Reporting	Monthly or as needed during construction and operation	Authority/Contractor	Authority/ Contractor	At incorporation or completion of design/As needed during construction and	At incorporation or completion of design/As needed during construction	Impact S&S #1 Impact AQ #1 Impact AQ #6	Accidents at Construction Sites Common Regional Air Quality Impacts During Construction Localized Air Quality Impacts During Guideway/Alignment Construction Localized Air Quality Impacts to Schools during Construction
		Provide a qualified person dedicated to overseeing implementation of Valley Fever prevention measures to encourage a culture of safety of the contractors and subcontractors. The individual should have the authority to adaptively manage the implementation of Valley Fever prevention and effect change in coordination with the county Public Health Officer. The Valley Fever Health and Safety VFHS designee shall coordinate with the county Public Health Officer and oversee and manage the implementation of Valley Fever control measures. The VFHS designee is responsible for ensuring the implementation of measures in coordination with the county Public Health Officer. Medical information will be maintained following applicable and appropriate confidentiality protections.						operation	and operation	Impact AQ #9	Localized Air Quality Impacts from HMF and MOWF Construction



		The VFHS designee in coordination with the County Public Health Officer will determine what measures will be The following measures have been added to the requirements								Impact S&S #1	Accidents at Construction Sites
	&S - AM #4c Valley Fever	for the Construction Safety and Health Plans (CSHPs) regarding preventive measures to avoid Valley Fever exposure (Ch. 3.11, Design Features, 3.11.6). The	Design/Construction/ Operation	Design/Reporting	Monthly or as needed during construction and operation	Authority/Contractor	Authority/ Contractor	needed during	At incorporation or completion of design/As needed during construction and operation	Impact AQ #1	Common Regional Air Quality Impacts During Construction
		following shall Measures to be included in the existing design feature for Ch. 3.11, "Safety and Security," as well as the CSHP, shall include, but are not limited to the following:								Impact AQ #6	Localized Air Quality Impacts During Guideway/Alignment Construction
6		Train workers and supervisors on how to recognize symptoms of illness, and ways to minimize exposure, such as washing hands at the end of shifts;								Impact AQ #7	Localized Air Quality Impacts to Schools during Construction
505 - AM 4		2. Provide washing facilities nearby for washing at the end of shifts;									
		3. Provide vehicles with enclosed, air conditioned cabs and make sure workers keep the windows closed. Equip heavy equipment cabs with high efficiency particulate air (HEPA) filters; and,									Localized Air Quality Impacts from HMF and MOWF Construction
		4. Make NIOSH approved respiratory protection with particulate filters as recommended by the CDPH available to workers who request them.									